

- Proposed SAR Museum Gallery
- 1768: The Year of the Farmer
- DNA Found My Brother







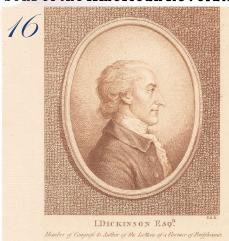








MAGAZINE Sons of the American Revolution



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President General's Message

Moving Toward a Clarity of Purpose

am thankful for the confidence you have placed in me to serve as your President General. For all those individuals and societies who have welcomed us, Karin and I wish to express our sincere gratitude for your hospitality and friendship.

Looking back and ahead, there are many things we have started and have yet to finish. Sometimes, I feel like a juggler with many balls in the air. I would like to cover

some of these ongoing projects, because many of you get *The SAR Magazine* as your only source of SAR news.

We started the full Genealogical Research System (GRS) Committee last July, and we are still describing, vetting and exploring our needs before any request for proposal (RFP) is issued. I can't express how pleased I am that we are not rushing to complete this important project. Thanks to the full committee's diligence and expertise, this will be a fantastic tool for all members and nonmembers alike. It will take quite some time to develop and bring online since it requires some of the following to be completed

We questioned our web presence and assistance. With due diligence, we successfully ended our website management

agreement, and the trustees have authorized a completely NEW WEBSITE! Our rush to complete the current site resulted in what we have. The RFP for this should be ready for the trustees to evaluate at Congress. It will be user friendly, built with input from all stakeholders, and beta tested before it is released. Be patient with what we have since this will take time to perfect. A new Membership Module authorized by the trustees also is in the RFP stage. This will allow better access to your records.

The trustees previously placed digitization of our membership applications and documentation as the next priority. This will tie into GRS and offer protection of these records. The work for this is just starting, but the GRS will not be able to go live until this is available, so it is taking precedence.

The trustees also authorized build-out of part of the second floor of our headquarters for needed office space.

It is possible that this will be completed before Congress. After 11 years, new auditors were authorized and have

completed their first audit. Some interesting observations have been made, and we are pleased to have fresh eyes on our finances.

Speaking of audits, the trustees in the fall authorized and had an IT audit performed. The result was not surprising. We had failed to monitor our IT projects from

one incomplete project to another. As a result, we are developing an IT Steering Committee to guide us so that we finish one IT project that is the basis for others *before* we move on to the next.

Trustee training is an urgent aspect of our society. Our trustees represent you, our members. We have overlooked their importance because, like the general officers, they typically change annually, thus losing clarity, discipline and consistency. The training sessions offered in the Fall and Spring Leadership Meetings received resounding praise and will be continued at Congress and hopefully long after. All prospective and current trustees need to understand that their position is not a rubberstamp for ideas. They have a duty to

ideas. They have a duty to question, and we, as officers, have a duty to respect their position and provide them with timely information so they can make informed decisions.

The Donations Compliance Committee is a new concept for us. Our donors have long been asked to donate, and you have been generous over the years. We have not been as faithful as we should have been in protecting not only your confidentiality but also your intent. We have "rooms" that have two or three names associated because there was no organized system to coordinate and protect. I feel that it is the trustees alone who have the authority to agree to naming rights. We have a fundraising director who knows and understands this importance. We are working toward best-practice compliance.

I questioned the reasons for the existence of the SAR Foundation (SARF), resulting in the consternation of many.

Continued on page 5



With the Spring Leadership Meeting falling so close to St. Patrick's Day, the Friday evening banquet was dedicated to the holiday.

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The **President General's Message**

Continued from page 3

We discovered many interesting things. Foremost, it was shown that we had not fully explored the reasons for establishing it and do not keep easily accessible records of how it was formed or changed, or why it exists at all. We are working to gather all documents to establish whether it can approve at least one of SARF's reasons for being: to protect the assets of the SAR. The society does not appear to need a separate organization just to raise funds.

As you know from my last SAR Magazine message, I felt we had misplaced our focus on our headquarters facility. If you have gleaned anything from my message here, it is that we have the tendency to jump into things without first dedicating many months of evaluation, input and further discussion. It may be perceived by some to be wrong to question what we are doing. We must feel free to ask questions and from being pushed into action too quickly. Remembering why we do what we do will move us toward growth and clarity of purpose. You will see

information elsewhere in this magazine about education that ties to SAR purposes.

We measure the accomplishment of our purposes through growth. We are succeeding. We ended the calendar year with almost 37,000 members, and Texas had more than 3,100! We will wait until Congress to get the year-toyear finals, but we are making great progress on our long-term goal of 64,000 members by 2026. We need to change our focus in retention and recruiting as well focusing on why you and I joined the SAR. We vowed to honor our obligation to our forefathers when we joined. That is why we will continue to be members, and why anyone else would want to join us: Keeping Fundamental Principles of Our Country's Founding Alive.

With many thanks for your support, and hoping the future will see a continued desire to complete what we have started, I am Larry T. Guzy, President General (2017-2018).

Larry T. Guzy

Correction

In looking at the Fall and Winter issues of *The SAR Magazine* (pages 31 and 34, respectively), I noticed an error in the State Society & Chapter Events section. I believe this should be corrected in future editions.

The error is that the event listing headline reads "Halifax Reserves Chapter," not the correct listing of "Halifax Resolves Chapter." The article correctly refers to the the "The Halifax Resolves Chapter."

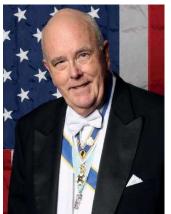
Maybe this doesn't make any difference to you, but for some of us from Halifax County, it makes a big difference. We are concerned about correct history, and it was the the Halifax Resolves, *not* the Halifax Reserves, that was signed on April 12, 1776.

I hope that you all can see fit to make this correction in your fine magazine.

Thank you for your consideration.

J. Rives Manning Jr.
Member of the Halifax Resolves
Chapter of the SAR

Warren M. Alter Candidate for PRESIDENT GENERAL 2018-2019 ENDORSED BY NATIONAL NOMINATING COMMITTEE



By now, you know my experience, education, and personal history. A twenty-year SAR member, who has extensive leadership experience in levels of the organization. Formal training and two Masters' Degrees to enhance that experience. My wife, Nancy $-3^{\rm rd}$ VP National Ladies Auxiliary, who supports, encourages and accompanies me to SAR events. I am a proven leader with a collaborative philosophy, willing to listen to members and share ideas with others to strengthen communication. A man of integrity, able to make informed decisions, give clear direction, and work efficiently with a wide range of constituents and diverse groups.

As we rapidly approach the 250th Anniversary of our country and continue to work together to grow our membership, let's encourage a welcoming community for everyone as we celebrate our history. I strongly support all four parts of the Educational Mission that our Education Committee has identified and discussed at Spring Leadership:

- Local Education Programs
- Center for Advancing America's Heritage
- National Education Programs
- Solid Light Project in Louisville

We will continue to develop, create, and promote through Solid Light more than just a "bricks and mortar" museum, but instead a state of the art educational outreach center that will complement and enhance our Educational Mission. By doing so, we will join other institutions such as Museum of the American Revolution, the American Revolution Museum, the American Village and others who are promoting our patriots' history.

Additionally, I will strive to continue to work with and enhance our mutual support of DAR and C.A.R. to inspire our common goals and love of this country. The SAR is many things to many different people. Let us challenge ourselves to make this an organization we are proud to belong and support. Honoring our past, working with the present, and building our future!

Houston, We Have No Problems

128th Annual Congress Houston, Texas July 14-19, 2018

entlemen, it is time to saddle up and mosey down to the Space City of America—Houston, Texas—for our next annual Congress. The weather will be hot, the culture entrancing and, best of all, the hospitality of the Texas Society will continue to make people think that it is "bigger in Texas."

Hotel accommodations will be at the Westin Memorial City off Gessner Avenue. You can fly into either Bush International or Hobby International, since they are both about equidistant to the hotel. It's best for you not to come in at 3-4 p.m., because this is the largest city in the state and the highways and byways are extremely busy.

So what can you do in this city, which is sometimes called the "Energy Capital of the World?" Well for starters, you can go on one of the Saturday tours to either NASA or to the Bush 41 Presidential Library in neighboring College Station, Texas. At NASA, you will get a tram tour, see both the new and old Mission Control Center, stop by the Saturn V rocket park and see the Space Vehicle Mockup Facility. If you choose to go to the George H.W. Bush Library, you will see the core exhibit space, which tells the story of the life and times of George H.W. Bush, 41st President of the United States. Family-friendly and educational exhibits guide visitors through an interactive tour of the museum. View replicas of President Bush's Camp David Office and White House Press Room, and receive a briefing on the Gulf War in the Situation Room. Have your picture made while seated at the desk in our replica Oval Office. View an online museum tour. The Ansary Gallery of American History features temporary exhibits that rotate throughout the year. Find out what will be on exhibit during your visit. At the conclusion of the day, come join the Texas Society for their welcome to Texas as Congress hosts the Society Reception.

Sunday dawns bright and beautiful with the Color Guard Breakfast and then committee meetings. If you do not have a meeting, attend the eliminations of the Rumbaugh Orations Contest. Be on the lookout for the Assembly of the Color Guard as they prepare for the Trooping of the Line by President General Larry Guzy before boarding airconditioned buses to travel to the Memorial Drive Presbyterian Church for the Memorial Service. Following that, the First Lady will host her tea on-site before the ladies return to the hotel. Gentlemen will have bus transportation back to the hotel for meetings and the genealogy seminar featuring David Lambert, chief genealogist of the New

England Historical and Genealogical Society based in Boston. The evening will end with the Rumbaugh Orations Finals.

Monday begins with the State President Breakfast and the opening of Congress. This is followed by the Youth Awards Luncheon, afternoon sessions for the men and Ladies Auxiliary Meeting for the ladies. The evening ends with the induction of the newest Minutemen and the presentation of national awards to the state societies.

Tuesday is the District Breakfasts, and we return to have another session of Congress, which will include the nominations for elections. The George Washington Fellows Luncheon precedes the balloting in the afternoon. Additionally, we will have a history symposium titled "Without the Assistance of Spain, We Would Still Be Flying the British Flag." It will be a discussion panel led by President General (2009-2010) Ed Butler along with Spanish Consul General Enric Calpe and Mary Anthony Startz, a member of the Order of Granaderos y Damas de Galvez, an organization responsible for promoting the history of Spain's role in the American Revolution. It should be an interesting afternoon. Ladies will be at the Junior League of Houston for the Ladies Luncheon. That evening is the President General's Banquet.

Wednesday is the last session of the Congress. Following this, there are two tours for you to select from. One is the San Jacinto Battlefield tour, which will be hosted by Compatriot Tom Greene of the Texas Society. He will explain the battle and its significance in the history of Texas and our nation. You will have the opportunity to tour the battlefield and learn about the different aspects of the battle. Additionally, you will have time to go up in the monument and view the surrounding area from more than 480 feet above the ground. See the Houston skyline, the battlefield and one of the busiest seaports in the nation from the top of the monument. The other option is the Museums of Houston tour. This group will have the opportunity to visit the area of Houston known for its museums. You will have the opportunity to visit the Museum of Fine Arts, the Museum of Natural Science or the Clayton Genealogical Library during your time downtown. All of these sites are included in your tour costs. There are also the Children's Museum, Holocaust Museum, Contemporary Arts Museum, Houston Bicycle Museum and Health Museum within easy walking distance, if these are of more interest to you. These sites may incur an additional cost if you choose to attend them. Finally, the evening's Installation Banquet will be the concluding event of the Congress.

So, time to get going on the plans and register for the events you are going to attend. Looks like a lot of fun, and thank you to the Texas Society for hosting the 128th Congress in Houston. See you there.



Ammendment Proposed

Proposal to amend the Constitution of the NSSAR, Article III, by inserting "whether by blood or legally decreed adoption" following the words "lineal descendant."

Current Wording:

Any male shall be eligible for membership in the Society being a citizen of good repute in the community, is the lineal descendant of an ancestor who was at the time of his last known service demonstrated loyalty to, and rendered active service in the cause of American Independence ...

Revision:

Any male shall be eligible for membership in the Society being a citizen of good repute in the community, is the lineal descendant, whether by blood or by legally decreed adoption, of an ancestor who was at the time of his last known service demonstrated loyalty to, and rendered active service in the cause of American Independence ...

New Wording:

Any male shall be eligible for membership in the Society being a citizen of good repute in the community, is the lineal descendant, whether by blood or by legally decreed adoption, of an ancestor who was at the time of his last known service demonstrated loyalty to, and rendered active service in the cause of American Independence ...

Proposed by: The Virginia Society

Rationale: Because the SAR relies on official determinations of the sex of an individual, the SAR should also rely on official determinations of relationships between individuals, such as father-son, mother-son, father-daughter and mother-daughter, with regard to both the applicant and any of the applicants' ancestors. This amendment also will remove any doubt about the membership of existing members who may have been adopted or whose ancestors were adopted but where the existing public records make no distinction between natural birth and adoption. The effect of this amendment will be to make any person who has been adopted by a blood descendant of a Patriot of the Revolution eligible for membership, if they meet all other membership requirements. It will also make any person who is descended from a person who was adopted by a blood descendant of a Patriot of the Revolution eligible for membership, if they meet all other membership requirements.

Leadership Medical Committee



Members of the SAR Medical Committee posed with the newly minted Tilton Challenge Coin during the Spring Leadership meeting. Seated, from left, are Larry M. Leslie, Past Surgeon General; Darryl S. Addington, Surgeon General Nominee, 2018-2019; Surgeon General Matthew J. Barlow Jr.; Edward P. Rigel Sr., Past Surgeon General; and Abraham R. Byrd III, Past Surgeon General. Standing, from left, are Lawrence G. Fehrenbaker; Theodore R. "Rex" Legler; Keith A. Weissinger; Michael T. Aycock; John A. Turley; Ernest L Sutton; Thomas L. Payne; and Christopher N. Sheap.



SAR Spring Leadership Conference/Trustees Meeting: top, California Compatriot and Rev. Lou Carlson and his wife, Karen, were toasted on the eve of their 40th wedding anniversary during the meeting; above, the St. Patrick's Day theme proved a welcome addition to the March 1-3 event.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE REPORT

The NSSAR Nominating Committee endorses the following for General Offices for 2018-2019:

President General — Warren Alter, Arizona
Secretary General — Jack Manning, New Hampshire
Treasurer General — Davis Wright, Esq., Delaware
Chancellor General — Dick Bryant, Esq., Missouri
Genealogist General — Jim Faulkinbury, California
Registrar General — C. Bruce Pickette, Alabama
Historian General — John Thornhill, North Carolina
Librarian General — Doug Collins, Kentucky
Surgeon General — Dr. Darryl Addington, Tennessee
Chaplain General — John Wakefield, Tennessee

For the two spots on the SAR Foundation Board, the Nominating Committee endorsed the following:

Dr. Sam Powell, North Carolina Mike Elston, Esq., Virginia

The elections will be held at the annual Congress in Houston, Texas.

SINCERELY,
J. MICHAEL TOMME SR.
PRESIDENT GENERAL, NSSÅR
2016-2017 NOMINATING CHAIRMAN

Butler Awarded Medal of Honor

resident General (2009-2010) Judge Edward F. Butler Sr. of San Antonio was awarded the DAR's highest honor, the DAR Medal of Honor, in March.

Presented by Ann Dennis, regent of the Texas Society DAR, Judge Butler was recognized for his work as President General of the NSSAR and for his work writing history books and making presentations all over the nation about Spain's assistance during the American Revolutionary War.

In 2010, he was awarded the SAR's Gold Good Citizenship Medal, the SAR's highest medal. In 2016, he was recognized as a member of the Texas Genealogical College's Hall of Fame.

Judge Butler currently serves as co-chairman of the Spanish Presence in America's Roots (SPAR) and chairman of its television documentary committee, which plans to air a two-hour documentary about Spanish aid during the American Revolutionary War. This documentary will be based on Butler's multiple-award-winning book, *Galvez/Spain—Our Forgotten Ally in the American Revolutionary War: A Concise Summary of Spain's Assistance*, Southwest Historic Press (2015), San Antonio. For more information, see www.southwesthistoricpress.com.



Newsletter Competitions

he winners of the 2017 competitions will be announced and awarded at the July Congress. As always, the committee is looking for more members for judging the many contest newsletter issues. If you have experience in publishing or judging newsletters, please consider joining the committee by contacting the chairman

To all chapter newsletter editors and state society editors, now is the time to start thinking about entering these four SAR 2018 competitions:

- The Carl F. Bessent Award is presented to SAR chapter editors for the best multiple-sheet and single-sheet periodicals.
- The Jennings H. Flathers Award is presented to the statelevel society with fewer than 500 members. State membership levels at the end of the preceding year—2017, in this case—will determine which of the contests should be entered.
- The Paul M. Niebell Sr. Award is presented to the statelevel society, with more than 500 members, having the best periodical or newsletter with 10 or fewer pages. State membership levels at the end of the preceding year—2017, in this case—will determine which of the contests should be entered.
- The Grahame T. Smallwood Jr. Award is presented to the state-level society, with more than 500 members, having the best periodical or newsletter with more than 10 pages.

The guidelines for judging newsletters can be found at the sar.org website via this link, accessed by logging into the SAR site: https://members.sar.org/media/uploads/pages/256/uNYd0HuxX7MM.pdf.

Please read these guidelines to understand how, and on what criteria, your publication will be judged.

Every editor at a state-level society or chapter considers his newsletter to be excellent and deserving of recognition. Editors are to be commended for the efforts expended. However, only a few awards are available, and the competition is fierce, with little room for error. There is also some subjectivity incorporated into the judging process in order to provide flexibility in determining the best newsletters. These guidelines should help editors determine if they are meeting the requirements necessary to be competitive. If so, the editors can submit their publications for judging. If not, the editors should work toward meeting the requirements before submitting. Remember, good communication is the goal, not awards or accolades.

To be eligible for competition, submission should be the single issue, as determined by the editor/chapter, determined to be the best published issue per calendar year (January to December 2018), to be submitted to the Newsletters and Publications Committee chairman. Submissions are preferred by email attachment (a PDF or Microsoft Word file) or by the issue's URL, if located on a web ite. Submissions should be of acceptable quality. See Newsletters and Periodicals Handbook for ideas on what a good newsletter can be.

The submission must be received by Dec. 15. When submitting your single issue for a state entry, please indicate which contest you are entering: Flathers, Niebell or Smallwood. Sending all newsletter issues to the committee chair does NOT enter the publication into any contest. If you cannot submit by Dec. 15, contact the committee chairman for an extension. The extension will not be longer than two weeks. Late submissions without an approved extension will not be judged.

To repeat some language from the Newsletters and Periodicals Handbook: "There is a distinct obligation on the part of a local chapter's leadership to inform the membership as a whole of a chapter's activities, goals, and achievements. We all know that many of our supportive members find it difficult or impossible, for any number of reasons, to attend chapter meetings. Without written communication received on a regular basis, these men would receive nothing, and may feel no obligation to continue membership in the organization and be one of those individuals who drops membership when the dues notices are sent. No news is not good news. No news is just that: nothing."

To re-cap:

- Submit a SINGLE issue to the committee chairman. Preferred method is an email PDF attachment.
- Submit by Dec. 15, 2018.
- For state society submissions, indicate which contest you are entering.

— STEVE WILLIAMS, CHAIRMAN SARWILLIAMSSA@GMAIL.COM



America's Heritage and the SAR Library: A Compelling Combination

By T. Joseph Hardesty, MLS, PLCGS Library Director, National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution

Part of the early 17th century with the colonization of the New World. Treacherous sea voyages had to be endured, and once on shore, building adequate shelter, planting a harvest and hunting wild game were the primary concerns for new arrivals. In short order, though, early Colonists were thinking of how best to fulfill contractual agreements with sponsors and business partners back home in England. As towns and villages became more established, the need to form governing committees became necessary, as did constructing houses of worship. The seeds of state-sponsored religion were being sown, and the Puritans were good at it.

The 18th century witnessed our nation's "birth pains" with the formation of colony-wide

the formation of colony-wide governments, complete with charters, legislation and taxation. The development of new political ideologies and statutes regarding trade, commerce and expression of religion ultimately led to a violent clash with Great Britain in 1776. A new nation was born.

With growing pains, the 19th century brought about a maturing of federal, state and local governments. It was like turning on a neon sign that announced to the rest of the world, "We're Open For Business!"

Populations up and down the East Coast exploded with the arrival of

immigrants filled with hope for a better life, and many long-established families answered the "push and pull" invitation to migrate westward into lands never before populated by peoples of European descent. Abundant fertile land was available for the taking, often free to those with land warrants for military service. Interstate commerce in raw goods like cotton, sugar and tobacco was booming. The enslaved inhabitants of this new world produced much of these goods and were likewise traded and sold. Churches of all denominations were founded, and young people were anxious to marry and have big families. The "American Dream" and glorious freedom were a reality for many, but just as there was life, there also was death due to terrible wars and diseases. Life was certainly not easy for everyone. In post-Civil War America, one Irish immigrant aptly stated, "In America we found three things to be true ... the streets in our town were not paved with gold. In fact many streets were not paved at all—and we were expected to pave them." Nevertheless, America as a whole was fast becoming the envy of the world. To our great fortune, much of the activity thus described is documented in records rich in genealogical value.

Great tests of our nation's values and strengths continued in the 20th century. America had, by then, become a global power capable of fighting and surviving two world wars. Federal and state statutes and regulations (the Clean Water Act, for example) were enacted for the benefit of all. If these laws are found to be repressive, we have the right, guaranteed by the Constitution, to repeal them. With the benefits of rural electrification, millions of Americans found, for the first time, the energy to pursue more education, improved health care and even leisure activities. Housing was more affordable, harvests were larger than ever before, and mining production was staggering. No wonder America was victorious in 1945!

For family history researchers around the world, the history of America in the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries translates into an astounding genealogical record. Most beginning genealogists understand the value of the U.S. Census and vital records as well as probate records, obituraries and property deeds, but legislation also creates many other records of value (e.g., guardianship registers and tax lists, to name a few).

As the director for the SAR Library, my primary function

is to help you locate and interpret these records. Locating the records is fun and exciting, to be sure, but it's when we interpret these records in their historical context that we begin to see our ancestors in the story of human events. Your family history and my family history, when woven together, become our American heritage.

In the course of your research, you may learn that your ancestors may not have served in the Continental Army or the Colonial militia during the War for Independence, but you can be sure that they heard the fighting taking

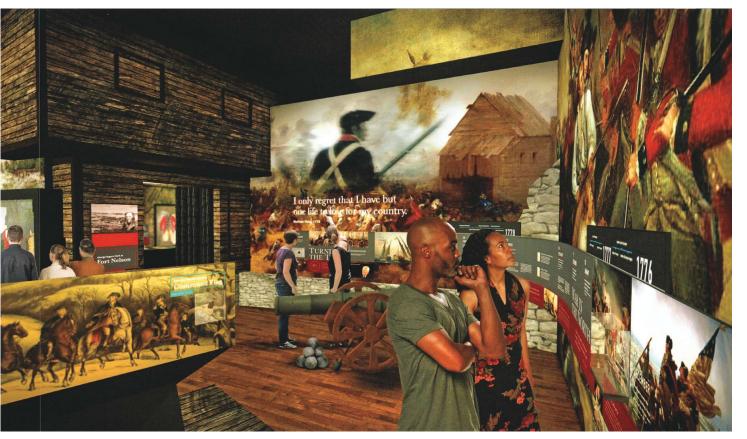
place in the woods near their cabin! It would also be fitting to ask God's blessing on our female ancestors.

I was moved to hear recently of the courage of one woman whose husband was killed in 1944 at Utah Beach, yet she continued to work at the local bomber plant. What great sacrifices our American male and female ancestors made—and continue to make to this day. Our parents and grandparents fought and sometimes died to win our freedoms to speak and assemble freely, to worship as we choose and to exercise the right to vote our individual conscience. How good to be an American!

As director of the SAR Library, it is my humble privilege to make the genealogical record of our American heritage available to family history researchers like you. This is what I do with a passion each and every day. I invite you to come visit the SAR Library. With more than 30,000 published family genealogies, state and county histories from all 50 states and access to premium online resources, you are bound to uncover that elusive ancestor.

We're located on historic Museum Row at 809 West Main Street, Louisville. With hotels and restaurants nearby, why not bring a bus full of cousins with you? Research groups are welcome—just call (502) 588- 6129 to schedule a large group visit.

Want to learn more? Visit us online at: www.sar.org/sar-genealogical-research-library.



The Proposed SAR Museum Gallery At SAR Headquarters

America's Story of Liberty:
TELL ME and I forget,
TEACH ME and I remember,
INVOLVE Me and I learn

Who We Are

As the Sons of the American Revolution, we are heirs to an exceptional legacy that honors our nation's founders. But SAR is more than an organization—it's a living, breathing, and ever-evolving idea that invites and challenges ordinary Americans to connect with their own personal histories.

The Center for Advancing America's Heritage (The Center)

The Center is established to provide platforms that help Americans make those connections to the not-so-distant past. The Center is made up of our Genealogical Research Library and outreach education activities—with the SAR museum galleries being the central focus on outreach education. By presenting the American Revolution as a living series of events, in which real people waged war over real and weighty issues, we illuminate and elevate the ongoing connections we share with our ancestors. The Center, combined with the genealogical mission of the SAR, makes up our national identity.

Fortunately, to pursue our visionary dream, we were able to purchase the building at 809 West Main Street in Louisville, Kentucky. Its location is fortunate. We find ourselves at the center of Louisville's Golden Triangle of

museums, an area ideally suited for tourism. Directly across the street is the Louisville Slugger Museum and Bat Factory (327,000 visitors in 2017), named top attraction in Kentucky by USA Today. Half a block to the right sits the Frazier History Museum (97,000 visitors in 2017), and half a block to the left is the Kentucky Science Center (252,000 yearly average visitors for the last few years).

The Center's size, like Louisville's other surrounding museums, should make combination passes an attractive opportunity for both the museum and visitors. For example, the normal time spent touring the Slugger Museum is less than an hour, allowing ample time to also visit our Center. This is significant, considering the large number of patrons the Slugger Museum attracts. Even moderate success for our museum should allow positive cash that could help fund SAR's outreach education activities.

Genealogical Library

Our state-of-the-art Genealogical Research Library opened in 2010, making more than 30,000 family histories, state records and genealogical indexes available to researchers looking to trace their family roots to the American Revolution.

Outreach Education

Many SAR members across the United States are involved with programs at the local chapter and state levels. Activities include invitations to speak to students and community groups, commemoration events, naturalization ceremonies, parades, Constitution Week, July 4th events, Flag Day, President's Day, Wreaths Across

America and our many student recognition programs, to name a few.

At the national level, SAR staff, headed by Colleen Wilson, are working to enhance our website offerings to include informational content on a variety of subjects. The Center is envisioned as a beta site for developing curriculum, lesson plans, videos, interactive education, etc. that could be used by chapters across the country or directly accessed by teachers and students. A great deal of work is ongoing as we continue to strengthen our website. Additionally, staff at the national level put on a variety of programs each year for community groups and students, reaching more than 10,000 citizens each year.

Marching Forward

The next step is the expansion of our Louisville headquarters to include the SAR Center for Advancing America's Heritage museum galleries. This well-planned "museum of ideas" will include an immersive visitor experience to tell bold, emotional stories about the Revolutionary War and show how it continues to influence freedom and independence worldwide.

Through unique artifact displays, large-scale multimedia productions and a dynamic interactive learning center, the SAR Museum will bring history alive today.

Visitors will be led on an unforgettable journey that spans the entire American Revolution—introducing them to the pivotal people and events of those heady days and inspiring them to make their own personal connections with history.

Sons of Liberty Statue Standing Guard

When visitors approach the SAR Museum's main entrance, they're greeted by a bronze sculpture by Compatriot James Muir titled "Sons of Liberty," an enduring symbol of American ingenuity and bravery in the face of foreign invaders. This silent sentry, pictured below, marks the beginning of a rich and memorable visitor experience—one that celebrates the American Revolution as a watershed event in the pursuit of liberty and self-government around the world.



The Museum Concept

The museum concept originated from a retreat involving SAR leadership held April 13-14, 2008 in Raleigh, North Carolina. A Center task force appointed that same year produced a comprehensive report further defining our educational outreach opportunity and plans for a gallery containing interactive exhibits on a variety of subjects. The realization that a professional design team should be engaged led to hiring a nationally renowned consulting and museum design firm—Solid Light, Inc. With Solid Light's help, a planning charrette was conducted May 23, 2013. This allowed further refinement of our project goals and objectives. Since that meeting, the SAR has worked closely with Solid Light to produce an interpretive plan that was approved by the Trustees in 2016. The next step is the actual design of the museum and its content. Upon completion of the design, museum construction can begin. The SAR has invested \$604,000 so far into completing the interpretive plan. The estimate for completion of the design phase is approximately \$2.3 million, and museum construction is estimated to cost \$5 million. The first step of the design phase (donated by Solid Light) was largely completed in 2017.

As of the end of 2017, we've raised approximately \$12.5 million to make the Center a reality. This money has been spent to purchase the 809 West Main Street site, build out the library and the SAR offices, and prepare a space for the museum on our main floor (street level), all with no long-term debt. In addition, funds from the sale of our previous headquarter facilities in Washington, D.C. (prior to 1979) and the later site on Fourth Street in Louisville have not been touched. These funds (\$5 million) make up the Alexander Hamilton and Building and Outreach Education funds. This success has been accomplished without using dues funds from the SAR operating budget.

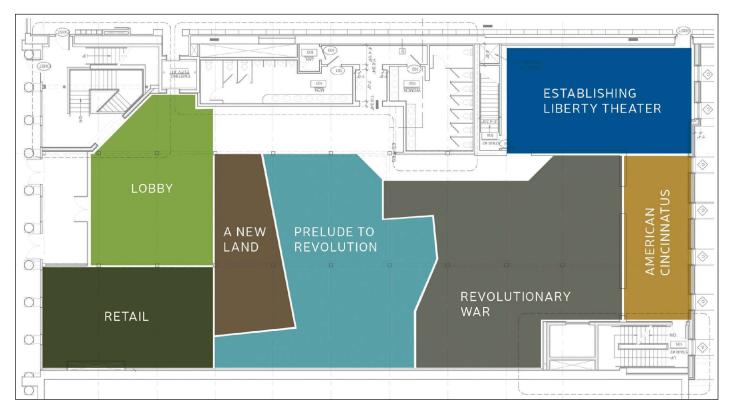
Museum Gallery

The following information about the proposed SAR Museum Gallery is taken from promotional materials supplied by Solid Light, Inc. Listed are proposed galleries and content as the planning team continues its work through the design phase. Exhibits and content may be added and/or changes made to what is described herein, as the team, working with SAR members and staff, further evaluate the final product and our budget constraints. Considerable progress has been made over the past year, as Solid Light is nearing completion of the first of three steps in the museum design.

In addition to rich soundscapes, touchscreen media and immersive large-scale media projects, the SAR Museum Visitor's Experience will have the latest in technology. Through augmented reality, the visitor will be surrounded by American Patriots and British soldiers in Boston. Tensions run high, and around every corner, conflict threatens violence. Sophisticated computer graphics will transport visitors to a real-world environment that lets them peer back through time to actual events.

Near Field Communication (NFC) wristbands provided for each visitor will create an animated encounter with Revolutionary War characters and events. Visitors can access specific stories and interactives for a customized experience and receive texts pointing them to additional content matching their historical interests.

Content will also be provided through the SAR website so that learning experiences can be exported to SAR members and the public back home. The content will be available in formats compatible with iPhones, iPads and whiteboard displays. It will provide a learning experience that extends far beyond the confines of our physical location.



Floor Plan

The proposed floor plan is approximately 7,000 square feet. The SAR Museum consists of a retail area and six immersive galleries that will create exciting, compelling and personal visitor experiences.

Retail

A museum store provides an opportunity for visitors to purchase keepsake items such as maps, portraits of the Founding Fathers, tricorn hats, flags, puzzles, books, clothing and other items that may attract their interest.

Lobby

The SAR Museum's beautiful, sweeping lobby will pay tribute to America's founding ideas and principles—the things brave Americans fought for and defended as they stood against tyranny and, ultimately, forged the constitutional republic we know today. A full-scale Liberty Bell replica will be centrally located. Banners flying overhead are to bear the words of America's founders, highlighting the foundational principles of liberty, self-governance and sacrifice. Artifact cases displaying pistols, swords and cannonballs contrast with quill pens and inkwells. These artifacts, which were used across the American Colonies, represent the instruments that helped Americans wage war against the British.

A kiosk with interactive displays will enable visitors to search their name for Patriot ancestors and locate resources in the Genealogical Research Library next door. Pictures of United States presidents, astronauts and other notables who have been SAR members are to be displayed.

A New Land

An impressive collage of overlapping words and images will evoke the influential ideas and philosophies that early travelers brought to Colonial America. This gallery traces their journey, painting a picture of migration and trade and illuminating the ideology that culminated in the American War for Independence. Visitors will hear dramatic stories of

individuals and families who left their homelands and risked everything to start new lives in America. Their letters and journals bring the harrowing journey alive, shedding light on their reasons for leaving; illuminating their deeply held cultural values, customs, religious practices and languages; and noting the music they carried with them.

Prelude to Revolution

The major causes of the American War for Independence will unfold on a 1770s Boston streetscape, and an array of visitor experiences will convey the danger that pervaded the city during this tense and crucial time.

The Griffin's Wharf display will highlight the uneasy state of affairs in the Colonies as Boston suffers as a hotbed of aggression and protest against unfair British laws and taxes. A replica British Stamp Office bearing a British flag and covered in public tax notices is to be the setting for a tense exchange between a British tax collector and a clerk who's come up short on the month's taxes. The Green Dragon Tavern gallery will focus attention on a table, where a secret meeting is underway next to a crackling fire. Visitors can join the conversation as key members of the Sons of Liberty—Samuel Adams, John Hancock and Isaiah Thomas—discuss the dangers they face and their reasons for rebelling against England. Boston's Old North Church, with its tower spire rising high and the ambient sound of bells tolling overhead, will be celebrated for its crucial role as a meeting place and the launching point for 16-year-old Sybil Luddington's legendary ride to warn American soldiers of the advancing British. The next stop will be the historic Edes and Gill Printing Office. During the height of the Revolution, it served as a hub for pro-Patriot news and correspondence. Public notices, anti-British broadsides, and pages from the Boston Gazette and New England Chronicle will show the importance of spreading news and ideas to unify a movement in the Colonies. Benjamin Franklin is to be highlighted as a printer by trade and the creator of the famous "Join or Die" illustration, and the office also teaches visitors about the 18th-century printing process. Visitors



can print and post broadsides to the Liberty Tree through the interactive media display or operate a metal engraving plate to create their own paper impression for a keepsake.

The Prelude to Revolution gallery ends with the Declaration of Independence exhibit—"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The Declaration of Independence, the first formal notice of intent to separate from British rule, was the culmination of the Colonies' struggles and their unified statement of defiance against the Crown. Through a large touchscreen monitor, visitors will explore the SAR Center's Declaration of Independence in greater detail, from Thomas Jefferson's earliest known draft to the famous handwritten copy from July 4, 1776, signed by the Founders, and finally to the printed version that was published throughout the Colonies. The interactive display also will provide a dynamic view of the Declaration as it was contemplated and created, with the words fading and reappearing as they are crossed out and replaced, indicating that each signer understood the dangers of being labeled a traitor to the Crown.

Revolutionary War

This gallery, the largest in the museum, will represent the heart and soul of the visitor experience. The first exhibit will offer visitors the rare opportunity to view an original 13-star American flag next to a 1776 map of America. This genuine symbol endured throughout the war and signified Colonial unity and ideals. A Uniforms and Equipment exhibit will show a sharp contrast between the well-trained and equipped British Army, the fledgling Continental Army and the homespun volunteer militias. A simple glimpse at the uniforms of both American and British fighters, as well as their muskets, bayonets, powder horns and more, reveal those stark differences. The interactive touch screen, next to a glass cabinet uniform display, will allow visitors to see the various uniforms worn by different units in each army. The War Comes Home exhibit will show a Colonial home, where visitors will hear surprising stories of remarkable wartime individuals, particularly women, who followed armies into war and even served in combat. A Valley Forge diorama will provide a detailed view of Gen. Washington's winter camp, from the Continental Army's struggles with starvation, disease and inadequate supplies to the rigorous training and organization required even in the dead of winter. An interactive display will provide an opportunity to learn about specific points of interest and hear stories from the men and women who endured the harsh conditions at Valley Forge. The Bonhomme Richard exhibit will contain a large-scale model of the American warship Bonhomme

Richard, which famously took on the HMS Serapis during the Battle of Flamborough Head in 1779. The boom of cannon and crack of wood will be heard. Battle-worn and scarred by cannon fire, the ship will be seen still afloat and still fighting, while the American flag waves proudly behind. Through augmented reality, visitors will witness the bold actions of John Paul Jones and crew, resulting in a victory that galvanized French support of America during the War for Independence.

Visitors can explore the Timeline of the Revolutionary War on a sweeping, wall-size graphic. Every major event and battle from the Declaration of Independence and the Siege of Vincennes to the end of the war is to be displayed. Along the timeline, artifacts and narratives will tell the moving stories of the real people who fought and died during this turbulent time in American history. On a tabletop interactive display, visitors will be able to delve deeper into such pivotal Revolutionary War battles as Trenton, Saratoga, Charleston and the Siege of Pensacola. Selecting a particular battle on this interactive display will highlight key players, strategies and outcomes. The contributions of women, Native Americans and minorities also will be highlighted.

Keeping in mind that our location on West Main Street in Louisville is next to the legendary Fort Nelson, there will be a mock-up of Fort Nelson. Visitors will learn about Revolutionary War hero George Rogers Clark's Northwest Territory campaign and, through their NFC wristband, view Louisville today from the fort's original location.

In other exhibits, visitors can learn about the Secret Revolution. Through letters, diaries, newspaper articles and personal narratives, the activities of John Andre, Nathan Hale and James Armistead Lafayette will be exposed, gaining entry to the dark and dangerous world of espionage in Revolutionary America. The World at War gallery will teach visitors how key European nations (e.g., France, Spain and the Netherlands) and figures, including the Marquis de Lafavette, Comte de Rochambeau, Comte de Grasse and Gens. Louis Duportail, Bernardo de Galvez and Thaddeus Kosciuszko, supported the Colonies and influenced the conflict. Finally, the Surrender at Yorktown exhibit, featuring a copy of John Trumbull's dramatic painting, "Surrender of Lord Cornwallis," will greet visitors as they near the end of the Revolutionary War on American soil. Visitors will feel the battlefield frenzy as the story unfolds, ending with Benjamin Lincoln's reception of Cornwallis' surrendered sword. A Continental Army drum will be displayed to signify the importance of musicians during battle.

American Cincinnatus

The American Cincinnatus gallery will provide visitors a glimpse into America's bright future and an opportunity to focus on the accomplishments of George Washington. Washington's decision to eschew power and retire to Mount Vernon mirrors the life of the ancient Roman statesman, Cincinnatus, who left his farm to preside over the Roman Empire during crisis, only to relinquish power when the threat receded. Washington's portrait will hang prominently alongside a large, bronze bust, while interactive touchscreens highlight key moments of his life and legacy.

Establishing Liberty Theater

Visitors can take a front-row seat in the Assembly Room of Philadelphia's historic Independence Hall in the summer of 1787 as delegates debate and George Washington reaffirms their mission to forge a new and lasting American government and Constitution. Contentious conversations

about the Great Compromise, the Electoral College and even the inclusion of a Bill of Rights will unfold, underscoring the importance of deliberation and action to America's founding. Washington closes the Constitutional Convention with words of hope and affirmation, congratulating the delegates (and visitors) for coming together to create a new nation unlike any the world has seen.

Where We Are Today

The pros and cons of the planned SAR Museum project have been debated several times at Trustee Meetings over the past few years as we continue planning. Some compatriots have expressed concerns about the proposed galleries. These debates have been beneficial to the society, as we struggle to figure out how to best position ourselves to take advantage of our location in the heart of "Museum Row." Fundraising continues, with 2017 being one of our best years for member donations in recent history. The support of so many compatriots for this project is greatly appreciated.

> Submitted by: Samuel C. Powell, Ph.D., SAR contributor and former member of the SAR Foundation, Inc. Board



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Tell me and I will forget.



Teach me and I remember.



Involve me and I learn.

The SAR Foundation supports the work of the Sons of the American Revolution through fundraising, grant seeking, and donor stewardship. Please consider making a gift to support the project of your choice and help the SAR to tell, teach, and involve the public for generations to come.

250th Series

1768: The Year of the Farmer



By Dr. David E. Schrader, MASSAR, MNSSAR, NHSSAR

n 1768, the British Colonies in America found their first "rock star." At any gathering of Patriots or meeting of a Colonial assembly in 1768, if someone spoke of "the Farmer," that person could mean but one man: John Dickinson, author of Letters from a Farmer in Pennsylvania to the Inhabitants of the British Colonies and the hugely popular "Liberty Song." The Farmer's Letters were more widely read and acclaimed in the Colonies than any piece of writing prior to Thomas Paine's Common Sense (Flower, p. 69).

Of course, John Dickinson was no more a typical farmer than either of those other two "farmers," John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, who would become even more famous a decade later. Dickinson was educated by his parents and tutors, one of whom was Francis Alison. Alison was a Presbyterian clergyman who later founded the New London Academy (the forerunner of the University of Delaware), where he taught Patriots like Thomas McKean, George Read, James Smith and Charles Thompson. Alison himself had studied at the Universities of Edinburgh and Glasgow, where he was much influenced by Scottish Enlightenment philosopher Francis Hutcheson, whose Short Introduction to Moral Philosophy was one of Alison's primary texts and introduced his students to the political thought of John Locke. Dickinson concluded his formal study with three years at the Middle Temple in London, where he studied the works of Edward Coke and Francis Bacon. Thus, he was a very well-educated "farmer." His education was wellreflected in his Letters and in his entire political approach, which was "analytic and studied, never emotional" (Flowers,

The stimulus for Dickinson's Letters, as well as for the "Freedom Song," was the British Parliament's passage of the 1767 Townshend Acts. Dickinson's Letters were initially published as separate "Letters" in successive issues of the Philadelphia Chronicle, from Dec. 2, 1767 through Feb. 15, 1768. They were republished in 19 of the 23 Colonial newspapers of the time and collectively published in pamphlet form both throughout the Colonies and in Great Britain (Chaffin, p. 132). The letters seemed to strike exactly the right chord for the times. The strength and effectiveness of the letters seem to have flowed from two sources. One was the "analytic and studied" character noted above. The letters bore the marks of a thorough scholar, showing masterly command of both English history and the traditions of English common and constitutional law. The second source of their strength came from the influence of Dickinson's Quaker tradition.

Although John Dickinson was never a formal member of the Society of Friends, "both parents [were] Friends in good standing, he was born a 'birthright Quaker' in 1732 and raised in a Quaker household" (Calvert, p. 189). Throughout his life, Dickinson's views reflected what Jane Calvert has called a "traditional" Quaker orientation toward politics, comfortably between the "withdrawers" and the "radicals" (Calvert, pp. 177f). He was not a pacifist, nor was he the

pompous windbag lampooned in Sherman Edwards' 1969 musical, 1776. The twin hearts of traditional Quaker politics were peace and justice. The dilemma for the Quaker politician was how to fight peacefully against injustice.

Traditional Quakers were an odd blend of liberal and conservative. They valued stability and constitutional order. Accordingly, they tended to be highly skeptical of innovation (Calvert, p. 209). Thus, one of the tasks facing a Quaker politician opposing oppression of the Colonies was to show that such measures as the Stamp Act (1765) and the Townshend Acts (1767) were innovations that departed from traditional British constitutional order. This reverence for traditional constitutional order implied that the traditional Quaker politician could be only a reluctant revolutionary. All avenues of peaceable protest had to be pursued as far as was humanly possible. Before any violent protest or call for revolution could be contemplated, the traditional Quaker "peace testimony" required the victims of oppression to come before the public "bearing public witness to their persecutions, testifying openly as martyrs for God's law against corrupted human law" (Calvert, p. 215). Thus, it really should not be surprising that Dickinson, whose Letters played a pivotal role in kindling the flames of revolution, should be reluctant to take more radical steps in the next decade, when he was the primary author of "The Olive Branch Petition" in 1775 and declined to sign the Declaration of Independence a year later.

This traditional Quaker view of political order resonated powerfully in 1768. Again and again, we see the Colonists in British America as loyal subjects of the king and jealous guardians of the rights guaranteed under the British constitution and common law. They saw the parliamentary policies of the mid- to late 1760s as departures from the relationship they had enjoyed with the Mother Country for, in many cases, well over a century, policies generally adopted as a set of desperate attempts to deal with the immense debt arising from the late Seven Years War. In sum, they were not ready for revolution, but many of them were adamant in demanding a restoration of the liberties they had enjoyed prior to 1765.

Dickinson's *Letters* constitute a masterpiece. He starts "Letter I" by introducing himself as the beneficiary of a "liberal education, now occupying a small farm, near the banks, of the river Delaware" (Dickinson, p. 5). The first letter is basically a plea for the unity of the American Colonies, focusing on the danger posed to all by Parliament's suspension of the New York legislature. Dickinson notes that the precedent set by that suspension poses a threat to the liberty of every one of the Colonies. "To divide, and thus to destroy, is the first political maxim in attacking those who are powerful by their union" (Dickinson, p. 11).

"Letter II" moves directly to the Townshend Revenue Act of 1767, which Dickinson says "appears to me to be unconstitutional" (p. 13). Dickinson acknowledges the authority of Parliament to "regulate the trade of Great-Britain and all its colonies," (p. 13). He states that he has surveyed "every statute relating to these colonies," from

Revolutionary!



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their beginning to just prior to the Stamp Act, and found them all limited to the regulation of commerce (pp. 13f). The purpose, however, of the Stamp Act and of the Townshend Revenue Acts was not to regulate trade but to raise revenue. This, as Dickinson notes, is an "innovation; and a most dangerous innovation" (p. 19). As noted above, Quaker conservatism generally regarded innovation with skepticism. Dickinson closes the second letter by noting the particularly pernicious character of a revenue-raising duty on products

John Dickinson

that the Colonies could not purchase from anywhere other than Great Britain, essentially exploiting the power of

monopoly (p. 26).

"Letter III" highlights Dickinson's affection for the Mother Country. He notes that "[e]very government, at some time or other, falls into wrong measures" (p. 31). He emphasizes, therefore, the need to seek redress against those "wrong measures" in peaceful appeal. He does conclude, however, that if "it shall happen by an unfortunate course of affairs, that our applications to his Majesty and the parliament ... prove ineffectual, let us then take another step, by withholding from Great-Britain, all the advantages she has been used to receive from us" (p. 35). By this,

Dickinson does not mean armed rebellion but the kind of trade embargos that had proved so effective against the

Stamp Act.

"Letter IV" concerns the nature of taxation. A number of people in the Colonies and in Great Britain had distinguished between "external taxes," essentially import duties, and "internal taxes," taxes levied against domestic activity. Dickinson defines tax as "an imposition on the subject for the sole purpose of levying money" (p. 37). This understanding of tax is, he claims, required by English history and the British constitution. With this understanding, the Townshend duties clearly constitute taxation, and their imposition on the Colonies by Parliament is clearly "taxation without representation," a violation of the British constitution.

After surveying the history of taxation in the Colonies in "Letter V," Dickinson moves in "Letter VI" to point out that the Townshend duties cannot possibly be regarded as regulation of trade for the simple reason that they are levied on commodities that are exported to the Colonies from Great Britain (p. 66). "Letter VII" addresses those in the Colonies who would excuse Great Britain on the grounds of a general affection toward the Mother Country. Dickinson points out that, with both King and Parliament, as is the case with all people, "their conduct as rulers may be influenced by human infirmities" (p. 68). Faulty conduct must, therefore, be exposed in the hope that it will then be corrected. As always for Dickinson, precedent was important. The right to tax lightly is no different as a principle than the right to tax heavily; "in short, if they have a right to levy a tax of one penny upon us, they have a right to levy a million upon us" (p. 76). The Colonies must not allow Great Britain to establish a precedent giving them a right to tax the Colonies.

"Letter VIII" harkens back to the Declaratory Act of 1766 and argues again against the constitutional legitimacy of a tax on the Colonies imposed by an assembly in which they were not represented. "Letter IX" sets out the importance for liberty of the "power of the purse," noting that transferring the payment of Colonial officials, especially of judges, from the Colonial assemblies to the Crown removes the financial "check on [judicial] behavior" (p. 96). "Letter X" continues the same theme, with reference to the example

of Ireland and the corruption and graft that arose there from officials who failed to be held in check. "Letter XI" provides a general discussion of the importance of some sort of separation of powers to ensure liberty, and the final letter emphasizes the importance for all to attend to the public interest over private interest.

The above summary should make clear the discipline of Dickinson's appeal. It was immediately recognized as a clarion call to the British Colonies in America to unite in

opposition to the Townshend Acts and to any other legislation that threatened the liberty that the Colonials, as British subjects, were due. They "were published immediately in book form in Philadelphia (three different editions), New York, Boston (two different editions), Williamsburgh, London (with a preface written by Franklin), and Dublin" (Dickinson, p. xxiv). They were also translated into French and published in continental Europe. Thus the effects of the Letters were at least twofold. They continued and strengthened the unifying of the Colonies that the Stamp Act Congress and the Sons of Liberty had begun. They also bore a quiet and dignified appeal from a loyal subject of the king in a manner that gained

considerable support in the Mother Country.

Dickinson's letters were "endorsed by many town meetings from Massachusetts to Georgia" (Thomas, p. 77). According to Peter D. G. Thomas, "Dickinson looked for support to Massachusetts rather than to [the more conservative Assembly of] his own colony" (p. 78). Massachusetts responded. On Feb. 11, 1768, the Massachusetts Assembly adopted a "Circular Letter," sent to the other Colonial assemblies. The "Letter," largely the work of Samuel Adams and James Otis, expressed the view of the Massachusetts representatives "that the acts made there [in Parliament], imposing duties on the people of this province, with the sole and express purpose of raising a revenue, are infringements of their natural and constitutional rights" ("Massachusetts Circular Letter"). The Earl of Hillsborough, secretary of state for the newly created American Department, was outraged. He sent an edict through Governor Francis Bernard demanding that the Massachusetts Assembly rescind the Circular Letter, on pain of being dissolved. The vote of the Assembly on the motion to rescind failed on June 30, 1768, by a vote of 92 to 17 (Thomas, p. 83). "The 92" became heroes, along with Dickinson. "Bernard was chagrined but not surprised to find that, of the 17 members who had voted to follow Hillsborough's command to rescind the Circular Letter in 1768, only five had been re-elected" (Chaffin, p 133). The claims of the Massachusetts Circular Letter were endorsed by Connecticut, Maryland, New Jersey and Virginia. "Four other colonies, although not petitioning, had also given early indications of their intention to oppose the taxation" (Thomas, p. 84). These were Georgia, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania and South Carolina.

As early as mid-January 1768, 24 Massachusetts towns had joined Boston in agreeing to a boycott of British goods, and New York merchants had followed the same course by April (Chaffin, p. 137). Albany and South Carolina also joined the boycott. However, the merchants of Dickinson's own Philadelphia failed to support the boycott, damaging the impact of the boycott movement (Thomas, p. 85).

By the beginning of 1768, Charles Townshend was four months dead. He had failed to see the controversy that his plan would provoke. Townshend had really believed that

Great Britain could avoid the reactions against the Stamp Act simply by laying "external," not "internal," levies. James Otis had denied the validity of that distinction as early as 1764. Nevertheless, Townshend and a substantial number in Parliament thought that the Colonials would accept it. Of course, "the Farmer" laid it to rest. His careful and studied Letters persuaded many of the Colonial leaders and a significant group in the Mother Country that the Townshend Duties constituted "taxation without representation" and were therefore unconstitutional and an abridgment of the rights of British subjects.

In the increasing heat that followed the calm dignity of his Letters, Dickinson made another contribution, this time in another genre. As noted at the outset of this article, in the summer of 1768, Dickinson wrote his famous "Liberty Song," set to the popular tune, "Hearts of Oak." Calvert has called it "America's first hit song" (p. 211). Its refrain summed up the basic content of the Letters as well as the growing spirit of the early phase of revolutionary America:

In FREEDOM we're born, in FREEDOM we'll live, Our Purses are ready, Steady, Friends, steady, Not as SLAVES, but as FREEMEN our Money we'll give.

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Dr. David E. Schrader earned his doctorate in philosophy and taught philosophy for more than 35 years. He served as executive director of the American Philosophical Association from 2006 to 2012. He has served as president of the Edmund Terrill Chapter, TXSSAR, the George Washington Chapter, PASSAR, and the Major Robert Kirkwood Chapter, DESSAR, and is currently president of the Cape Cod Chapter, MASSAR. He has served as state chaplain in both the PASSAR and the DESSAR and serves as the current chaplain of the Germany Society. He also serves as First Vice President of the Massachusetts Society.

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DNA FOUND MY BROTHER

By Cecil "Junior" Murdock

n a rainy day, July 13, 1987, I received an emergency call from Methodist Hospital in Louisville. My mother, Janetta Mae Quick Murdock, was experiencing heart failure. The attending doctor told me my mother was dying and would not last much longer. I tried to calm her, but she insisted on talking. She said the man I had

always thought was my father, Cecil C. Murdock Sr., was not. Looking at her strangely, I said, "What?"

She proceeded to tell me that my father was Forrest Burns! She then lost consciousness.

My wife, Marcy A. Walker Murdock, told me that my mother had told her this story at some point in the past. She thought my mother's secret should be told to me only by my mother. So much was going on at the hospital, and I was not coping well. Then my mother died. The hospital staff helped me, my siblings and other family furnish personal information to the staff for my mother's records. In the following weeks, Marcy and I continued to discuss my newly discovered parentage.

After several weeks, I found out how to contact Forrest Thomas Burns. We met at the Jerry's Restaurant on Hikes Lane in Louisville. Our conversation lasted 45 minutes.

I produced a picture of my mother and Forrest, to which he remarked, "Yep, that was us years ago!" This picture came from my mother's sister, Doris Jean Quick. Aunt Doris had dated Raphael Burns, Forrest's brother. My mother was 18, working at Walgreens. Forrest said they dated for some time, but he never knew she was pregnant. Forrest told me he had two other children, a boy and a girl. I explained that I was not looking for any support from him, and that I was self-sufficient. I told him I owned my home and had a job with the telephone company. Forrest said, "Well you might be my son or you might not!" So, basically I told him the ball was in his court, and that he would have to decide how he wanted to handle the information, particularly how he chose to tell his wife and family.

wenty-nine years went by. My daughters always wanted to know why Forrest, a man who might have been my father, never contacted me.

In September 2006, I discovered I had colon cancer. Surgery and chemo followed, and then about six months of recovery. During that time, Forrest Burns died. Because of my condition, I missed his death notice in the newspaper. Nearly 10 years later, May 15, 2016, Raphael died. I decided to attend his funeral service. I wanted to let the Burns family know

that I was the son of Forrest T. Burns. The first person I met was Mabel Burns Schifferdecker, Raphael and Forrest's sister. She was shocked to be meeting me. Mabel and I were able to talk for fewer than 10 minutes. Mabel said she remembered that Forrest had dated Janetta Quick, my mother. These words gave me comfort in her perception of me. Feeling more confident, I was able to continue explaining my existence to Aunt Mabel. The conversation ended too soon.

I was knotted up inside about even going there and, of course, about making my situation known to everyone. My wife and I went to the break area to have refreshments and waited for any relative to come back and talk to us. I met a man named Michael Burns, a son of Raphael. I explained how I fit into the Burns bloodline. Michael didn't know what to say. He just said, "OK," as he absorbed what I was saying. I gave him my name, address and phone number. After our conversation, Michael walked over to another lady and spoke to her. I saw her turn and look at us, then turn back. We discovered that she was Helen Burns York, another sister. Michael told other relatives of our presence in the room, but he was in such a state from his father's death that he forgot to give them my contact information.

The following day was the burial service for Raphael Burns. Marcy and I didn't plan to

attend. Later, we found out that the newly found son of Forrest Burns was the topic of many discussions throughout the funeral service. Ironically, the visitors' register is how they eventually found me again, as we had recorded our names and address. Another brother, Eddy, found my phone number and called me. We discussed wanting to learn how we might be brothers. We did not develop any plan at that time, since Marcy and I were leaving for Rough River Lake, and we had friends and family joining us there for summer vacation.

After 16 weeks, summer and harvest time were over. When we returned home, we found numerous messages on the answering machine. Cheri Burns Wallingford, Forrest's daughter and my half-sister, had left one of them. When I returned her call, she said that she had been in touch with her brother, Eddy, who lives in Virginia Beach, Virginia. They concluded that a DNA test should be done. Cheri called me back to see what my thoughts were on finding out for certain if we were related. I told Cheri and Eddy that I had been attending a special interest group to learn about using DNA tests for genealogy and thought we needed to start with a Y-DNA test. I said I would call Family Tree DNA (FTDNA) to verify who should be tested.

FTDNA asked how positive I was that Cheri and Eddy were from the same father and mother. I said that they were





Junior Murdock, right, with SAR staff genealogist Debra Renard

brother and sister born of the same parents, Forrest Burns and LaVerne Owen. I had been told I was the son of Janetta Quick and Forrest Burns. FTDNA confirmed that Eddy and I should be tested for Y-DNA, so we ordered and sent back 67-marker tests.

Eddy's results came back weeks before mine arrived. The waiting was awful. Comparing our Y test results showed that 65 of 67 Y markers were the same, but two were different. The conclusion was that it is highly probable Eddy and I share a common ancestor somewhere on our patrilineal line.

Soon after, Glenn B. Murdock II, the brother I had grown up with, did a Y test and took an autosomal DNA test (called Family Finder); I also added an autosomal test. When our results were compared, Glenn did not match me on Y-DNA, showing we are not related on our fathers' sides and confirming that I am not genetically a Murdock. In the autosomal test results, however, Glenn and I shared about 29 precent of our DNA, indicating we are half-siblings. Furthermore, we matched on the X chromosome, which indicates we are maternally related, since men receive X-DNA only from their mothers. Glenn was confirmed as my maternal half-brother, and Eddy and Cheri were convinced of our relationship.

Cheri relayed to me as much information as she knew about the Burns family.

Ten years earlier, on Nov. 13, 2006, I had become a member of the Gov. Isaac Shelby Chapter, SAR. In spite of my mother's deathbed confession, the only proof I had of my parentage then was my birth certificate, which listed Cecil Murdock as my father. I was unaware of any options for proving otherwise and uncertain if I should believe my mother's claim. So I entered SAR as a descendent of a Murdock (female) Patriot.

Given my recent discovery, though, I wondered what course of action I should take to resolve my paternal lineage with regards to my SAR membership. After all, I have been a volunteer at SAR headquarters since my acceptance into the organization. I spoke to one of the newer staff genealogists, Debra Renard, who also happens to be a specialist in genetic genealogy and one of the leaders of the DNA interest group I had been attending. I had many questions! Would the lineage proof entail a lot more testing? She reiterated that the Y-DNA test from FTDNA for me and my half-brothers would be critical evidence for proving my new lineage. Those

results should be included as documentation on the first and second generations of my new SAR application.

Of course, I also had to find a Revolutionary War Patriot from whom I descend. So the next course of action was to do genealogy research to find my real bloodline—the Burns lineage and its documentation. After 16 months of research, I found proof of the lineage, as well as the service of an ancestor named Phillip Burns, a soldier in the North Carolina Continental Line. I completed my application and submitted it to Chapter Registrar Larry Selby for approval. Larry then sent it to the state registrar, who mailed it to SAR Headquarters.

Recently, I have been volunteering my time, working in the genealogy vault to help the SAR genealogy staff better organize documentation files. While I was there, Leslie Miller, one of the SAR supplemental genealogists and current KSDAR State Regent, approached me and said that my story was quite interesting and should be featured in *The SAR Magazine*. My new application was in the queue at headquarters but had not yet been reviewed. A request to expedite my application was approved and handled by Renard. Shortly after reviewing the results, Debra told me something had been overlooked in my application evidence. She reminded me that Y-DNA results can prove only that two people are somehow related on their patrilineal line but cannot tell them specifically how or where.

Since no other documents supporting the change in birth father were available, Debra explained more DNA testing was needed, specifically a Family Finder autosomal test for Eddy to precisely prove our relationship. I asked Eddy for permission to add this test on the stored sample he had already submitted for the Y test, which he granted. I ordered the Family Finder test for him from FTDNA, and about 30 days later, the results were viewable. The DNA results showed that Eddy and I share about 28 percent of our autosomal DNA and, in combination with the Y-DNA results, confirmed our relationship as paternal half-brothers. This information was passed on to Debra for review. She printed the results to add to my application's documentation, making notes and corrections.

Given all of the DNA results, Eddy's birth certificate and the rest of the documentation showing our father's descendancy from the Patriot, my lineage was proven. My application on my Patriot Ancestor Phillip Burns Sr. was approved Jan. 26, 2018. Debra has continued to teach me more about DNA, thus helping me to have better skills in genealogy, as well as in using DNA tests as evidence.

hile learning such news about their parentage would be devastating to most people, Junior Murdock said the experience made him feel better. "It brought things to light and explained many things," he said. "The siblings I was raised with and I were so, so different with hardly anything in common."

The Burness, once they accepted the relationship, were quick to say something Junior had never heard before: "You know, you look so much like your father."

Editor's note: Debra Renard and Denise Hall of the SAR Headquarters staff contributed to this article.

Newly Acquired Letters Illuminate the Lives of Maryland's 'Old Line' Soldiers

By Jonathan M. Pitts, The Baltimore Sun

ight months after the founders signed the Declaration of Independence, Maryland sent its most battle-hardened fighting unit to the Eastern Shore to deal with a nest of British sympathizers.

Col. William Smallwood, commander of the 1st Maryland Regiment—the Maryland 400—knew he'd be facing a recalcitrant bunch. But the depth of the Loyalists' treacheries appalled him.

There in Worcester County, he met men who had chopped down the Americans' Liberty Poles and replaced them with the British flag, who helped British prisoners escape, and who openly drank to the Crown and the death of the Patriot movement. "I am daily discovering persons who are not only now disaffected, but whose conduct has been criminal, and [who by] their influence have injured the Comon Cause," Smallwood wrote to one of his superiors from Snow Hill on March 14, 1777.

The letter, and others Smallwood wrote or received during the war, are part of a growing archive that's revealing long-lost details from Maryland's history—and the nation's.

For five years, scholars at the Maryland State Archives and history mavens from the Maryland Society of the Sons of the American Revolution have worked on "Finding the Maryland 400," a research project that aims to illuminate the daily lives of the soldiers who served in the 1st Maryland.

Historians say it's no exaggeration to consider the regiment—a band of citizen-soldiers from across the Colony, led mostly by upper-class officers—the most important the state has produced.

It was the 1st Maryland whom Gen. George Washington called on at his moment of direst need at the Battle of Brooklyn in New York, a savage conflict that saw the British nearly kill the American Revolution in its cradle.

A mere six weeks after the Declaration was signed, on the morning of Aug. 27, 1776, a force of nearly 30,000 soldiers led by British Gen. Charles Cornwallis surprised the vastly smaller and less experienced American Army on western Long Island.

The Brits were on their way to annihilating the entire Continental force when Washington chose the 1st Maryland to save the day.

The unit had never seen combat, but

many of its core members had been training independently since the group's unofficial founding in Baltimore in 1774, and its generally affluent officer corps had helped ensure it would be one of the best equipped in the Continental Army.

About 400 of the nearly 900 Marylanders who were present on Long Island that day covered Washington's retreating army by repeatedly charging a critical British gun emplacement. Nearly 260 of the 400 were either captured or killed, but their sacrifice allowed the rest of the American troops to escape to fight another day—and ultimately to win independence for a new nation.

The 19th-century historian Thomas Field called the stand of the Maryland Line "an hour more precious to American liberty than any other." But the lives of its soldiers have long been shrouded in mystery.

James A. Adkins, vice president of the Maryland Society SAR and a backer of the project, says that's because it's easier for scholars to capture the broad strokes of military history than its narrative details—particularly when chronicling events so far in the past.

It was a time when ordinary citizens' names rarely appeared in government documents, newspapers were few in number, and the illiteracy rate was high. "We do a good job [chronicling] units and generals," says Adkins, a retired Army major general who commanded the Maryland National Guard from 2008 to 2015. "We wanted to identify and tell the stories of the soldiers. We want to remember and honor these great Americans who served and sacrificed for our nation."

To that end, a team of historians and research interns from the Maryland State Archives and several members of

IN HONOR OF
MARYEAND'S FOVR HVNDRED
WHO ON THIS BATTHE-FIELD
AVOVST 27° 1776
SAVED THE AMERICAN ARMY

Maryland 400 monument in Brooklyn

Adkins' organization have been trying to learn as much as possible about the men. Led by project director Owen Lourie, a historian with the state archives, and Adkins, about a dozen researchers have combed documents from the era to unearth the names of the men, most of which had been lost to history, and write biographies of as many as possible.

Since starting in 2013, they've pored through enough enlistment papers, muster rolls, pay records and military supply requests to identify 870 of the soldiers—nearly 97 percent of the regiment.

The information provided a platform from which to investigate further.

Armed with names and hometowns, researchers tracked down and studied property records, wills, family accounts, letters and newspaper clippings to produce more than 550 relatively detailed biographies. They resurrected the stories of hundreds of Marylanders who had all but disappeared from history—even after risking or giving their lives to preserve the liberty Americans still enjoy today.

Most were ordinary individuals—farmers, traders or small merchants who hailed from locations across the state. Many were first- or second-generation immigrants from Ireland, Scotland or Germany.

Some were still in their teens. William Sands, a 19-year-old sergeant from Annapolis, sent two letters home from the front. (He was probably made a sergeant, Lourie says, in part because he could write.)

In the first letter, posted from Philadelphia six weeks before the Battle of Brooklyn, he sounded more concerned about petty gossip than he did about combat. "As for your advise, I am very much obliged to you, but am very sorry anybody should raise such false reports," he wrote his parents. "The girl is not in company with me ... I have nothing to say to her, and I hope you will not think any more of it."

His tone was darker a month later. Aug. 14 found him watching grimly from an encampment outside New York as the largest fleet of warships since the Spanish Armada poured into New York Harbor. "We are ordered to hold ourselves in readiness," Sands wrote. "We expect an attack hourly. We have lost a good many of our troops. They have deserted from us at Philadelphia and Elizabethtown, and a great many sick in the hospital ... We expect, please

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God, to winter in Annapolis, those that live of us."

He was killed in the swamps of Brooklyn on Aug. 27. His parents received both letters some time later.

Most of the soldiers who were 30 years of age or older were officers, but the researchers found exceptions. Take Zachariah Gray, a father of five from Baltimore County. He was 45 when he enlisted as a corporal in early 1776.

It's unknown why he joined at his advanced age—most soldiers' motivations remain lost to time—but we do know that Gray's unit, the Third Company, sustained heavy losses in the Battle of Brooklyn. A troop-strength list a month after the confrontation showed the 74-member company had shrunk to 29 soldiers.

Gray was taken prisoner, but the carnage of the battle must have shaken him: he returned to Maryland and composed "a short will" in January 1777. He died in a skirmish later that year.

The Smallwood letters are valuable in a different way.

Though Smallwood, a well-to-do planter from Charles County, was commander of the 1st Maryland (a newspaper reporter erroneously dubbed the entire regiment the "Maryland 400" in the 1890s), he was on the sidelines for the Battle of Brooklyn.

A historian claims a vacant lot in Brooklyn may be the final resting place of soldiers from the Maryland 400.

In what Lourie describes as a rookie mistake, Washington—a stickler for administrative detail—insisted on sending Smallwood and several other members of his high command to Manhattan to take part in a courtmartial on the morning of Aug. 27.

By the time he arrived at the battle site at Gowanus Swamp, the fight was well under way. Barred from approaching, Smallwood is said to have watched in horror from a nearby hilltop.

The letters to and from Smallwood, who later served as Maryland's governor, illustrate life in the regiment in the months and years after Brooklyn—such as when Maryland's provincial government sent him and his men to capture the British Loyalists.

Smallwood's indignation comes to life as he describes the prisoners' behavior. "I made it my particular duty to treat [them] with politeness," he writes, but they "descended to a degree of Petulance which ... as gentlemen and well wishers to their country, they ought to have held themselves above."

Adkins says he knew nothing of the letters until last winter, when word reached him that a private collector planned to put them up for sale at auction.

The local SAR chapter—the project's main funding source—staked him to

\$17,000 for the bidding, and he raised a few thousand more. When another bidder drove up the price, Adkins had a decision to make: throw in money of his own or throw in the towel.

He won with a \$28,000 bid.

Though they're yellowed with age, the letters remain in "remarkably good shape," in Lourie's words, in part because the paper used at the time had a high cotton content. Most remain in the archives' conservation lab, where conservators are working to stabilize the paper and repair minor tears.

Once that work is done, Lourie and his team will transcribe the handwritten content and post it online along with the letters. That work is expected to be completed by late August, when Adkins' group plans to unveil the Smallwood materials at a formal ceremony at the Maryland State House.

The research team plans to complete the project by

year's end—and to gather its contents into a book well in advance of the semiquincentennial—America's 250th birthday—in 2026.

One of the goals of "Finding the Maryland 400," Adkins says, has been to rescue this treasure trove of information from the courthouses, attics and private collections where it has lived for so long, and to make it accessible to the public.

Another is simply to get the word out about these heroes' lives. That process is already under way.

More and more descendants of the Maryland 400 have been contacting the team with questions and new information, Lourie says. And their work is making its way into academia.

Adam Goodheart, a history professor at Washington College, has been giving the team advice and the assistance of student interns for years. He's teaching a course—"Finding the Maryland 400: A Revolutionary Mystery"—on the subject.

He took his 12 students to New York one recent weekend to explore the battlefield, now obscured beneath layers of asphalt and concrete.

As they gazed across the city from the World Trade Center, Goodheart says, it was not hard to envision the massive British fleet that arrived in the harbor 242 years ago, ready to snuff out the new nation.

Then came the battle and the 400, whose sacrifice earned for Maryland its nickname: "The Old Line State."

Goodheart's students are writing some of the last biographies of those men. He's proud of their work. "It has been hundreds of years since anyone has thought about many of these heroic people," he says. "It's a powerful thing to resurrect their memory.

JOIN THE MARYLAND 400 HONORARY REGIMENT

Support Patriot Research



The Maryland Society has established the Maryland 400 Honorary Regiment to recognize those individuals donating through the Society's Patriots Fund in support of ongoing Maryland 400 research. You can follow the research at:

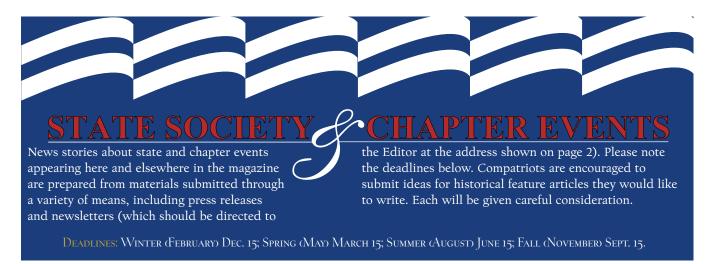
Finding the Maryland 400 https://msamaryland400.wordpress.com

Donors receive a rank commensurate with their donation in the Maryland 400 Honorary Regiment. Donations are cumulative so over time you can earn promotions. You do not have to be a member of the Maryland Society Sons of the American Revolution to participate. In fact, you can donate in the name of others and they will be added to the rolls of the Honorary Regiment. The Society periodically publishes a roster order reflecting your rank and level of support. Donors also receive a medal with their Honorary Rank from Private to Commander of the Regiment depending on the level of donation. Learn more about donation levels and rank in the regiment at:

https://www.mdssar.org/maryland400/ patriots-fund

If you need more information, contact Jim Adkins at jadkins.sar@comcast.net.

Donations to the Maryland 400 Patriots Fund are tax deductible and may be made by check payable to MDSSAR and mailed to: Treasurer Gary R. Neal, P. O. Box 1, Cockeysville, MD 21030-0001



ALABAMA SOCIETY General Galvez Chapter

The General Galvez Chapter held its annual banquet at the Gift Horse Restaurant in Foley, Alabama, with a lively crowd of 40 Compatriots and guests in attendance.

Alabama SAR Officers Bruce Buehler and Bill Stone attended and inducted the chapter officers for 2018. Also in attendance was Congressman Steve McMillan.

Awards presented included: the Lydia Darragh Medal to Suzanne McGaughy for her outstanding contributions to the chapter, the chapter Good Citizenship Medal to Compatriot Steward Wier, the chapter Roger Sherman Medal to Compatriot Robert Holliman, the chapter Meritorious Service Medal to outgoing President John Goss, and the National Liberty Medal to Compatriot Mike Glass.



Following officer inductions, Compatriot Buehler, left, gave a talk on the many assets and contributions of the General Galvez Chapter. Two Galvez Chapter members serve as Alabama SAR, and three chapter members have served as state presidents in recent years. We are extremely proud of our chapter members stepping forward to lead the

ALSSAR in upholding its values, goals and contributions to society. Buehler gave a detailed description of the SAR organization and how we function at each level. Several new members were astonished at the organization and globalization of the SAR. Our ancestors started a movement of freedom and liberty that no one can stop. Our stated goals are historical, educational and patriotic.

ARIZONA SOCIETY

The Arizona Color Guard took part in numerous events in the latter part of 2017 and hosted a visit by President General Larry T. Guzy. Among the highlights were a presentation of books to veterans at the Valley Veterans Education Center and the Prescott Veterans Day Parade, in which PG Guzy participated.

ARKANSAS SOCIETY

Crowley's Ridge Chapter

The Crowley's Ridge Chapter held a grave-marking ceremony Oct. 14, 2017 for Patriot Edward Hudson at the Upshaw Cemetery in rural Randolph County, Arkansas. The



The Arizona SAR Color Guard joined with the Black Mountain Foothills DAR chapter to participate in the Cave Creek Wild Days Veterans Day Parade, held Nov. 4. Taking part, from left, were Keith Hugus, Steve Miller, Matt Scott, Jim Cates, Jan Huber, Arizona SAR President Steve Monez and Vice President Bill Baron.

ceremony included a reading of Patriot Hudson's service under Gen. Francis Marion and Gen. Nathanael Greene, as well as a drum corps, color guard and playing of Taps.

After President Greg Hogue read the eulogy, Dr. Trice Taylor led the attendees in "America the Beautiful," and Secretary-Treasurer Allen Ashlock led the benediction.

The Chapter was extremely grateful for the assistance of the local DAR chapter and several scouts from local Boy Scout Troop 45. Planning for the event was coordinated through the Black River Technical College, which oversees the historical Rice-Upshaw Heritage Site located adjacent to the cemetery. Hogue, Vice President Robert Clay, Ashlock and Taylor were all in period uniforms. Many friends and family members also were present.

CALIFORNIA SOCIETY Harbor Chapter

On March 7, Daniel Walker Howe and his sons, Chris and Steve, were inducted into the SAR as members of the Harbor Chapter. Daniel Walker Howe is professor emeritus of history at both UCLA and Oxford University. Howe was awarded the Pulitzer Prize for history in 2008 for his book, What Hath God Wrought: The Transformation of America, 1815-1848. President General (2013-2014) Joe Dooley flew out to induct Howe and his sons. PG Dooley had met Howe at the 2017



From left, Daniel Walker Howe, Chris Howe, Steve Howe, President General (2013-2014) Joe Dooley and California Compatriot Karl Jacobs.

SAR Annual Conference on the American Revolution, at which Howe presented a paper on John Quincy Adams and slavery.

In all, there were more than 16,000 wreaths placed at Patriots' graves.

CONNECTICUT SOCIETY

Gov. Oliver Wolcott Sr. Branch

Members of the Gov. Oliver Wolcott Sr. Branch of the CTSSAR performed a musket salute, below, at the Wreaths Across America ceremony in Bantam, Connecticut on Dec. 16, 2017. Seven ceremonial wreaths, specially designated for the Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, Coast Guard, Merchant Marine and POW/MIA were placed at the All-Wars Memorial.

Wreaths Across America is a ceremony designed to remember all soldiers, sailors, airmen, and marines who served; honor their sacrifices; and teach our younger generations about the high cost of freedom.

The Mary Floyd Tallmadge (Litchfield) Chapter of the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution sponsors and conducts the Wreaths Across America ceremony in Bantam.



FLORIDA SOCIETY

Central Florida Chapter

Chapter President Burt Fairchild presented an SAR Law Enforcement Commendation Medal to an officer of the Seminole County Sheriff's Office. Seminole County has been a longtime participant and avid supporter of the SAR Public Service Award Program, and this year its nominee was Lt. Chad McDaniel for his untiring service to the community during Hurricane Irma. Not only did McDaniel organize staff and operate a forward command post in east Seminole County throughout the storm, he also personally took an active role in coordinating assistance activities provided to those in his area most affected by power outages, flooding and property damage. Enlisting his son and wife as helpers, he ensured that his staff and civilians in east Seminole County had the necessary help in terms of food, fuel and shelter to withstand the storm. McDaniel is a stellar example of a caring and dedicated public servant.



From left, Seminole County Sheriff Dennis M. Lemma, Lt. Chad McDaniel and Chapter President Burt Fairchild.

Clearwater Chapter

February was a busy month for the Clearwater Chapter of the SAR. To raise community awareness in conjunction with Habitat for Humanity, the chapter presented a U.S. Flag to each new home family, which included the Lockey, Reategui, Shockey, Davis, Vargas, Hirschberg and Wooten families. Congratulations to them all.

In addition to these families, the chapter presented a Flag Certificate to the Dunedin Golf Club for properly displaying its flag 24-7-365. By doing so, the club shows its patriotic respect to the American flag.

The Clearwater Color Guard presented the colors at the DAR Regents' Council meeting and lunch and at the DAR Genealogy Seminar in Dunedin.

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Clearwater
Chapter President
Col. Pat Niemann
(USA, ret.), right,
presented the Bronze
Good Citizenship
Medal and
Certificate to Petty
Officer Jacob Borgia
at the annual awards
ceremony of the



Suncoast Squadron, U.S. Naval Sea Cadet Corps. The ceremony was held on Jan. 14 at the Clearwater Garden Club.

GEORGIA SOCIETY

An astonishing 175 patriotic Georgians gathered at the Brier Creek American Revolutionary War Battlefield in Screven County, Georgia to celebrate the 239th anniversary and the monument ribbon-cutting ceremony on March 3.

The Brier Creek Chapter, Wiregrass Chapter, Col. William Few Chapter and the Georgia Department of



Brier Creek Chapter President Lee Smith presenting his chapter's wreath.

Natural Resources came together to host this historic event. The city of Sylvania, under the leadership of Past Mayor Margaret Evans, has been working for many years to honor this battlefield site where between 150 and 200 American Revolutionary War Patriots gave their lives so we could enjoy the

freedoms we have today. The ribbon-cutting ceremony was to open this new monument to the public. The Brier Creek Battlefield monument was built with funds from the State of Georgia (\$150,000) and the Georgia Department of Natural Resources (\$100,000). The chapter sends its special thanks to Senator Jesse Stone and Representative Jon Burns for these funds.

The speaker for this event was Dr. David Crass, director of the historic preservation division of the DNR. His topic was the Battle of Brier Creek. Aside from the battle, Crass mentioned that on Feb. 23, the 2,686-acre Brier Creek Battlefield, on the Tuckahoe Plantation Wildlife Management Area, had been nominated to the National Register of Historic Places. This will help preserve this battlefield for future generations. Also during the celebration, remarks were heard from Mayor Evans, Sen. Stone, Rep. Burns and DNR Representative Don McGowan.

After the ribbon-cutting ceremony, the three chapters of the Georgia SAR held the wreath presentations that honor those Patriots who fought and died at this location. There were 35 different presenters. The closing ceremony was a three-round flintlock and 6-pounder Naval cannon volley by the Georgia SAR's award-winning Color Guard and the Brier Creek Militia. Taps was played by DAR member Mary Ellen Smith.

Wiregrass Chapter

The Wiregrass Chapter presented Compatriot Tommy Christopher with the Fred D. Womack Wiregrass Chapter Distinguished Service Medal for 2017 in recognition of his outstanding service to the chapter.



From left, Compatriot Tommy Christopher, President Wilder Smith Jr. and Judy Womack.

Christopher has been a member of the Wiregrass Chapter since 2014 and the Brier Creek Chapter since 2016. He also has been a member of the Brier Creek Militia and the awardwinning Georgia SAR Color Guard since his induction and participates in many SAR events

during the year. Christopher is an armorer and helps members with the maintenance and repair of their Pennsylvania or Kentucky flintlock rifles.

He has served as master of ceremonies at many statewide events, is chair of the Brier Creek Battlefield Ad Hoc Committee, and helped raise the funds needed to do ground-penetrating radar of the site of a proposed monument so no Revolutionary War graves were disturbed.

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The annual Georgia SAR Board of Management Conference was held Jan. 26-27 at the Sonesta Hotel in Duluth, Georgia. The Wiregrass Chapter Registrar Dess Smith III attended, along with Wiregrass Chapter President Wilder Smith Jr. The Georgia SAR award-winning Color Guard presented the Commander's Certificate for "2017 Militia Member of the Year" to Compatriot Smith in recognition of his dedication to the Elijah Clarke Militia.

Smith was also awarded the President General Robert B. Vance Sr. Membership Trophy 2017 in grateful recognition of his outstanding efforts in sponsoring the most new compatriots to the Georgia SAR.



From left, Georgia SAR President Wayne Brown, GASSAR Secretary George Wheeless and Compatriot Dess Smith III.

ILLINOIS SOCIETY

American Bicentennial Chapter

The February meeting of the Illinois American Bicentennial Chapter included two speakers. Larry Wade spoke on the ancestry of the Wade family from the 1200s to the time of his Wade ancestor's Revolutionary War service, including a stirring story of revenge taken for British and Hessian atrocities.

Brian Clauss, director of the Veterans Legal Support Center at the John Marshall Law School in Chicago, spoke on the center's program for assisting veterans in contacting the Veterans Affairs and other legal issues. He related how the center emphasizes informal meetings and low-stress discussions. Many veterans experience PTSD and other service-related injuries, and it's difficult for those from rural areas to find legal assistance.

Clauss demonstrated the caring attitude of the center by immediately advising one World War II veteran in the audience on VA benefits that the member should rightfully be receiving. The center's legal services are free, and its website is www.jmls.edu/clinics/veterans.

After the meeting, several compatriots went to the home of past Chapter President Burton Showers to present him with emeritus status, a 40-year membership award and certificates. Past ABC President Mike Cobb also was awarded a medal and certificate for extensive service to the SAR.

Fox Valley Chapter

It was a great honor, on Feb. 21 at the North Aurora Firehouse, to present the SAR Heroism Medals and Certificates to Lt. Aaron Christensen, Firefighter Tim Garrett and Firefighter and Paramedic Brandon Kotecki. They saved the lives of two 19-year-old women who capsized their kayak in the flood-swollen Fox River in North Aurora. Those women owe their lives to three brave firefighters.

Fox Valley compatriots in uniform were Fox Valley Color Guard Commander Jon Fixmer (below, with tricorn) and ILSSAR Color Guard Commander Mike Campagnolo. Also present was Fox Valley Chapter President Harry Reineke IV (with bow tie).



General Joseph Bartholomew Chapter

With shock, sadness and a heavy heart, the General Joseph Bartholomew Chapter received notification of the death of William T. Anderson in Leesburg, Florida on Dec. 7, 2017.

Anderson was a charter member of the chapter, charted on Oct. 21, 1975, and a relative of Gen. Bartholomew. He was supportive and encouraging of our chapter and, over the years, served the chapter in many roles, including president and vice president. In 2016, he received the chapter's Good Citizenship Certificate for his 40 years of devoted leadership and service.

He is survived by his wife, Norita, two children and two grandchildren.

Lewis and Clark Chapter

Fifty-five members of the Holy Family Parish at Cahokia, Illinois served the American side during the Revolutionary War, John Reed recently told members of the Lewis & Clark Chapter.

Speaking at the SAR chapter's Presidents Day dinner at Lotta Watta Creek in Fairview Heights, Reed, the church historian whose family has been part of the parish since 1740, said that the names of those Revolutionary War veterans are inscribed on a plaque near the cross on the parish grounds, where the men are buried.

Priests from Quebec came to the Cahokia area in 1698, Reed said. They continued down the Mississippi River as far as Arkansas but came back in January 1699 and began to build a small log church.

"That church was finished and dedicated May 14, 1699, which makes Holy Family the oldest continuous Catholic parish in the United States. There are a couple parishes that began before us, but at one time or another they were suppressed as parishes."

The church on the grounds today dates from 1799, Reed continued. It is recognized as a National Historic Landmark. "The building we have now is about 85 feet long and about 35 feet wide. The first one was one-third the size of that one."

The construction is post-on-sill, Reed said. "It means you put a rock ledge all around, you put a flat board on top of it, and then you put the logs upright, as opposed to what we see in log cabins. This is a particular French style of building."

The French cut timbers for the church from black walnut

trees that were standing on the grounds, according to Reed. "These beams were standing as living trees the last time, before last year, that there was a total solar eclipse. That was 575 years ago. These trees were alive when Columbus came to the New World."

The mortar that fills the gaps between the posts is composed of sand, dirt, rock, pig hair, horse hair, human hair—anything that will stick together, Reed said.

George Rogers Clark came to Cahokia in the summer of 1778, during the Revolutionary War, with two purposes, Reed said. First, he was to convince the large gathering of about 5,000 Native Americans in the area to fight on the Colonists' side, or at least to not fight for the British. "Eventually, Clark convinced them to not fight at all. The other thing Clark was supposed to do was to recruit as many members as possible of our parish to fight with the Colonists. Quite a few did join up and march with him to Vincennes and eventually to Detroit."

Clark was at Cahokia eight days, Reed said. He had only eight militiamen with him, and he housed these men in a stone building behind the original Holy Family church. The building, which had been the priest's home, was about 20 feet long and 15 feet wide. It had been abandoned for many years, and most of the roof was gone.

"To impress the English, Clark named the building Fort Bowman," Reed said. "It was the westernmost fort of the American Revolution."

What's left of Fort Bowman lies under the altar in the present church and can still be seen through a trapdoor, Reed said, adding that the parish intends to install a Plexiglass panel in the floor to make viewing more convenient.

The parish has established a museum for artifacts of its 319-year history. These items were stored for many years in cardboard boxes in the basement of the rectory. "One of the first things we found was a Bible that was printed in Paris in 1564," Reed said. "We didn't even know we had this. We also have the original chalice the priest used for Mass that came with the missionaries from Quebec, so we know that's at least 1698."

The parish loaned the chalice to Pope John Paul II to use in the Mass at the Edward Jones Dome when he came to St. Louis in 1999, Reed said.

For more information about Holy Family Parish, including visiting hours for its church and museum, visit www. HolyFamily1699.org.

Springfield Chapter

Springfield Chapter President Drew Robinson presented the SAR Law Enforcement Medal and Certificate to Chatham Police Officer Ryan Pearce on Dec. 12, 2017. The presentation took place at the Chatham Village Trustees meeting. Officer Pearce's wife, Kim, and Illinois SAR President Toby Chamberlain took part in the award presentation before a standing-room-only crowd.

Officer Pearce is a member of a Homeland Security National Law Enforcement Task Force that uses the internet to catch sexual predators.

IOWA SOCIETY

The Iowa SAR Board of Managers approved Jodi Ann Freet, Iowa DAR State Registrar 2016-18, Iowa C.A.R. Senior State Registrar 2016-18, for the Martha Washington Medal.

The Iowa Society is proud of our working relationships with the DAR and C.A.R. and is grateful for the many potential applicants that both of these organizations send our way.

Recently, Freet was instrumental in assisting in the approval of three new members—Alan, Mark and Ronald Hughes. What makes these three new compatriots unique is

that they were the Iowa Society's first compatriots to establish membership through a female Patriot of the American Revolution: Mary "Polly" Hawkins Craig, who placed herself in harm's way to protect Bryan Station from being attacked by British-backed Native Americans. Bryan Station is located near present-day Lexington, Kentucky.

Freet became a member of DAR in February 2007, joining the DAR as a junior member of the Cedar Falls Chapter in 2007, and quickly became involved. She was elected chapter treasurer in 2008, holding that position until she was elected chapter regent in 2012. Her first appointment at the state level was in July 2010, when she was named ISDAR Junior Membership co-chair. In 2012, she was named ISDAR Junior Membership chair and held that position until 2014. In 2014, Freet was elected to the position of ISDAR state recording secretary and held that office until 2016, when she was elected ISDAR state registrar.



The fifth grade of Cottonwood Elementary in Salina participated in the NSSAR Americanism Poster Contest.

KANSAS SOCIETY

Bennington Chapter

The fifth grade of Cottonwood Elementary in Salina participated in the NSSAR Americanism Poster Contest. Of the 78 children, 71 finished their posters in spite of massive absenteeism from the flu. Pictured are all four teachers; the first-, second- and third-place winners; and Kansas Society Vice President Bobbie Hulse. The presentation, done in uniform, was assisted by Deb Hulse, and the judging was assisted by Dick Trow. For the awards ceremony, students from all three fifth-grade classes, three fourth-grade classes and four second-grade classes filled the all-purpose room and cheered for the winners. The teachers are already excited to get going early for next year, and the fourth-graders are fired up to get started.

Colonel John Seward Chapter

The men of Liberal, Kansas took a chance and presented

THE WHITE FORMS

Selections (S. 2018

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Electric Science

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the White House with a Flag Certificate. The day Kansas SAR Vice President Bobbie Hulse visited the Colonel John Seward Chapter meeting, Larry Phillips sent a message that he had a special announcement to make. Following dinner, prior to the meeting, Compatriot Phillips was called on to share his news. He pulled out a thank-you letter from President Donald J. Trump for being honored with the Flag Certificate, and it was quite evident it was signed with a Sharpie, as the ink had bled through the paper.

Greater Kansas City Chapter

On Feb. 24, compatriots and guests of the greater Kansas City area SAR chapters gathered with the local chapters of the Daughters and Children of the American Revolution for the 32nd annual celebration of the birth of the father of our country, George Washington.

Guests were treated to a wonderful lunch provided by the Ritz Charles and topped off with cherry pie. The guest speaker was the Honorable Lawton R. Nuss, chief justice of the Kansas Supreme Court. Judge Nuss was awarded the Silver Good Citizenship Medal.

The Law Enforcement Commendation Medal was awarded to the Honorable James P. O'Hara, Chief Magistrate Judge, Kansas District of the U.S. Court. Bronze C.A.R. Medals of Appreciation were awarded to the president of the Missouri C.A.R., Edna Oswald, and Alister Berns-Hoyt, president of the Kansas C.A.R.

Brooks Lyles of Kansas, the Second Adjutant of the National Color Guard, commanded the joint color guard. The master of ceremonies was Compatriot Robert Corum of Missouri, and the planning committee chairman was Dewey Fry of Kansas. There were nearly 250 people in attendance.

KENTUCKY SOCIETY

The Rev. Forrest Chilton was presented the inaugural Kentucky Patriot Award, which is named in Chilton's honor. Miss America 2000 Heather French Henry was on hand to give the award to the hospitalized compatriot.

The society took part in a re-enactment of the 1818 burial of General George Rogers Clark at Locust Grove, his sister's home where he lived the last years of his life.



The "Lost Patriots" monument

Col. Stephen Trigg Chapter

The Col. Stephen Trigg Chapter in Cadiz, Kentucky hosted the annual spring meeting of the Kentucky SAR at beautiful Lake Barkley State Resort Park lodge in rural Trigg County. Following the morning meeting, compatriots from Illinois and Tennessee joined their Kentucky brethren in dedicating the "Lost Patriots" Monument at the Cadiz Welcome Park.

The monument is the culmination of three years of work by the Col. Stephen Trigg Chapter. It is a display of 10 headstones in memory of the 10 Revolutionary War Patriots buried in lost graves somewhere within the boundaries of Trigg County, Kentucky.

More than 50 color guardsmen took part in the Central District event, which included 25 flags, 25 flintlock shooters and two cannons. Geoff Baggett, the newly inducted president of the Kentucky Society, was master of ceremonies. Bob Sholly, vice president and chapter color guard commander, commanded the combined color guard.



Those present from the chapter were President Bradley Hayes, First Vice President Jim Schneider, Color Sergeant Scott Centorino, and Compatriots Tony Riddle and Dick Hallenus. Also attending were Compatriot Hayes' wife and children, and Compatriot Hallenus' wife.

LOUISIANA SOCIETY George Washington Chapter

Members of the George Washington Chapter of New Orleans recently participated in a special ceremony hone of their own. At 96 years young. Richard "Dick" Hal

Orleans recently participated in a special ceremony honoring one of their own. At 96 years young, Richard "Dick" Hallenus remains an active member of the George Washington Chapter. Although he lives in the Woldenberg Village Assisted Living Facility and is unable to attend chapter meetings, he still contributes by creating plaques for veterans. The plaques, which he crafts himself, have been appropriately dubbed "The Richard Hallenus Award" and are given to military veterans by the chapter. Since Compatriot Hallenus honored so many of his fellow veterans, it was decided it was high time to likewise honor him.

Chapter members traveled to the facility where Compatriot Hallenus lives with Dottie, his wife of 75 years. There they presented him with the Distinguished Service Medal for his services to the chapter and his fellow veterans. Hallenus is a World War II veteran who joined the chapter in 1959. In preparing to award him his Distinguished Service Medal, it came to light that he'd never been awarded the War Service Medal. It was, therefore, a signal honor for Chapter President Bradley Hayes, himself a veteran of Iraq and Afghanistan, to present Compatriot Hallenus with the War Service Medal for his service in WWII (60-plus years after the fact). Along with the Distinguished Service Medal and the War Service Medal, the chapter also presented him with his 55-year service pin. We look forward to presenting him his 60-year service pin for his 100th birthday present.

MARYLAND SOCIETY

Maryland Compatriot Glenn Ross' pulse quickened and his heart beat a little faster as he traced his Revolutionary War ancestor's footsteps on Oct. 7, 2017. Exactly 240 years ago—Oct. 7, 1777—Ross' fifth-generation grandfather, Josiah Durgin, helped Patriots defeat the British Army in the Second Battle of Saratoga.

The American victory proved to be the war's turning point and changed the course of world history. "It's unbelievable to be on the same ground," said Ross, who made a special trip to mark the occasion. "You learn about an ancestor that helped form this country; it's really cool."

Activities included a British soldier's wife explaining why women and children were part of the British camp, a sutler (salesperson) telling how civilians made money off the army, and a campfire demonstration explaining the kinds of food soldiers ate and how it was prepared.

Ross said his ancestor belonged to the New Hampshire militia led by Col. Stephen Evans. His company commander was Capt. George Tuttle. "They walked 300 miles to get here and were sent into battle the day they arrived," Ross said. "These guys were brutes."

Park Ranger Eric Schnitzer explained how the lateafternoon battle began, unfolded and ended, all in little over an hour, as the British "folded like a deck of cards."

After realizing their defeat, the British tried to head north to Fort Ticonderoga, which they had captured earlier that summer. "But the Americans had already closed the back door," Park Ranger William Valosin said. "They were boxed in."

Following a short siege, Burgoyne's army surrendered 10 days later on Oct. 17 in what is now Fort Hardy Park in present-day Schuylerville.

Captain John Smoot Chapter

More than 40 people attended a guided tour to Smith Island and the site of the famous Revolutionary War Battle of the Barges (also known as the Battle of Kedges Straits). The tour was arranged and sponsored by the Captain John Smoot Chapter. Joining the tour and providing an informative discussion of recent research done at the battle site was the assistant state underwater archeologist for the Maryland Historical Trust, Troy Nowak.

After departing from the Somers Cove Marina in Crisfield, Maryland on board the charter boat, *Barbara Ann III*, the group braved the foggy morning waters of the Tangier Sound and journeyed the approximately 12 miles that separates Smith Island from the mainland. Along the way, the tour organizer, Compatriot Mark Tyler, provided narration of the events leading up to the engagement.

Tour attendees learned that in 1782, the year of the battle, the coastal residents of the lower Chesapeake Bay in both Maryland and Virginia had been subjected to ongoing raids and attacks. The attacks were committed by a British flotilla of approximately six barges, commanded by Commodore John Kidd and manned by British sailors, local loyalists and runaway or captured former slaves. A barge was an armed vessel approximately 65 feet long that could be propelled by mast and sail or rowing oars. In response to the British barge

threat, the governments of Maryland and Virginia commissioned vessels to protect against possible attacks and raids. The Maryland government commissioned Commodore Zedekiah Whaley, a native of Maryland's Somerset County, to lead an American flotilla aboard a vessel named *Protector*.

A few days prior to the Nov. 30 battle, Whaley had been monitoring the location and activity of the British flotilla. Upon realizing the size and possible location of the enemy, he went to Onancock Creek in Accomack County, Virginia and sent a request ashore in Onancock for volunteers to man an expanded American



flotilla. The day he went ashore was reportedly a county court day, resulting in an abundance of potential volunteers being readily present to answer the call to arms. The Virginia volunteers, organized with the assistance of Col. John Cropper, joined the existing Maryland flotilla to augment its forces in the hopes of restoring peace to the lower Chesapeake Bay.

It was reported that later that same day, Whaley sent a scout ship to acquire intelligence on the location of the British. The American scout ship, pretending to be a British vessel under British colors, journeyed out from Onancock Creek to Tangier Island, Virginia, where the scout ship's captain met with a man with the last name of Crockett. Mistakenly thinking he was talking to fellow Tory, Crockett let the Americans know that the British had been at his house earlier that day with intentions of spending the night at Kedges Straits, north of Smith Island.

Early on the morning of Nov. 30, 1782, after receiving intelligence from the American scout ship, Whaley met with his flotilla captains and they all agreed to advance on the British and, if necessary, sink together. The Americans sailed west from the area of Crisfield and arrived in the area of Kedges Straits around 9:30 that morning. According to a report from Col. John Cropper of Virginia, as the Americans rounded the southeastern corner of the Straits, the British were "endeavoring to make their escape; however they soon" turned around and rowed toward their American pursuers. The first reported firing allegedly came from the British 500 yards away from the Americans.

Whaley, on the lead American ship *Protector*, began firing on the British flotilla. He was joined in the attack on both of his sides by two other American barges, named *Fearnaught* and *Defence*. Not long into the battle, a fourth American barge, *Terrible*, commanded by Robert Dashiell, turned away from the engagement, never to re-engage with the enemy. For this behavior, Dashiell would later be brought before the Maryland government on charges of behavior unbecoming of an officer and was officially cashiered by the government. As Cropper of Virginia noted, "this dastardly conduct of our comrades brought on [us] the whole fire of the enemy which was very severe, and it was as severely answered by the *Protector* until the enemy's barges were within 50 yards."

It was around this time that the *Protector* became disabled by an onboard explosion. Apparently, the alleged cause of the explosion was "the carelessness of one of [*Protector*'s] men who carried a cartridge and uncovered powder bag across the deck to a gun." Before the spilled gunpowder on the deck could be sufficiently dampened, the fire from a gun ignited the powder, resulting in one of the ammunition chests exploding. This accident completely disabled *Protector* and shifted the balance of the battle. As Cropper noted, after the explosions, the enemy, "almost determined to retreat from the Americans' firing guns, took new spirit at this disaster and pushed up with redoubled fury."

The British soon boarded the Protector, resulting in fierce hand-to-hand combat involving pikes, bayonets and cutlasses. By the time the British boarded, Whaley was either dead or mortally wounded. Accounts from survivors indicate that after most of the American crew was driven from their positions along the rail, a general cry on board was for quarters, which the British positively refused. One report noted that "little mercy was shown to any of us." The chaos of the scene was soon brought to an end. Most of the Americans aboard Protector were killed, wounded or taken prisoner by the British. One of the survivors, Cropper, was wounded by a blow to the head from a cutlass. He was able to negotiate the release and return of those few taken alive. The remaining American barges withdrew, resulting in a British victory. British raids along the Chesapeake would continue into the following year.

Today, the general vicinity of the battle site is marked by the Solomon's Lump lighthouse in Kedges Straits, which sits atop a caisson in the middle of the straits. Local Smith Islanders still tell the folktale that Solomon ("Uncle Sol") Evans (1760-1852), for whom Solomon's Lump is named, always claimed that he watched the Battle of the Barges from atop a tree in his yard located near the northern tip of Smith Island.

Upon arriving at the lighthouse, the SAR tour attendees participated in a brief memorial service to honor those Patriots who fought and died in Kedges Straits. Participating in the laying of wreaths and flowers over the water were members of chapters of the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution from across Maryland and Virginia.

After the memorial service, the tour proceeded to the town of Ewell on Smith Island, where the group was treated to a presentation by Troy Nowak of the Maryland Historical Trust. Nowak discussed how the trust conducted an extensive archeological survey of Kedges Straits in 2011 in order to ascertain if any physical evidence of the battle has survived. Because none of the ships in this battle sank, the survey team attempted to locate any evidence of objects (edged weapons, firearms, cannon balls, etc.) that fell to the bottom during the battle. The survey of the site using magnetometer and side scan sonar systems indicated at least one location that could contain archeological objects from the battle. Further underwater exploration, involving diving archeologists, would have to be done to identify specific objects and potentially retrieve them for study and public display.

After feasting on a delicious Smith Island seafood luncheon, the tour group had time to tour the exhibits of the Smith Island Cultural Center, which included a recently conserved cannon ball recovered on the island that is believed to be from the War of 1812. The group then took a return cruse to Crisfield. The weather, company and education made for a truly remarkable experience for everyone. For at least that day, the members of the tour group were able to connect with our Patriot ancestors in a special, experiential way that they are not likely to forget.



From left, Barry Howard, C. Don Warner, Marvin Devilbiss, Bill Hiatt, Maryland Society SAR First Vice President Jim Adkins and Westminster Chapter President Jim Engler. [A. HOWARD PHOTO]

Westminster Chapter

The Westminster Chapter held its first George Washington Birthday Luncheon on Feb. 10 at The Buttersburg Inn in Union Bridge, Maryland. The guest speaker was retired Maj. Gen. James Adkins, currently the first vice president of the Maryland SAR, who spoke on George Washington and the Maryland 400.

Following lunch, Adkins described Washington's rise to becoming the commander-in-chief of the Continental Army and his interaction with the Maryland First Regiment—in particular, of that portion that became known as the Maryland 400 after the Battle of Brooklyn Heights, also known as the Battle of Long Island, the first large-scale battle of the American Revolution. During this battle, 263 Marylanders died while attacking a British strong point six times, providing Washington's troops the needed cover and time to retreat to fight another day. Washington remarked while watching the Marylanders' attacks, "My God! What brave fellows I must this day lose!"

During his remarks, Adkins showed photos of the

Maryland Monument in Prospect Park, New York. A single Corinthian column with Washington's words inscribed on its base, this monument commemorating the Maryland 400 was funded and dedicated by the Maryland SAR in 1896 and is maintained by the Maryland Monuments Commission.

Adkins also brought the chapter up to date on a Maryland SAR-funded project to develop biographies on all members of Maryland's First Regiment who served at the Battle of Brooklyn Heights. With the Maryland State Archives, biographies of 500 officers and soldiers of the approximately 1,000 men of the regiment have been created and can be found at msamaryland400.wordpress.com/biographies.

MINNESOTA SOCIETY

The Minnesota SAR held its annual George Washington Day luncheon Feb. 17 at Jax Café in Minneapolis. The chapter met jointly with the Minnesota Sons of the Revolution. Sixty-two compatriots, ladies and guests attended.

Vice President Dennis Croonquist presided, and the Minnesota SAR Color Guard presented the colors. The speaker, Col. Ronald McRoberts, presented an interesting, illustrated address on the southern campaigns during the Revolutionary War (1778-1781), culminating in the great Franco-American victory at Yorktown.

McRoberts started his presentation by citing *On War*, a book by Prussian Gen. Carl von Clausewitz (1780–1831) written mostly after the Napoleonic wars, between 1816 and 1830. The British did not win the hearts and minds of the American populus when Lt. Banastre Tarleton offered "No Quarter" to American forces trying to surrender at Waxhaws Creek, South Carolina. After Ferguson's defeat at Kings Mountain, many Tories had grown timid and faint of heart, which meant that the British Army could not afford another loss. To use Carl von Clausewitz's term, "Center of Gravity"—even though Gen. Nathanael Greene's army was weaker than that of Lord Cornwallis, his enterprising spirit made him more important. The center of gravity lay with him, and he pulled the other forces in his direction.

For the most part, the British engaged in military action with no thought of the political impact to the southern loyalists. The Americans were victorious in only two battles yet won the war without defeating the British Army.

MONTANA SOCIETY

President General Larry T. Guzy visited the Montana Society, below, in Missoula on March 8. Members representing each chapter throughout the state convened to greet and have dinner with the President General. While visiting, PG Guzy presented the new Guardian Chapter with its charter and inducted new Compatriot Robert Green.



Liberty Tree Chapter

The Liberty Tree Chapter held its first Washington Birthday Dinner Feb. 22. The event was open to all compatriots and their guests. Edwin P. Whipple, a University of Montana professor, gave a lecture on the "Genius of Washington" during the years of the Revolution and his presidency.

On Jan. 28, the chapter presented World War II Victory Commemorative Medals and Certificates to 102-year-old Ty Robinson, who was a lieutenant in the U.S. Navy and served on Adm. Chester Nimitz's staff; and to Jack Stevenson, who served with the U.S. Army Air Corps in the Pacific and European theaters.

NEBRASKA SOCIETY

State and chapter officers for the 2018-2019 term were elected at the respective chapter meetings and, for state officers, at the Fall State Meeting. Outgoing State President Col. David K. Kentsmith, MD, congratulated newly elected State President William Webb, whose term runs through December 2019.

The newly elected state officers are: President William Stephen Webb Jr., First Vice President Shawn Kurt Stoner, Secretary John William Reinert, Treasurer John Chester Braisted, Registrar Thomas R. Masters and Deputy State Registrar Robert Lee Knott.

Newly elected chapter officers are: Omaha Chapter President Thomas Lee Upton, Vice President Benjiman Hassel Harvey, Secretary Paul Howard Burright and Treasurer John Thomas Parsons. Lincoln Chapter officers for the 2018-2019 term are President James L. Hoke, Vice President Stanley Dale Wostrel, Secretary John Chester Braisted and Treasurer LaVerne Ellis Stetson.

NEVADA SOCIETY Signers Chapter

Western District Vice President General Dr. Kent Gregory, above left, presented the Silver Roger Sherman Medal to Chapter Vice President and Registrar Charles Smith, center, and Chapter President Donald Hotchkiss.



NEW JERSEY SOCIETY Battle of Princeton Chapter

Time Tour.

The New Jersey SAR contingent, led by Society President Robert Meyer and Princeton Cranbury Chapter Compatriot and George Washington re-enactor Sam Davis, and supported by uniformed compatriots from Kansas and California, celebrated the preservation of the Princeton Battlefield by joining the Princeton Battlefield Society and the Ten Crucial Days Organization for Trenton's Patriots Week 2017 culminating event, The Battle of Princeton Real

Dr. Will Tatum, a local historian and Princeton Battlefield expert, led a crowd of more than 125 through the battle in real time. The tour started at 6:45 a.m., the actual time on Jan. 3, 1777 when the battle began. The group walked at the same pace and in the same places the armies did when they originally fought. Re-enactors portraying the Philadelphia Associators of Gen. John Cadwalader's Continental Brigade and Lt. Col Charles Mawhood's British Regiment, the 17th Foot, brought the battle to life. The 14-degree temperature tour participants experienced was twice as cold as the 28 degrees recorded on the day of the battle, and everyone got a real feel for what it was like on that winter morning so many years ago.

Compatriots, chapters, districts and state societies of the NSSAR raised more than \$60,000, including matching grants, to help the Campaign 1776 division of the Civil War Trust



Compatriots participating in the Battle of Princeton Real Time Tour were, from left, Gary Beauregard, Monmouth Chapter; Ed Glidden, New Jersey SAR secretary and Monmouth Chapter president; Sam Davis, Princeton Cranbury Chapter; Richard Serfass, South Jersey Chapter President; William Locke, Monmouth Chapter; Brooks Lyles, Kansas Society; New Jersey SAR president Robert Meyer, Monmouth Chapter; and Skip Cox, California Society.

raise the \$4 million required to purchase 14.85 endangered acres of Maxwell's Field on the Princeton Battlefield, the very ground where George Washington rode to within 90 feet of the British lines, rallied the retreating troops, routed the British regulars, won the Battle of Princeton and saved our American Revolution.

This marks the first year of the New Jersey SAR's direct support for the Princeton Real Time Tour and their efforts to add the Battle of Princeton to the SAR's approved list of Historic Sites and Celebrations. This upcoming year, at the end of the tour, the New Jersey SAR Color Guard will lead a procession from the Clark House to lay a wreath at the site of the Mercer Oak, where Gen. Hugh Mercer of Virginia was mortally wounded.

Bring your long underwear and join us for the magnificent 2018 celebration of the Battle of Princeton!

Col. John Rosenkrans Chapter

As a donor to the Historic Revolutionary War Flag Restoration Project, the Col. John Rosenkrans Chapter participated in the Oct. 21, 2017 dedication ceremony for a flag of local historic significance. The Sussex County Historical Society is celebrating the 100th year anniversary of the Hill Memorial Building, home of the Historical Society.

Princeton/Cranbury Chapter

The Princeton/Cranbury Chapter hosted a lunch with His Excellency General Washington (portrayed by compatriot Sam Davis) on Feb. 18 to celebrate his birthday with members of the chapter at the Cranbury Inn. The inn was frequented by the general's aides-de-camp, Alexander Hamilton and the Marquis de Lafayette, in June 1778 as they pursued the British retreat from Philadelphia, resulting in the Battle of Monmouth.

West Fields Chapter

The West Fields Chapter sponsored a historical program presented by guest speaker Dr. Phillip Papas, senior professor of history at Union County College. He is the author of Renegade Revolutionary: The Life of General Charles Lee.

As an expert on Lee, Papas provided insight into Lee's character and how his mental illness, which manifested toward the end of his military career, enshrouded his critical contributions to the success of the American Revolution. Lee possessed a passion for democracy, freedom of conscience, individual liberties, human rights and the formal education of women. He championed critical political and military ideas,

which, along with his style of leadership, led to significant victories for the Continental Army early in the war.

Lee was known to be disheveled in appearance and to prefer the company of dogs to that of humans. He was often surrounded by his pack of dogs, his favorite being a Pomeranian, which was a gift to Lee while he served in Poland in 1765 as aide-de-camp to King Stanislow.



Members of the Jeremiah Crane Garthwaite Society, C.A.R. attended Dr. Phillip Papas' presentation on Gen. Charles Lee.

NEW MEXICO SOCIETY

On Feb. 23, the New Mexico SAR members were pleased to present the SAR Eagle Trophy and a \$250 check to New Mexico's 2017 Outstanding Eagle Scout, Ethan Larson of Farmington. The award was presented at the annual Eagle Scout Recognitions Luncheon of the Great Southwest Council, BSA. Presenting the award was Kris D. Jones, Eagle Scout Recognitions Coordinator for New Mexico and an Eagle Scout himself.

Larson has earned 66 merit badges on his trail to Eagle; has maintained a 4.3 GPA; and has been active in sports, church and community. His family is in the process of finding a Patriot ancestor, and we hope to see him and his father at our chapter meetings.

Gadsden Chapter

The Gadsden Chapter in Las Cruces, New Mexico supported the Eagle Scout project of Gunnar Smith of Troop 53 of El Paso, Texas by helping purchase the four headstones Smith installed for indigent children, as well as a headstone for a deceased military veteran. Smith completed his Eagle Scout project by also cleaning a significant area of the Masonic Cemetery in Las Cruces. He concluded the day with a flag-retirement ceremony for more than 50 U.S. flags. The New Mexico SAR will recognize Smith officially at his Eagle Scout Court of Honor.

In February, the chapter provided the Las Cruces Public School with 50 copies of the Revolutionary War historical training novel, My Brother Sam Is Dead, with teacher's training guides. The books will be used in the eighth and ninth grades to explain the sacrifices of our Patriot ancestors to the cause of freedom and the independence of our new nation.

EMPIRE STATE SOCIETY (NEW YORK) Stony Point Chapter

As a member of the Stony Point Chapter for more than 50 years, Compatriot Kenneth Conklin has dedicated much of his time to preserving, especially at the local level, the history of the American Revolutionary War, from placing historical markers at trenches used during the war against the British to cleaning up cemeteries that honor the final resting place of Revolutionary War veterans. He has volunteered for countless SAR events over the years that also help educate future generations about our great history.

One such cemetery is at The Old Stone Church in Upper Saddle River, New Jersey. A mile from the New York border, this historical Dutch Reformed Colonial church dates back to 1784 and is the resting place of numerous Revolutionary War veterans. Every Memorial Day weekend, fresh, new American flags can be seen accenting these resting places, thanks to Kenneth and his 7-year-old grandson, Lennon DeForrest



 $Kenneth\ Conklin\ with\ his\ grandson,\ Lennon.$

Conklin. One of the graves is of a direct ancestor, David Erickson (1738-1811), 2nd Regiment, Orange County, New York Militia. It is a tradition they both look forward to and enjoy.

Syracuse Chapter

On Jan. 20, the Syracuse Chapter presented the Silver Good Citizenship Award to Compatriot William G. Pomeroy, the founder and former owner of CXtec and TERACAI, two technology companies in Syracuse, New York, employing nearly 300 people.

After receiving a diagnosis of Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) in 2004 and receiving a life-saving stem cell transplant, Pomeroy established The William G. Pomeroy Foundation to help diversify the Be the Match marrow registry, enabling more people to find a matching donor and receive a transplant.

Registering more than 25,000 potential donors, 67 donorpatient matches have been found from marrow drives. The foundation also has made significant naming gifts to the Crouse Hospital College of Nursing, Patient Patio, and the expansion and renovation of Crouse's emergency department, tripling its size. Additionally, the foundation established an endowed fund for AML research at Dana-Farber Institute in Boston.

The foundation also offers historic signage grant programs. Focused on historic roadside markers, national historic landmarks, legends and lore, more than 625 signs have been placed to date.

As an avid genealogist, Pomeroy created the American Pomeroy Historic Genealogical Association (APHGA) to promote interest in and the study of American history through genealogical research. The Pomeroy Anvil Trail, a project of the APHGA, celebrates the American spirit through the progress and movement of one family. Twelve monuments have been erected in New York, Ohio, Massachusetts and Maine, and the trail is always expanding!

Pomeroy serves on several boards, including the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society. For more information on The William G. Pomeroy Foundation and the APHGA, visit www.wgpfoundation.org and www.americanpomeroys.org.

NORTH CAROLINA SOCIETY Halifax Resolves Chapter

Tar River Academy in Rocky Mount, North Carolina recently asked Compatriot Ken Wilson to present two programs for its students. The Battle of Kings Mountain was

presented to the high school social studies classes of Ms. Charman Pearson, and the middle school classes of Ms. Jacquetta Harrison attended a presentation about U.S. flag history, etiquette and folding. Harrison also received various SAR CDs and DVDs to use as teaching aids. In total, approximately 40 students attended the two presentations.

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The sixth- and eighth-grade classes of Halifax Academy in Roanoke Rapids, North Carolina recently invited Ken Wilson of the Halifax Resolves Chapter to present a program about the Battle of Kings Mountain that took place on Oct. 7, 1780. Wilson, dressed in the attire of a Patriot militia member, told the students about the events leading up to the battle, the battle itself and the significance of this first Patriot victory since February 1776 in the Southern Campaign.

Lower Cape Fear Chapter

Thomas Jefferson, our country's third president, visited Charlotte to host a community dinner on Feb. 15, as part of the Mecklenburg Chapter's annual Presidents Day Community Dinner and educational outreach series. "The honor of having President Jefferson host a dinner for 256 guests and hear his stories and accounts of the drafting of the Declaration of Independence, serving as a founding member of the first Continental Congress, and serving as the governor of Virginia during the Revolutionary War is truly an incredible opportunity," said Tom Phlegar, program chairman, Mecklenburg Chapter. "President Jefferson's

interaction with the audience and his amazing ability to recount his role in numerous historical events from a first-person point of view delighted and entertained everybody in attendance, which included SAR and DAR members."

Professional historical actor, producer and director Bill Barker portrayed Jefferson. "Bill Barker portrays Thomas



From left, Mecklenburg Chapter members Greg Catledge, Ray Maxson and Jim Tatum posed with Thomas Jefferson (Bill Barker, right) at the evening event.

Jefferson at Colonial Williamsburg, Independence Hall in Philadelphia, the White House, the Palace of Versailles and even in the Broadway musical 1776," said Phlegar, "giving him the opportunity to share his deep love and respect of Colonial history and the appreciation he has for the accomplishments of Thomas Jefferson."

The chapter may host Founding Father Patrick Henry in February 2019. "We are also thinking of ways to involve our Americanism Poster Contest with schools winning a visit to their classroom by one of these historical figures," Phlegar said. "We then have an opportunity to garner more interest in another of our chapter goals of introducing more school children to historical figures from the Revolutionary War."

OHIO SOCIETY

On Feb. 10-11, Ohio SAR Marietta Chapter President Steve Frash and daughter Lisa L. Rose of the Ohio Society Daughters of the American Revolution Elizabeth Sherman Reese Chapter traveled to Wilkes County, Georgia to attend the 239th anniversary of the Battle of Kettle Creek. The three-day commemorative event was sponsored by the Georgia SAR.

The Battle of Kettle Creek occurred on Feb. 14, 1779 and was between a militia force of Patriots and a loyalist militia force. It was considered an American victory.

On Saturday morning, the Georgia SAR Elijah Clark Militia, with musket salutes, raised the 1776 colors of the Revolutionary War on the Wilkes County Courthouse flagpole. Later in the morning, the Georgia SAR Combined Color Guard & Militia gathered at the Revolutionary War monument of the Washington City Square to salute and honor the Wilkes County Militia (the Heroes of the Hornets' Nest).

In the afternoon, wreaths were presented by the SAR; DAR; C.A.R.; other hereditary organizations; local, state and national officials; high school JROTC cadets; students; and the public to honor the heroes of the Wilkes County Militia for their victory at Kettle Creek.

While representing the Ohio SAR, Compatriot Frash presented a wreath and carried the Ohio Burgee in the procession.

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Wreaths Across America was held on Dec. 16, 2017. More than 1.4 million wreaths were placed on veterans' graves at more than 1,000 cemeteries. For the second year in a row, every grave at Arlington National Cemetery received a wreath.

In Ohio, 55 cemeteries received wreaths to be placed graveside. Ohio SAR chapters were active in sponsoring and placing wreaths. The Western Reserve Society and Cincinnati, Benjamin Franklin, Richard Montgomery, John Hancock, North East Ohio, Mahoning Valley, Hocking Valley, Gen. Henry Knox, Arthur St. Clair and Camp Charlotte Chapters were active participants. As national chair of partners in patriotism, Tony Robinson congratulated each of the chapters in their active participation.

Hocking Valley Chapter

For the seventh consecutive year, the Hocking Valley and Gen. Henry Knox Chapters presented Veterans Day school assemblies at Licking Heights Elementary. The students were introduced to the first American veterans, and then their family members who served in the military were introduced. More than 120 veterans were introduced at each school.



Mahoning Valley Chapter

On Feb. 19, 100 Compatriots, wives and guests from more than 20 patriotic and historical organizations gathered to celebrate George Washington's 286th birthday. The Western Reserve Society SAR luncheon was held at Shaker Heights Country Club. Chapter President David Foster welcomed everyone who had gathered for the event.

Ted Minier, with Foster assisting, inducted two new members, Joseph Timothy Weills and David Whitney Hawkins. WRS Essay Contest Chairman Fred Watkins presented a certificate and \$300 to Sarath Kareti, a student at Rocky River High School, for his wonderful essay. It was nice that his dad, Dr. Kareti, was able to be there for the presentation.

After lunch, Raquel Suarez from James Madison's Montpelier Estate gave an informative presentation on Madison, his upbringing, his education, and his involvement in writing the U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights, a document that has lasted the test of time in guiding our government.

OKLAHOMA SOCIETY Tulsa Chapter

Tulsa Chapter Color Guardsmen Loyd Means, Stuart Denslow, John Thompson and Ron Painter presented the colors at the opening of Revolutionary Day on Feb. 8. Oklahoma SAR President Ron Painter presented a \$100

check, donated by the Tulsa Chapter, to the first-place winner of the event's essay contest, Andrew King of Grissom Elementary. King's essay was entitled "Why We Went to War."

The Revolutionary Day program is coordinated by Tulsa teachers Beth Howard and Dessa Weber, who are Colonial Williamsburg Teacher Institute alumnae. It is a stimulating, one-day immersion for area fifthgraders into activities celebrating a pivotal time in our nation's history, the American Revolution. Students enjoy dressing in Colonial period clothing and meeting historical character interpreters such as Bill



Oklahoma SAR President Ron Painter presented the first-place award to Andrew King for his winning essay.

Barker (Thomas Jefferson) and Bryan Austin (James Madison), both of Colonial Williamsburg, and Tom Plott (Dr. James Craik) and Eben Kuhns (Alexander Hamilton) of Mount Vernon.

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Tulsa Chapter SAR Colorguardsmen Bill Graham, Loyd Means, John Thompson and Stuart Denslow with the 2018 Outstanding Citizenship Award honorees.

On Feb. 24, the Tulsa Chapter SAR hosted the 2018 Outstanding Citizenship Awards ceremony at Hardesty Regional Library. The chapter started this tradition in 1926. Speakers at the event included Tulsa Chapter SAR President Ron Painter; Jonathan Townsend, assistant to the mayor of Tulsa for community development and policy; Deputy Superintendent Paula Shannon of Tulsa Public Schools; and Tina Kaminski, president of the Tulsa Council of Parent Teacher Associations. Shannon and Tulsa Chapter SAR Colorguardsmen Bill Graham, Loyd Means, John Thompson and Stuart Denslow presented the students their pins and certificates. There was a near-capacity attendance, which included students, parents and guests, teachers, counselors, principals, and DAR and SAR members. Junior-class young men from 14 area high schools were honored.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY

Gov. Joseph Hiester Chapter

Compatriots from the Gov. Joseph Hiester Chapter took part in a ceremony at their namesake's grave in Veterans Grove in Reading's City Park.



Outside the Museum of the American Revolution: from left, James Hall, Bruce Edmonds, Piper Bill Watson, Frank O'Donnell, Dave Mizell, Drummer George Clarke, Bill Baker, Color Guard Captain James Sanborn, Fred Fonseca (behind), Scott Willson, Steve Kopsick, Color Guard Sergeant Phil Anders and Bugler Ed Bilger.

Philiadelphia Continental Chapter

The Philadelphia Continental Chapter celebrated Gen. George Washington's birthday with the chapter color guard forming at the City Tavern, a historically restored tavern in Philadelphia, and marching with colors flying to Washington Square. There, a bronze statue of Washington, by Jean-Antoine Houdon, marks the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of the Revolutionary War. Under this hallowed ground are the unmarked graves of Revolutionary War soldiers. The ceremony included placing a wreath at the Eternal Flame. The color guard, with members, DAR friends, the local citizenry and families following, marched to Independence Hall, where a wreath was set at the foot of the statue of the commander-in-chief.

The color guard then led members past the Museum of the American Revolution, returning to the City Tavern. A reception and luncheon were served in the same "Long



Room," faithfully reconstructed, where Washington held the first Inaugural Ball, and where he would often dine with Martha Washington.

The event concluded with the retiring of the colors by the color guard.

The chapter took part in an event on Dec. 19 at Valley Forge to recognize the March In, left, which is always in the dark of night.

Washington Crossing Chapter

The Washington Crossing Chapter held a dinner meeting Feb. 13 to celebrate President George Washington's 286th birthday. The SAR Silver Good Citizenship certificate and medal were awarded to John Godzieba for his tireless efforts to keep alive the accurate history of Washington's

critical Delaware River crossing at the annual Washington Crossing reenactment. Godzieba has participated in more than 20 Crossing re-enactments and has had the honor of portraying Washington many times. His interpretation of Washington has been widely acclaimed, recognized for its accuracy, and valued for the respectfulness to the man he portrays.

This annual crossing re-enactment is performed each year on Christmas Day, with much time spent before the event for practice and preparation. Godzieba also volunteers throughout the year to portray Washington at local schools, civic events and meetings. He strives to encourage and teach our younger generations.

SOUTH CAROLINA SOCIETY Piedmont Region Chapters Host Annual Patriot Dinner

Filling the ballroom at Greenwood's Inn on the Square, Daughters, Sons and Children of the American Revolution, with prospective members and other guests, gathered for the 2018 staging of a Patriot Dinner on Feb. 13. Cambridge Chapter President Richard Morris presided at the meeting and welcomed all who attended. Past SAR State Chaplain Lawrence Peebles gave the invocation, followed by Compatriot Thomas Forte leading the ritual.

New this year to share sponsorship of the event were members of the Philemon Waters Chapter. President Tom Forte, Vice President Larry Killian and Secretary-Treasurer Chris Prince represented the Newberry Chapter. With participation of the Newberry Chapter, three of the Piedmont Region's four chapters shared the dinner and program. Chapter Regent Derryl Satterwhite of the Jasper Chapter, NSDAR, added to the Newberry delegation.

SAR State President W.E. "Edd" Richburg was the speaker, offering "A Year As President: Lessons Learned and Shared." Recalling his experiences around South Carolina and beyond, he cited those portions of his service as state president that can be replicated in chapters—DAR, SAR and C.A.R.—to extend organizational service, create public interest and encourage prospective members.

When all had been served the buffet, Cambridge Compatriot Eric Williams conducted the first of four drawings for door prizes. Winners received guest tickets to dinner at The Inn.

President Morris introduced guests and recognized those designated to give greetings. Piedmont Region Vice President David Smith brought greetings from the region, and DAR State Regent Dianne Culbertson gave greetings from the South Carolina State Society NSDAR. Joseph Smith of the General James Williams Society C.A.R. brought greetings from his sister, Kathryn, current C.A.R. State President of the South Carolina. Of note from a family perspective: Joseph and Kathryn are the children of David and Martha Smith. Kathryn's state president's project is the Battlefield at Blackstock Plantation, near the Smith farm in Union County. David Smith, U.S. Navy Captain, now retired, was installed as C.A.R. senior president in April at the National Convention in Washington.

Following the SAR Recessional led by Cambridge Vice President Gerald Pitts, Compatriot Peebles gave the benediction.

The Patriot Dinner has been held by the Cambridge Chapter every year since it was reorganized in 1990 under the leadership of the late Charles M. Culbertson II. Several District III DAR chapters stepped forward to assist in arranging the first Patriot Dinner. The event has become a regular chapter meeting for the Cambridge and Star Fort DAR Chapters. Regent Becky Bryson schedules it as a regular February meeting.



2017 Colonial Ball

The South Carolina Society held its 23rd Colonial Ball with Debutante Presentation on Dec. 16, 2017. It was held in the Gold Ballroom at the Francis Marion Hotel in Charleston, overlooking Marion Square and downtown Charleston.

The Colonial Ball was organized in 1976, in part to celebrate the bicentennial of the founding of our country and our shared heritage. Greg Ohanesian has served as the ball chair since 1999. Each debutante presented is a direct descendant of a Patriot of the American Revolution.

Nine debutantes with presenters and escorts took part in a presentation before more than 150 guests. The ball opened with the presentation of colors by a color guard of Citadel Cadets, followed by the Pledge of Allegiance and the singing of the national anthem. The debutantes then walked the length of the ballroom in white ballgowns, accompanied by white-tie presenters, and proceeded though an arch of swords presented by Citadel Cadets, who were in full-dress uniforms. Each debutante made a formal curtsy and was seated at the front of the ballroom by her escort. Harp music accompanied the formal presentation. Afterward, the debutantes exited with their escorts to the rousing chords of "Scotland the Brave" played by a talented bagpiper.

Debutantes, presenters and escorts included Martha McElveen Thompson Davis, presented by Harold Franklin Davis and escorted by Chandler Douglas Brown; Sarah Virginia Dixon, presented by Thomas Mark Dixon and escorted by Zachary Tyler Bush; Miriam Perrin Griffin, presented by Robert Marshall Griffin and escorted by William Perrin Griffin; Lauren Pinckney Layden, presented by Patrick John Layden and escorted by Thomas Gray Barr; Margaret Jane McNiel, presented by Daniel Edward McNiel and escorted by Hayden Blaine Stone; Katherin Quinn Newman, presented by Dr. Rudolph Mitchell Newman Jr. and escorted by Braxton Mitchell Newman; Mary Elizabeth Robinson, presented by Edward Kendall Stock and escorted by Lt. Col. Franklin Todd Robinson; Frances Louise Sadler, presented by John Marion Sadler and escorted by John Marion Sadler Jr.; and Kathryn Elizabeth Smith, presented by David Phillip Smith Jr. and escorted by Joseph Phillip

Guests were served a four-course dinner, and the ninepiece orchestra played until midnight. Each debutante first danced the waltz with her presenter, followed by a waltz with her escort.

Noted guests included Regent Diane Culbertson, SCSDAR; Cmpt. and Mrs. T. Rex Legler of Indiana for their generous financial support; all ball committee members; all ball contributors; Barbara Ohanesian; and former debutantes. Also aiding in ball preparations were Mandy Johnson Shaw of Wallace, South Carolina and Kelly Byrd of Blenheim, South Carolina.

On the evening prior to the ball, a reception was held at the Carolina Yacht Club in a dining room overlooking the Cooper River and Charleston Harbor.

The ball financially supports scholarships and patriotic education.

Daniel Morgan Chapter

The weekend of Jan. 12-13 saw a lot of SCSSAR activity for commemorating the Battle of Cowpens on its 237th anniversary. The battle was a decisive turning point in the Patriots' struggle against the might of the British military.

Activities on Friday, Jan. 12, were to have included a ceremony at the statue of Gen. Daniel Morgan at Morgan Square in downtown Spartanburg. It was canceled due to a driving rain, but several compatriots and National Park Service

members placed red carnations on Morgan's statue.

Later in the afternoon, the chapter sponsored a reception at the Courtyard by Marriott, which was attended by SAR members from South Carolina and other states. The event was honored by the presence of President General Larry Guzy and First Lady Karin Guzy, Secretary General Warren Alter and Historian General John Thornhill.

Vice President General Jim Wood called to order a meeting of the South Atlantic District. State presidents, including South Carolina SAR President Edd Richburg, reported on their societies and also discussed recruiting and retention issues.

The evening featured the portrayal of Martha Washington by professional actress Maggie Worsdale. Her performance was made possible by a generous donation by the South Carolina SAR. This took place in the Barrett Room of the Spartanburg Public Library. Co-sponsors were the library and the Chautauqua.

On Saturday morning, compatriots from numerous states assembled at the



South Atlantic District Vice President General Jim Wood led the SAR Pledge. [THOMAS C. HANSON PHOTO]

Cowpens National Battlefield and formed an impressive 50-member color guard, which led the procession to the United States Monument.

Following an invocation by Chapter Chaplain David Johnson and a pledge to the flag, a welcome was given by Compatriot John Slaughter, group superintendent, National Park Service, who included moving remarks about the sacrifices of our Patriot ancestors. Rendering of honors was done by PG Guzy, who laid a live wreath at the U.S. Monument. Rendering of honors by state societies and chapters followed.

DAR, C.A.R. and Sons of the Revolution also participated. A gun salute followed, and the benediction was pronounced by Johnson.

The group of attendees then marched in procession to the Washington Light Infantry Monument, the first monument erected in the battlefield park. PG Guzy also placed a wreath for the SAR at the monument.

TENNESSEE SOCIETY

The Gov. Archibald Roane Chapter of Nashville met on Feb. 26 to honor our first president. By statute, Tennessee officially recognizes the third Monday of February as George Washington's birthday.

The event was held at the Nashville City Club. The guest speaker was Myers Brown of the Tennessee State Library and Archives, who discussed Washington's rise to prominence,



From left, President Mark Norris, Sen. Todd Gardenhire, Rep. Kevin Brooks, Scott McAnally, Trustee David Eagan, Myers Brown, Ronnie Townes and Bruce Jackson.

his role in admitting Tennessee to statehood, and Washington artifacts housed at the archives.

Tennessee Senate Majority Leader and Chapter President Mark Norris presided. National Trustee and former Tennessee President David Eagan also attended and provided an update on NSSAR business.



TEXAS SOCIETY

Bernardo de Galvez Chapter

Bernardo de Galvez Chapter President John Hamlin and Registrar Pete Lenes awarded a Good Citizenship Medal to Galveston County Sheriff Henry Trochesset, above.

VIRGINIA SOCIETY

On Feb. 10, Virginia SAR President Michael J. Elston presented the Silver Good Citizenship Medal to the Honorable Rob Wittman, member of Congress for Virginia's 1st District, during the Virginia Society's annual meeting in

Richmond.



The presentation occurred during the public service awards ceremony in the Old Hall of the House of Delegates at the Virginia State Capitol.
Congressman Wittman gave brief remarks regarding his work on the Armed

Services Committee and his efforts on the conservation of the Chesapeake Bay and then answered questions from those attending.

Williamsburg Chapter

For the second year in a row, the Williamsburg Chapter SAR received first place for its scrapbook. The chapter was given this award during the VASSAR annual meeting in Richmond, Virginia. There were nine other chapters throughout the state that submitted scrapbooks: Richmond, George Washington, Col. William Grayson, Culpepper Minutemen, Norfolk, Thomas Jefferson, Fincastle Resolutions and Col. Fielding Lewis.

The book was compiled by Historian Stephen McGuffin and will be given to the College of William & Mary's Swem Library for archiving

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The Williamsburg Chapter continues to contribute to Colonial Williamsburg's Teachers Institute to empower teachers to cover Colonial and American history in U.S. elementary and secondary schools. The SAR must do its part to prevent the further degradation of the knowledge and understanding of our youth in the history, foundation and heritage of our great nation. The 2014 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) U.S. history assessment showed that an abysmal 18 percent of American high school students were proficient in U.S. history.

For 28 years, Colonial Williamsburg's Teacher Institute has empowered teachers nationwide to better instruct students on the founding of our nation and Revolutionary War history. In support of CW's initiative, the Williamsburg Chapter SAR recently approved sponsoring a scholarship for a local teacher to attend the institute. During the chapter's March 10 meeting, Chapter President Bill Greaf presented a check to Tab Browles, the endowed director of the Institute of Colonial Williamsburg, for that scholarship.

In 2017, the institute grew by 432 participating teachers from 44 states and the District of Columbia. It now has 9,356 teachers.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

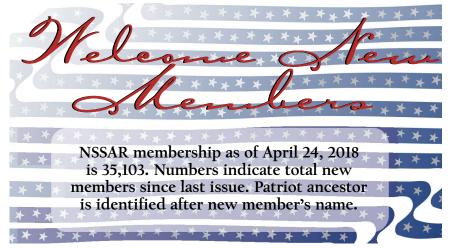
Mid-Columbia Chapter

On Jan. 9, Compatriots Kelly Schultz, Barry Moravek and Larry Flint went to a home-school group of about 24 students in Kennewick, Washington and spoke briefly about our ancestors in the War for Independence and our uniforms. Since the class was in a church instead of a school, Flint was able to bring his musket, tomahawk and bayonet. Schultz gave a talk titled "A Day in the Life of Colonial America." The students were quite enthusiastic.

Kelly and Karen Schultz, Moravek and Flint attended a Pasco Boy Scout meeting on Jan. 23. Kelly put on a living history program.

At the Feb. 17 meeting at the West Richland Moose Lodge, President Moravek asked last year's president, Stan Wills, to present awards. There were three members who have provided outstanding service to the Mid-Columbia Chapter. Brian Smith did an outstanding job as genealogist-registrar. Ken Powe took on the job of sergeant of arms and has been the keeper of chapter supplies in addition to providing flags and items for our raffles and fabricating flag stands. Powe also been been active in the Color Guard. Conn Clark has turned out to many Color Guard events and serves as our chaplain. Each of these compatriots was given Roger Sherman Medals and Certificates.

Stan Wills has received numerous awards over his many years of dedicated service to the SAR and as our first and long-term president. Moravek presented Wills with a Meritorious Certificate. Since Stan has received the Meritorious Service Medal from the State, a Bronze Oak Leaf Cluster for his existing Meritorious Service Medal was presented by the Mid-Columbia Chapter.



Alabama (32)

William Howard Basham Jr., 206170, Peter Cullop

Bernard Ronceford Basham, 206171, Peter Cullop

Ricky Gene Bearden, 206737, William Reeves Whitney Jean Blanchard IV, 206264, John Mills Whitney Jean Blanchard Jr., 206262, John Mills Whitney Jean Blanchard III, 206263, John Mills Victor Louis Chandler, 207138, Henry Pitts Sr. William Eugene Cooper Ill, 206493, John Looney Fred Charles Crawford, 207139, William Benson Danny Ellis Faulk, 206599, William Nutt William Darrell Glover, 206600, Thomas Killen Michael David Haynes, 206491,

William Stone Sr.

Clarence T. Hellums Jr., 206086, John Pratt Allan Sidney Jones, 206852, William Vaden Nathaniel Jones, 206851, William Vaden James Nathaniel Jones, 206853, William Vaden Zachary Wayne Magnusson, 206850, Thomas Wade

William Ivey Massengale Ill, 206854, John Pool Norman Patrick Morrison, 206085,

David Williams

Adam Christopher Morrow, 206492,

David Morrow

William Thomas Myrick, 207050, Blake Barfield Edwin Travis Parker Jr., 207254,

Edward Hampton

Charles Gerber Powell, 206855, Peyton Powell Stephen Mathew Shepherd, 206848,

William Cornett

Danny Joe Shepherd, 206847, William Cornett William Joseph Sommers Jr., 206088,

Jonah Summers

Samuel Jeremiah Summers, 206598,

Timothy Meeker Charles Allen Thigpen, 207255, Joseph Thigpen Jackson Wayne Thornton, 206087,

Josiah Thornton

Joseph Foster Webb, 206089, Joel Chambliss James Roy Williamson, 206265, William Reeves John Franklin Word Jr., 206849,

Sherwood Holcomb

Alaska (6)

Jesse Lawrence Barrett II, 206601, Gottfried Fry Sr.



Rex Everage	AL	155899
Donald Lynn Glover	AL	166094
Jody Bowman Hicks		
Robert Edward James		
Robert Stanley Phillips Jr		
John McNeill Trotman		
Christopher Eric Scudder		
Robert Hughes Bohannan		
Eugene Raymond Le Noue		
Louis Moreland Newton, MD		
Carlton Vernon Phillips Sr		
James Robert Swindell		
Craig Allen Vallon	AZ	180686
Richard Allen Bent	CA	161068
Richard Luther Burkhart	CA	161139
Albert H. Campodonico	CA	105405
Victor Charles Gearhart		
Sanford Watt Haskill	CA	150303
Willard Franklin Langford Jr	CA	151412
John George Mohler		
Robert L. Moore		
Donald Peter Moriarty Jr		
7 3		

James Owen Schuyler CA 129086
Edward Sebree
Clarence Basil Shippey JrCA191317
Charles Norman Wilkins JrCA168276
Robert Nightingale Perkins JrCO118717
Virgil W. Huntley
Roland Russell MillerCT161925
Thomas Mulcahy Jr CT 198160
Halsey Stevens III
David Miner WakeleeCT198465
Howard Elmer WaylandCT169241
Gary Eugene Schone DA 141688
Arden August BartzFL 150157
Eugene L. BradleyFL144895
George Gwynn Clemons JrFL134429
Charles Edward DoyleFL 119842
Nicholas Copeland Fritsch, USAR (Ret.) FL 190262
Colin Joseph GoodFL 199904
Jerry Nelson HessFL156934
Reed Scott JantsFL 158897
Donald Smith Kimball IIFL 115853
Joseph Klein LeinbachFL147672
Bruce Everett LongFL162886
Charles Anthony McKinleyFL 182798
Wesley Minton MorrisFL 184149
William Dudley Putnam IIIFL 200528
James Cullen WilliamsFL192673
Charles Hal Dayhuff IIIGA130998
Charles Alfred DeSaussure III
Thomas Robert McEvoyGA 182271
A. Mims Wilkinson Jr GA 84835
Raymond Leroy Huntley ID 188145
David John HearnIL 204640
William Edwin JohnsonIL181290
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Charles Hord Ray SrIN 122341	Kenneth Wayne Washington	
Donald J. RothenbergerIN 123878	Don J. Cougler	
Kenneth Charles Corbin KY141701	Denzil Doss Garrison	
Ewing Stice Goodwin KY197990	Leon Francis Carey	
James Douglas Sumner KY 180743	Samuel R. Hillegas	
David Ker Texada LA 139387	Gerald Clyde Peppel	
James Clark Gibson MA 206310	Davis Roquemore Reese	
Alfred Stearns Hammond MA179692	Rodney Kenton Schrock	
Maurice Charles von Fettweis II MA115745	Derick Bradt Van Schoonhoven	
Granville W. Wehland	William M. Zsembik	PA 74297
John Aldridge Coffin ME199686	Kenneth W. Jencks	RI 103941
Frederick Sturdivant Vaill Jr ME 150994	Vincent Weaver Smith Jr	
Donald Frank Schinzing MI 205470	Michael Braden Appleby	
Eugene Hayes Selden MI 142250	John E. Phifer Sr	
Robert Allen Wagel MI122589	Francis D. Rogers Jr	
Curtis John OliverMN124478	Sam W. McKinstry, Ph.D	
Roger Vincent YoungMN 120840	Charles E. Ames Esq	
Frank William AdamsMO 144390	Charles Willard Bernard	
Robert Porter CorbettMO131007	Charles Ryland Burnett III	
Milan Albert PaddockMO168664	William Joseph Butler Jr	
Edwin Clyde Neelly IIIMS129055	Randolph Burton Clapp	
Edwin Benton Braswell JrNC99903	Russell James Fontenot	
John Kenneth Cozier JrNC 114256	Robert Alfred Gibson	
Paul Kirk Falls JrNC189151	Bernard Hines Hilburn	
Robert Edward Gatten JrNC 185373	Richard D. Hockensmith	
Robert Philleo IvesNC 186261	John Buford Hollje	
Ralph O. NesslingerNC89948	George William Johnson	
Earl Jackson StrayhornNC138022	Reuben Burch Loggins IV	
Herbert Charles MooreNH 156071	Robert Theodore McFadden	
William Henry Brown IIINY149335	Martin James Netherland	
Robert P. KnightNY 100083	Kenneth Blake Pearce	TX 193198
Stewart R. ManvilleNY71017	Neal Merle Priestley	
Terry Lynn Sheldon NY 160968	Moliere Scarborough Jr	
Gordon Dewey BestOH190076	Melbert Dowlen Schwarz	
Walter Kent BurtOH147080	Harold Monroe Walden Jr	175114
John Theodore DyeOH71649	Ezekiel R. Dumke Jr	
Henry H. Fertig JrOH80041	Spencer William Simons	
Travis Quinten HoldenOH 143513	Aldred Nelson Neer	
Billy Lynn LattaOH185865	Robert Dale Parrish, USA	
Keith Éldon MygrantOH 184951	Donald Dean Hall	
David Logan PenrodOH 174162	Frank Dorsey	
Claude Leighton RoeOH136190	James Lester Prince	
Seton Alan SchweitzerOH203902	Joseph Howard Quick	
Edwin Morrison SmithOH120421	Jacob Edward Dailey	
	-	

Werner Jon Dunham, 206973, Abishai Dunham Samuel Paul McGill, 206267, John Whiteside T. John Nelson, 206494, Cyrus Kinney Philip M. Parks, 206738, Henry Rogers Jared Blake Woody, 206266, Henry Woody

Arizona (19)

Dan Michael Baxley, 206857, William Hurst Peter Yeager Bengtson, 207052, John Engle Benjamin Felix Beutler, 207051, Thomas Knighton Tracy Steven Brown, 206496, Richard Runyan Harold Archie Darling, 206861, Simeon Chubbuck Corbin Ash Dominguez, 206365,

Laodicea Dicey Langston Springfield
Carson Alec Dominguez, 206366,
Laodicea Dicey Langston Springfield
Robert Lauritz Filler, 206090, Frederick Filler
Timothy Edward Gronek, 206364,
Nathaniel Crockett

William Earl Harris, 206856, Nathaniel Greeley Joseph Lee Horan, 206495, Joseph Willis Sr. Colin Alexander Kunst, 206603, John Miller Harold Bruce Legreid, 206860, Gravenor Marsh James Murphy, 206859,

Jonathan Griffin Tompkins Matthew Edward Murphy, 206858, Jonathan Griffin Tompkins George Earl Naanes, 206168,

George Earl Naanes, 206168, Thomas Todd

Robert Christopher Swisher, 206602, William Scott

Edward Leo Welsh Jr., 207053, Bartholomew Calvin (Shawuskuhkung) Keegan Robert Wick, 207140, Robert Crump

Arkansas (11)

David Lee Bartlett Jr., 207055, Moses Powell Jr. David Lee Bartlett, 207054, Moses Powell Jr.

David Thomas Dorrough, 206092,

James Farquhar

Justin Thomas Dorrough, 206093, James Farquhar Raymond Wesley Harris, 206739, John Pitts Brian Matthew Harris, 206740, John Pitts Wyman Clinton Harris, 206741, John Pitts Robert Davis Jordan, 207256,

Nathaniel Jordan Sr.

Arthur Carl Kopkau III, 207257, Benjamin Wood Gary Claude Letson, 206091, Simeon Reed Howard Terry Rasco, 206974, George Robinson

California (58)

William Houston Adams, 207146, Abner Perry Robert Nicholas Bowles, 206865, Gideon Bowles Michael Scott Brooks, 206507, Stephen Pierce Todd James Campbell, 206504, John Pipes Jr. Harold Odell Cardwell Jr., 207147, George Taylor John Vincent Caruso, 207058, Nathaniel Burwell

Benjamin Edward Caruso, 207059, Nathaniel Burwell

Peter Joseph Caruso, 207060, Nathaniel Burwell Dan Charles Casey, 207061, Randolph Casey Ethan Morgan Chakurian, 206862, Ziba Babbitt Scott Charles Corbett, 206604,

Garrett Brinkerhoff

Ryan Alfred Fredrick Cox, 207145, John Mitchell Grant Ryne Crum, 207063, James Patton Jon Michael Crum, 207062, James Patton Owen James Curtis, 206274, Wilson Franklin John Dominic Drdek, 206271, John Trousdale Scott William Elliott, 206268, Patrick Henry Peter Kirk Fagen, 206269, Lemuel Bicknell Albert Lawrence Fenn Jr., 206869,

Charles Harrison

Gustave Rudolf Fischer III, 206868, John Beam Jacob Jordan Fruia, 207057, John Stone Anthony Lee George, 206506, Joshua Fairbanks Frederick William Hagan, 206275, Benjamin Karr Robert LeRoy Horton, 206172, Alexander Scott Jeffrey Jenkins, 206500, Thomas Cook Albert Kimble, 206505,

Claude Thomas Pierre Metoyer Ryder John King, 206605, William Foster John Eric Larson Jr., 206866, Benjamin Miller Fred J. Line Ill, 206173, John Line Douglas Cavins Lowthorp, 206863, James Templer William Alan McCorkle, 206606, Henry Slack William Matthew McCorkle, 206607, Henry Slack Gerald Lee Morrison, 206502, Patrick Allison Louis Harlow Nielsen, 206270, Daniel Peavey William Kenneth Nugent, 207056,

David Holcomb

Thomas Floyd Osborne MD, 206864, Thomas Vaughan

Bobby Joe Pierson, 207144, Cornelius Ludlow Noah Zachary Porter, 206097, Simeon Walker Michael Donovan Potter, 206867, Mark Whitaker Andrew Kent Proctor Sr., 206273,

Andrew Galbraith

Duke Romo, 206094, William Starr Duke Jonathan Romo, 206095, William Starr Richard Paul Rupert, 206608, Dietrich Rupert Shane Lee Scarbrough, 206508,

William Scarbrough

Daniel William Sellers, 206272, Tobias Tillman Kalani Kevin James Siegel, 206501,

Charles Sullivan

Michael Lawrence Smith, 207142, Robert Pickens Cody Bliss Stabelfeldt, 206277, Isaac Smith David Charles Stabelfeldt, 206276, Isaac Smith John Michael Stephenson, 206096, Joseph Thacher Benjamin Blaney Sullivan, 207143,

Timothy Rogers

Travis Alan Swift, 206499, Michael Yohe Alan Giffin Swift, 206498, Michael Yohe Jeffrey Bear Thompson, 207141, Martin Bear John Urbino-Morrison, 206503, Patrick Allison Benjamin Michael Williamson, 206742,

İsrael Coon

Nicholas Edward Williamson, 206743, Israel Coon David Wilbert Zittlow, 206497, Obadiah Jenkins Jr.

Colorado (19)

James Mark Barker, 206278, Abraham Cummings James Francis Batten, 206279, James Batten David Joshua Carr, 206609, Jacobus Van Gaasbeek

James Lynn Dorrough, 207258, William Booles/Bowles

Brian Lee Florence, 206509, Thomas Florence

Guy James Fulton, 206099, Ebenezer Humphrey Mark David Heisten, 206098, Douglas Oliver James Timothy Heydt, 206369, William Wallace James Warren Latham, 206975,

Barnabas B. Haley

Porter August Lubbers, 206745, Morris Barteau Peter Andrew Lubbers, 206744, Morris Barteau Geoffrey Michael Miller, 207148, Guy Elder James William Peterson, 206174, Joseph Wood Jr. David Michael Ross, 207150, Charles Duvall Kyle John Ross, 207151, Charles Duvall Michael Kenneth Ross, 207149, Charles Duvall Scott Charles Seeber, 206368, Jacob Seeber Craig Myrle Seeber, 206367, Jacob Seeber Jerry Dale Stubben, 206746, Thomas Auten Sr.

Connecticut (34)

William Campbell Baldwin Jr., 206977, Simeon Baldwin

Fred Christian Ball, 207153, Isaac Ball James Henry Beall, 206748, Richard Beall Charles William Boyle, 206377, James Pike Jr. Trevor Lee Brown, 206371, Jeremiah Percival Spencer David Brown, 206370, Jeremiah Percival William Anthony Calanca, 206381,

Joshua Gilman

Anthony James Calanca, 206380, Joshua Gilman Daniel Anthony Calanca, 206382, Joshua Gilman Thomas J. Chapman Jr., 206752, Thomas Chapman William Rodman Chapman, 206376,

Joshua Corbin

Michael David Cressman, 206378,

Abraham Cressman

John Leslie Deming Jr., 207064, Ezekiel Kellogg Jessie Ryan Ellis, 206375, Benjamin Ellis Brian Albert Fink, JD, 206383, Henry Glover Tyler Charles Fink, 206384, Henry Glover Edward Charles Hamlin, 206749, Elisha Hamlin Michael Hunter Huebsch, 206374,

William Preston

Frank Morgan Jenks, 206379, John Robinson Kevin Besley Knupp, 206870, Henry Beatty Emmett Ernest Kopp, 207152, Matthew Leeper Thomas Michael Lawton, 206751,

Benjamin Andrews

Timothy James Malley, 206976, Abraham Tyler Sean P. Malone, 206611, Joseph Webster Matthew Marchand, 207154, Josiah Hunt Bruce Robert Meinsen, 207065, Abel Wilder John Stoughton Newberry IV, 206747,

William Handy

Andrew John Packard, 206750, Richards Packard Jeffrey Randolph Foote Peterson, 206372, John Foote

Randolph Ergul Fry Peterson, 206373, John Foote Nicholas Stefan Radman, 206872,

William Sampson

Peter Anthony Radman, 206871, William Sampson

Joshua Daniel Taylor, 206610, Frederick Garst Robert James Weaver, 206280, Joseph Fox Sr.

Dakota (1)

Torin McGaa Peterson, 206510, Silvanus Conant

Delaware (4)

John Linton Broadrick, 206100, David Edenfield Steven Victor Cardano, 206978, Moses Stanley Thomas Christopher Weeks, 206282, Ephraim Nutting Christopher James Weeks, 206281,

Ephraim Nutting

District of Columbia (11)

Patrick Lee Anderson, 207261, Samuel Espey/Espy Frederic Wood Barnes Jr., 207262, John Floyd William Geoffrey Carpenter, 206753, Nathaniel Hall Sr.

Travis Michael Combest, 207259, Arthur Sheffield Colin Robertson McColl, 206389, Thomas Jenkins Winston Francis McColl, 206385, Thomas Jenkins Richard Thomas McColl, 206386, Thomas Jenkins Scott Joseph McColl, 206387, Thomas Jenkins Brian Anthony McColl, 206388, Thomas Jenkins Samuel Vattelle Ritchie, 206754, William Parks Wadi A. Yakhour, 207260, Pierce Dant Hamblin

Florida (81)

Charles Albert Badgley Jr., 207281, Stephen Badgley

Matthew Randall Berning, 206391, John Morehart Marvin Douglas Bisset, 206283, William Brown Herbert M. Blair Ill, 206875, Asher Reaves Brett Thomson Bradford, 206406, John Stanford Milton LaRue Branham Jr., 206193, Peter LaRue William Orbin Branthoover Jr., 206402,

Adam Brandhofer

Arthur D. Bullock III, 206390, Samuel Magruder Robert Nolan Burhans, 206874,

Cornelis/Cornelius Burhans

George Willard Case, 206284, Casper Casperus Westervelt

Robert Franklin Casteleberry, 206873,

John Castleberry

Michael Anthony Castronovo, 206518, Joseph Goodenough

Dale Carey Choate, 206884, William Dunnington, Sr.

Clifford Jeffery Coffyn, 206363,

Johan Philip Shaffer Thomas Corkill, 206759, Robert Wilmot

Edwin Meredith Corns IV, 206286,

Manasseh Cutler

Edwin Meredith Corns III, 206287, Manasseh Cutler

Trenton Cash Cowperthwait, 206196, Peter LaRue

Garrett Kenneth Cropsey, 206397, Alexander Cropsey

Joseph Dalrymple, 206198, Andrew Dalrymple P. Thomas Davis, 206627, Henry Fullenwider Peter McCoy Davis, 207066, John McCoy Melvin Lee Davis, 206393, Jesse Lane William Berry Dodson, 206756, Daniel Boone James Allen Drew, 206396, David Wallace Jorge Ignacio Du Quesne, 206880,

Pierre Claude Du Quesne

Jorge Ignacio Du Quesne Jr., 206881, Pierre Claude Du Quesne

Javier Alejandro Du Quesne, 206882, Pierre Claude Du Quesne

Christopher Michael Elbon, 206191, Joseph Lantz John Richard Elley III, 206757, Henry Smoot

Graham Westerfield Fountain, 207161, Casparus Westervelt

Lauren Terry Frank, 206519, Henry Frank Patrick James Gleason, 206404, Simon Gleason Waldemar Melvin Goulet Sr., Ph.D, 207067, Jacob George Klock

Waldemar Melvin Goulet Jr., MBA, MS, 207068, Jacob George Klock

Clayton Lee Hadnot Jr., 206285, Thomas Stickney Matthew Todd Hamilton, 206994, John Ricketts Christopher Ewing Heydt, 207162, Joseph Yates Michael Paul Houle, 206392, Samuel Morrison

Gunter Judson, 206399, Benjamin Johnson Grant Michael Landry, 206993, James Dowling David Ralph Leonard, 206876, Thomas McNary Matthew Daniel Leonard, 206878,

Thomas McNary

David Ralph Leonard Jr., 206877,

Thomas McNary

John Kenneth Marshall, 206629,

George Ludwig Breinig

Jeffrey Wells Massey, 206755, Abraham Massey Sean Stephen McGraw, 207159, Thomas Jernigan John Frederick Mellor, 207282, John Woodson Jr. Tony Middleton, 207160, James Middleton Matthew Dale Mills, 206991, Frederick Ault John Kenneth Moore, 206628, Simon Holden Glendon L. Moyer, 206190, Peter Lebo Jeffrey Hugh Nelson, 206760, John Nelson John Ray Noel, 206197, Taylor Noel Bryce Logan Nottle, 206195, Peter LaRue Garrett James Nottle, 206194, Peter LaRue Michael E. Ogden, 206403, Stephen Stiles Kenneth William Palmer, 206515, John Quimby Michael F. Palmer, 206514, John Quimby Elmer Donald Park, 206758, Zebulon Parke/Park

Joseph Pritchard

Christopher Paul Pritchard, 206626, Joseph Pritchard

Eason George Pritchard III, 206624,

Stephen Ford Pritchard, 206625, Joseph Pritchard William Spencer Replogle, 206879,

Michael D. Powers, 206394, Daniel Chandler

Rinehart Replogle Jr.

Kevin J. Robson, 206405, Eusebius Ball Ryan Thomas Schell, 207280, George Espy Nicholas George Sileo, 206992, Jotham Moulton Zachary Stephen Spencer, 206513, John Hart Alexander Hollis Spencer, 206512, John Hart Jay Clinton Steinke, 206398, David Bent Sr. Frederick Allan Stone, 207283, Benjamin Stone David Eugene Sullivan, 206395, Daniel Sage Kenneth Swain, 206401, Richard Swain Kevin Michael Swain, 206400, Richard Swain Jonathan Andrew Vincent, 206192, David Lindsey Benjamin Ivan Wallace, 206517, Hugh Wallace Keith Evert Wallace, 206516, Hugh Wallace Donn Alden Weaver, 206407, Ebenezer Thresher Andrew Christopher Wilkin, 206623, Joseph Pritchard

Merlyn C. Wilson, 206883, Thomas Bliss

France (7)

Benjamin Sylvain Autric, 206762, Antoine Rouge Guillaume d'Arlot de Cumond, 206289,

Rene Louis Dominique comte de Gras-Preville Philippe Yves-Marie-Gilles Cavelier de

Cuverville d'Anglade, 206764, Louis Hyacinthe C. de Cuverville

Guillaume-Henri Marie-Phillippe de Gouzillon de Belizal, 206763,

Andre M de Gouzillon de Belizal

Sylvain Francois-Marie Fanier, 206761, Jean-Baptiste de Roquefeuil-Labitour

Francois Rodier, 206288,

Charles-Rene Ague de La Voute Arnaud Hubert-Marie-Henri Thiebaut Barlatier de Mas, 206765,

Paul François I. Barlatier de Mas

Georgia (52)

Carter James Allinger, 206996, John Green Sawyer Benjamin Allinger, 206995, John Green Ronald Leroy Awe, 206291, Eppa Fielding

Henry Wilder Bailey Jr., 206413, William West Vernon Dale Bassham, 206297, James Compton Noah Robert Bettich, 206409, Thomas Draper Lukas Mohamed Bettich, 206408, Thomas Draper William Jack Bettridge, 206415, George Rucker Jarratt D. Bryan, 207073, Devereaux Jarratt Charles Bradford Bryant, 206411, Elias Allred Lynn Chadwick Butler, 206410, Ichabod Marshall John Mark Davis, 207071, Ephraim Rand Stephen Patrick Dengler, 206105, George Wiant Jason Lee Edwards, 206292, Absalom Hooper William Lewis Evelyn Jr., 206414,

Philip Pendelton

Jimmy Ray Fewell, 206521, Philemon Bradford Michael John Garretson, 206101, James Gardner David Francis Garretson, 206104, James Gardner Gregory George Garretson, 206102,

James Gardner

Mathew Joseph Garretson, 206103, James Gardner Willie David Gunn, 207001, John Gunn Gary Joe Hoyt, 206524, Benjamin Martin Henry Matthew Hughes, 206416, George Rucker Randy Donald Jones, 206290, Abraham LeVan Philip Spencer King, 206630, Elijah Horton Joseph Edward Knick, 206421, William Knick Joseph Henry Knick, 206420, William Knick Leroy Lamar Ill, 206422, Joshua Wilson Marion Bryan Lamar, 206423, Joshua Wilson Eli Justin Lines, 206520, James Davis Clifford Carmichael Lowery, 206294, John Griffith

William Alan Martin, 206998, Simon Lane Alan Wayne Martin, 206999, Simon Lane Colin William Martin, 207000, Simon Lane Jonathan Louis McDonald, 206766,

Joseph Humphrey

Thomas Wood Montgomery, 206419, John Morton William Brennan Munson Sr., 206522,

Zenas Burnham

Kenneth Payne Murphree, 206296, Amos Richards

Dorroh Lee Nowell Ill, 206418, John Griffith Tray Matthew Patterson, 206525,

Arthur Patterson

John Ellis Pearce, 206412, Twisden Bowden John Webster Robitscher, 206417,

Zachariah Flagler

Martin Alexander Schwerzler, 207070, Peter McLean

Thomas Wesley Smith, 206523, Andrew Houser Gary Marshall Smith, 206106, Anthony Jenkins Perry McCoy Smith Jr., 206997, Andrew Porter Joseph Lamon Smith, 207002, Jesse Doles Elijah Wayne Stancel, 207069, Samuel Farr/Pharr McLane Tilton IV, 207072, Nehemiah Tilton Kenneth Bennett Van Alstyne III, 206295,

Leonard Van Alstyne Billy Ray Wiseman, 206298, Samuel Dunlap John Pentecost Younts, 206293, William Pentecost

Germany (1)

Mark Anthony Williams, 207074, William Key

Idaho (3)

Bowen Whiting Huntsman, 206768, James Huntsman Mark Allen Lane, 206107, Laban Landon Ryan Davis Plunkett, 206767, George Hume

Illinois (18)

Steven Arthur Decker, 206424, Conrad Kresge

Martin Joseph Detmer Jr., 206427, Matthias Hollenback

Martin Joseph Detmer Ill, 206428, Matthias Hollenback

Vernon Eugene Dotson, 206769, Joshua Hughes James Michael Hall, 206633, John Baccus Roger Dean Hileman, 207005, Jacob Heilman Dennis Ryan Lamb, 206425, Enoch Hewins Andrew Shawn McRoy, 206300,

Charles McAnally

Christopher Michael Moore, 207006,

Andrew Shirk

Obed Everett Rhine, 206631, James Clinton Robert Marley Rutan Jr., 206632, Noah Goodman David Francis Schmitt, 206299, Daniel Windle Jacob Alan Sims, 207007, George Killinger Michael Brantley Stricker, 207003,

Michael Hargan

Robert David Stricker, 207004, Michael Hargan Bernard Berdane West, 206426, William Simpson. Robert Douglas Woodward, 206771,

Christopher Woodward Robert Wayne Woodward, 206770, Christopher Woodward

Indiana (21)

William Ray Adams, 206200, Isaac Holman Jr. Jarrod Marvin Carr, 207289, Joseph Sayre Wayne Marvin Carr, 207287, Joseph Sayre Bryan Wayne Carr, 207288, Joseph Sayre Dean Allan Carr, 207290, Joseph Sayre Patrick Wayne Clemson, 207291, Joseph Sayre Jason Thomas Daege, 206201, Peter Koon/Kuhn Justin Alexander Garrard, 206301,

Timothy Rhodes

Glenn Leon Hall, 206429, Peter Lynch Jan Martin Henline, 206634,

Thomas Archbold/Archibald Andrew Scott Holcroft, 207286, Lawrence Gordon Thomas Jay Jones, 207284, Thomas Jeffery David Laurel Lyons, 207285, Benjamin Perry Joseph Curtis McDowell, 206636,

George McDowell

Gerald Lee McDowell, 206635, George McDowell Gregory Franklin Moore, 207075, Thomas Marks Kenneth Dean Rudibaugh II, 206199,

Richard Baker

John Andrew Thomas, 206202, Benjamin Platt Jacob Aaron Vink, 206108, Asa Pattee Abram Brooks Webb, 206773, Richard Thomas Benjamin Thomas Webb, 206772,

Richard Thomas

Iowa (10)

Joshua Stephen Davenport, 206109, Francis Davenport Joshua Dean Dyer, 207166, James Crandall Thomas George Filloon, 206110, John Falloon Daniel Dean Green, 207163, John Green Trevor Allen Green, 207164, John Green David Lee Little, 206430, Moses Robinson Nicholas Joseph Losby, 207165, James Lawler

Christopher Andrew Martin, 206639,

Simeon Reed

Aaron Thomas Martin, 206638, Simeon Reed Arnold Andrew Martin Ill, 206637, Simeon Reed

Kansas (35)

Rick Durand Alley, 206781, Ezekiel Slaughter Robert Kenneth Brackney, 206775, Eli Collins Kenneth Hubert Brackney, 206774, Eli Collins Gary Kent Bradley, 206777, Isaac Bradley

SPRING 2018 41 Caleb James Dill, 207167, William Teagarden Gary Fredrick Garten, 206641, Philip Boyer Devin Leon Gray, 206529, Samuel Gray Darin Lee Gray, 206528, Samuel Gray Douglas Lynn Gray, 206527, Samuel Gray Darwin Leon Gray, 206526, Samuel Gray James Paul Holley ll, 206778, James Easton James Lewis Huckabay Sr., 206431, Charles Polk Taylor Austin Johnson, 206302, David Henderson William Russell King, 206112, Benjamin Throop William Throop King, 206111, Benjamin Throop Joseph Clayton McDaniel Jr., 206780,

Rudolph Conrad
Justis Charles Posson, 207292, Peter Borst
Broc Davis Putman, 206888, David Conger
Dennis E. Putman, 206885, David Conger
Dennis Durk Putman, 206886, David Conger
James Dennis Putman, 206887, David Conger
Robert Dylan Pike Riddle, 207009, Robert Warren
Robert Dale Riddle, 207008, Robert Warren
Jack Aaron Sanders, 207076, David Gray
Cody Carter Savage, 206783, John Ewing
William Smith Savage, 206782, John Ewing
David Paul Schneider, 206890, Timothy Connor
Benjamin Paul Schneider, 206893,

Timothy Connor Jackson David Schneider, 206892, Timothy Connor Mark Richard Schneider, 206891,

Timothy Connor Jason Barrett Slinkard, 206779, Howell Sellers Craig Randolph Smith, 206896, John Craig Dillon Lance Stum, 206776, Eli Collins Grant William Whitney, 206640, David Abbey Donald Everett Whitson, 206889, John Merritt

Kentucky (35)

Kona Dean Adkins, 206646, Thomas Bentley Charles Embry Anderson, 206786, John Anderson Steven Phillip Bullard, 206644, Abel Bullard Timothy Ryland Cooper, 207080,

Peter Glasscock Jr. Jerry Sanford Crawford Jr., 207078, Kimbrow Landers

Jonathan Parks Dudley, 207172, Charles Vincent James Henry Duggins, 206645, John Baptist Cissel Carl Robert Foster, 207169, Anthony Foster Donald Lee Goodridge, 206203, John Hedges Thomas Wayne Harper MD, 206894,

David Engler David Lee Hensley, 206304, Samuel Howard Zachary Gordon Hollandsworth, 206647,

Jonathan Stone Richard Wright Holloman, 207174, Robert Wright Kenneth Walter Jorette, 206785, Charles Houchin Jimmy Wayne Kelly, 207168, Christopher Cooper Robert Ewart Kinney, 207077, James Taylor Jr. William Bruce Lake, 206643, Absalom Baird David Anthony Mallory, 207170, William Mallory James Richard Martin, 207079,

Woffendall Kendall Matthew James McDonald, 206784, Philip Fulkerson

Warren Arthur Meilicke, 207173, Humphrey Brumfield

Arthur Wallace Meilicke, 206303, Humphrey Brumfield

Cameron Clark Poe, 206305, David Hertz Howard Vincent Roberts, 206204, Richard Cain Mancil Dulin Robinson ll, 207010,

Nicholas Devore

Timothy Allen Rossman, 207011, John Morrow

Thomas Adair Rossman, 207012, John Morrow Jonathan Scott Sink, 206895,

William P. Thomasson

Mark Stephen Chapman Sullivan, 206787, William Hall

Ricky Lee Thomas, 207293, Thomas Lowrey Michael Thomas Timm, 206113, John Whitlock Roger Dale Vincent, 207171, Charles Vincent David Earl Vincent, 206433, Peter Borders Jason Earl Vincent, 206432, Peter Borders Richard Pendleton Watts Il, 206642,

William Ballard

Louisiana (19)

Roger Karl Anderson, 206306, John Anderson Jr. Charles Jonathan Bailes, 206897, John Hearne Russ Wayne Copping, 207294,

Mathias Haydel/Heydel

James Ashby Davis, 206115, Timothy Taylor Sr. Lawrence Charles Guilbeau, 206901,

Jean Guilbeau

Mark Gregory Guilbeau, 206900, Jean Guilbeau Carey Rauhman Holliday, 207081,

Benjamin Kitchen

Charles Anthony Jaubert, 206903, Pierre Joubert Christian McCarthy Jaubert, 206902,

Pierre Joubert

Floyd Joseph Joffrion Jr., 206114, Joseph Mayeux James Garland Jones Ill, 206899, Hugh Jones John Mark Jones, 206898, Hugh Jones Rene Joseph Navarre, 207083, Joseph Martin Robert Mitchell Pratt, 207082, William Wade Payton Joseph Radosta, 206649,

Nathaniel Plummer

Daniel Todd Roberts, 206309, Enos Baldwin William Ted Roberts, 206308, Enos Baldwin Melvin Nicholas Schneider III, 206307, Samuel Duval Jr.

William Swift Werther, 206648, Heman Swift

Maine (7)

Anthony Philip Blasi, 207295, John Payne Marshall Cameron Dugal, 206436, Jason Russell Sr.

Chandler Otis Dugal, 206435, Jason Russell Sr. Brent Russell Dugal, 206434, Jason Russell Sr. Finnegan Alden Ketcham, 207015, Auris Remsen Todd Richard Ketcham, 207014, Auris Remsen Andrew Burgess Palmeri Sr., 207013, Jonathan Nash

Maryland (8)

Daniel Alexander Bernstein, 206788, John Fluck Donald Richard Hay, 206205, William Cherry A. Joseph W. Hicks, 207175, William Southern Edward D. Knight, 206116, Joshua Smith Harold Stanley Link Jr., 206789,

Abraham Stout Jeffrey Alan Radtke, 207177, James Williams Cameron Harris Radtke, 207178, James Williams Jeffrey Robert Smith, 207176, Christian Cressman

Massachusetts (19)

J. Duncan Berry, 207297, Isaac Berry Scott Alden Cleaves, 206905, Benjamin Dow Mark D. Eaton, 206904, Benoni Burrill/Burrell James Clark Gibson, 206310,

Johann Casper Keller

Matthew Hovious, 207179, Samuel Holmes John Edward Huth, 207016, Jacob Van Olinda Donald Jay Kinney, 206654, Charles Jones Peter Johann Kunz, 206655, David Dunham Andrew Thomas Murphy, 206315, William Murray

Eric Mark Murray, 206314, William Murray Thomas John Murray, 206312, William Murray Alexander Thomas Murray, 206313,

William Murray

William T. Murray Jr., 2063ll, Wright Nicholson Sean Louis Ryan, 207296, James Perry Alexander Robert Sacco, 206650,

Nathaniel Randall

Scott Elwin Tourtellot, 206653, Joel Fletcher John Worthington Wooster Tuttle, 206652,

Christopher Miner

Harrison Miller Tuttle, 206651,

Christopher Miner

Rulon Edward Wilcox, 206906, David Wilcox

Michigan (49)

Gabriel Joash Brower, 206532, Elijah Phelps Abel Titus Brower, 206533, Elijah Phelps Stephen Wells Burke, 206117, Henry Hillery Richard Leo Burt-Willson, 206657, James Robinson

Cormac Joseph Capadona, 206543, Timothy Foote Gary Wayne Cole, 206736, Parker Cole John Allen Dameron, 207084, John Dameron Edward Thomas Ellis, 207090, Danforth Keyes John Francis Ellis, 207089, Danforth Keyes Gerald Patrick Emerson, 206537, Joseph Sapp Luke Marvin Frey, 206596, Gottfried Frey Lane Thomas Frey, 206595, Gottfried Frey Ethan James Frey, 206597, Gottfried Frey Karl Alfonse Gigante, 206907, Philip Mulkey William Thomas Hamlin, 206206, John Carpenter Bruce Thomas Hancock, 206914, Joseph Hancock Keith Harold Hines, 206912, David Field Randy Dale House, 206909, Daniel Brodhead Larry Dale House, 206908, Daniel Brodhead Elijah Jack LaBurn, 206316, Richard Jersey Donovan James Murphy, 206539, Timothy Foote Aiden Lawrence Murphy, 206542, Timothy Foote Bradford Edward Murphy, 206538, Timothy Foote Devin Lawrence Murphy, 206540, Timothy Foote Ryan Bradford Murphy, 206541, Timothy Foote Paul James Phelps, 206530, Elijah Phelps Paul James Phelps Il, 206531, Elijah Phelps Gilbert Reed Prestin, 206793, George Fetters Daniel Raymond Alexander Prestin, 206791, George Fetters

George Fetters
William Allen Prestin, 206790, George Fetters
William Charles Prestin, 206794, George Fetters
Edward Charles Prestin, 206792, George Fetters
David Kenneth Puro, 206119, Uriah Mead
Robert Allen Ray, 207087, Arthur Irwin
Robert Jackson Ray, 207088, Arthur Irwin
Ryley Robert Regner, 206118, Henry Hillery
Paul Anthony Roettger, 206913, Nathaniel Braley
Charles Laurence Sayles, 206535, George Stocking
Mark John Sayles, 206534, George Stocking
Jonathan Mark Sayles, 206536, George Stocking
James Donald Schell, 206437, Abner Spencer
Thomas Dwight Skornicka III, 206120,

Joseph Riddle

Michael Henry Smith, 207085, Ebenezer Vining William Edward Thompson, 207180,

Nathaniel Braley

Jeremy William Tiberg, 206910, Daniel Brodhead Philip James Tobias, 206656, Daniel Tobias Bryce Edward Ungerman, 206911,

Daniel Brodhead

William Edward Virgin Jr., 206658, Joseph Toler Clay Matthew West, 207086, Michael Loomis

Minnesota (16)

Ronald J. Campbell, 206915, Isaac Sanderson Bryan Thomas Coats, 206209, Nicholas Blankenbaker

Timothy Wayne Coats, 206207, Nicholas Blankenbaker

Daniel Ryan Coats, 206208,

Nicholas Blankenbaker

Thomas M. Grund, 206661, Silas Stone Michael J. Grund, 206660, Silas Stone

Jeffrey O. Harrison, 206545, Lebbeus Chapman

Christopher F. Harrison, 206544,

Lebbeus Chapman

Andrew F. Harrison, 206546, Lebbeus Chapman Kenneth Roy Hatch, 206210, Nathan Hatch Ethan Robert Kreager, 207184, Henry Miller Eric Ryan Kreager, 207183, Henry Miller Channing David Smith, 207182,

Abraham Gormley

David Channing Smith, 207181,

Abraham Gormley

Peter Lowell Stelter, 206659, John Dewald Eric Harding Wesman, 206795, Daniel Moore

Mississippi (6)

Jackson Abner Flowers, 206317, William Rochelle Keith Gerard Goodfellow M.D., 206916,

Notley Young

Larry Joe Mardis, 207185, Peter Von Cannon David Hugh Ray, 206438, John McHenry David Austin Ray, 206439, John McHenry Reynolds William Russell, 206211, George Reynolds

Missouri (21)

David Van Gelder Bartlett, 207186, John Bartlett

Jerome Wade Compton, 206122,

Archibald Compton Michael John Coutts, 206662, John Strode Ray Lester Garton, 206796, John Stockton Gary Dale Gift, 207187, John Nicholas Gift Lincoln Pfeifer Hough, 206212, William Hough John Samuel Lambros, 206124, George Teegarden Joseph Michael Leatherwood, 206547,

John George Rinker Mitchell Jay Moore, 206548, Jeremiah Greenman Matthew Jay Niemeyer, 206440, Robert Irvine Alex John Swanson, 206664, Jacob Zech Scott Thomas Swanson, 206665, Jacob Zech John Arthur Bohman Swanson ll, 206663,

Jacob Zech Austin Randall Wagner, 206919, John Seely Owen Clifford Wagner, 206917, John Seely Brandon Michael Wagner, 206921, John Seely Jason Everett Wagner, 206920, John Seely Randall Owen Wagner, 206918, John Seely Robert Thornton Wiley, 206441, George Thornton Michael J. Williamson, 206123, John Williamson Robert Logan Wilson, 206121, John Dollins

Montana (4)

Grady Mack Grandfield, 207188, Samuel McAdams Robert Bruce Green, 206213, Adam Oberly John Troxel Hamilton, 206797, Robert Slemons James Dale Jasperson, 206798, Jacob Badsel

Nebraska (5)

Dean D. Knight, 206214, Nathaniel B. Gardner Lance Alan Overmyer, 206666, John George Overmyer

Ward Matthew Heasty Reesman, 207093, Philip Reesman

Charles G. Reynolds, 207091, William Reynolds Stanley Wayne Smith, 207092, William Colgan

Nevada (7)

Dylan Conway Benson, 206551, Joseph Messenger Aleander Boyar Carmer, 207299, Alden Sears Adam Boyar Carmer, 207298, Alden Sears Herbert Stone James Ill, 206549, Samuel Stone Jr. Richard Burton James, 206550, Samuel Stone Jr. Michael William Pelletier, 206215,

William Brewer

Richard Miles Schori, 207189, Asa North

New Hampshire (12)

Scott Courtland D'Attilio, 206669, John Antes John Robert D'Attilio, 206668, John Antes Brady Courtland D'Attilio, 206671, John Antes Kyle John D'Attilio, 206672, John Antes John Courtland D'Attilio, 206667, John Antes Erik Henry D'Attilio, 206670, John Antes Douglas Charles Haskell, 206318, Parker Jaques Robert Francis Link, 207017, Miles Harvey Morgan Slater Prout, 207019, Harris Prout Jack Phillip Prout, 207020, Harris Prout Andrew Joseph Prout, 207018, Harris Prout Barry Scott Stewart, 207094, David Littlefield

New Jersey (17)

Timothy Karl Brenner, 207095, Adonijah Horton Brian Christopher Eugene Darling, 207136, Thomas Canfield

Joseph Gregory Dickinson, 207190, Nason Cass Edward Wilton Forbes, 206442, Joseph Pierson Robert Timothy Friel, 207096, Edward Dorr James Lee Howard Jr., 206320, Moses Shelby Ryan Andrew Mershon, 206673, Wiiliam Mershon Richard John Neary, 206443, Seth Stone Paul Weston Ossou, 206922, Samuel Weston Clark W. Perry, 206676, Peter Westbrook Charles Anthony Reber, 207137, Thomas Canfield Stephen Richard Reisig, 206322, Richard Gibbs Sandy Matthew Reisig, 206321, Richard Gibbs George Cliffford Thomas Tatem, 206674,

Peter Stahler

Jonathan Ernest Tobias, 206675,

Joseph Stonecipher

William Henry Wallace, 206216, James Wallace Jr. Zachary Thomas Young, 206319,

Otho Holland Williams

New Mexico (4)

George Eugene Brenton, 206799, James Brenton Jesse William Carr, 207098, Valentine Oyler Donald Wayne Connor, 207097, Philip Stigleman Luis Salazar, 207099, Daniel Babcock

New York (62)

George W. Anthony, 206979, Casper Snyder Larry J. Arnold, 206618, Aaron Parkinson Tyson J. Arnold, 206619, Aaron Parkinson Paul Berthold Brower, 206612, Isaac Allison Paul Daly Brower, 206613, Isaac Allison Cody Michael Candee, 206188, Nehemiah Candee Nathan A. M. Christopherson, 206187, John Fishel Leo Thomas Connolly, 206511, James See William Dennis Connolly, 206801,

Stephen Converse

J. Trent Cox, 206621, Stephen Doty Charles Matthew Criss, 207266, Israel Higgins Jr. Scott Andrew Edick, 207273, Christian Ittig/Edick

Ariel Clay Ehrlich, 207271, Benjamin Penn Joseph Eric Ehrlich, 207270, Benjamin Penn John Wesley Eisenhauer, 206980, Richard Arthur John Scott Eisenhauer, 206981, Richard Arthur George Francis Wesley Eisenhauer, 206982,

Richard Arthur

Paul James Engle, 206186, Joseph Calkins Aidan P. Franks, 207269, Nathaniel B. Gardner Preston E. Franks, 207268, Nathaniel B. Gardner Jonathon Taylor Frey, 206615, John Frey Stephen J. Gravereaux, 206622, John Carter Schuyler Osborne Caldwell Harding, 207264,

Benjamin Hamilton Asher Christian Harding, 207265,

Benjamin Hamilton

Michael Frederick Heinel, 207272, Benjamin Perley

William Howard Hill, 206614, Jacob Lent Noah Wilson Jacobs, 207278, Lewis Jacobs David William Jacobs, 207274, Lewis Jacobs Christopher David Jacobs, 207275, Lewis Jacobs Gregory Paul Jacobs, 207276, Lewis Jacobs Bradford Christopher Jacobs, 207277, Lewis Jacobs Theo Emory Jacobs, 207279, Lewis Jacobs Christopher Edward Kelley, 206800, James Kelley William C. Livingston, 206985, Thomas Railey William C. Livingston IV, 206984, Thomas Railey Dylan A. Loud, 207158, David Loud William A. Loud, 207157, David Loud William Warren Loud, 207156, David Loud Michael Scott McGurty, 206987, Robert Parker Nicholas West McNelly, 206176, Sebastian Heeter Thomas Filbrun McNelly, 206177,

Sebastian Heeter

Daniel Filbrun McNelly, 206175, Sebastian Heeter Tyler James Metcalf, 206988, Ebenezer Gould Sean Patrick Metcalf, 206989, Ebenezer Gould Gregory Stephen Morrison, 206990,

Sotha Hickman

Ryan Murphy, 206617, Reuben Perkins David John Odell, 206616, Benjamin Odell Charles Edward Parrella, 206178, James Ivory Andrew Stephen Peirce, 207263, Solomon Peirce Marc Donovan Pendell, 206189, Benjamin Pollard Ryan Joseph Randazzo, 206179, Jacob Lent Mark Manley Rust, 207267, Gersham Rust Anthony Joseph Sangi, 207155, Benjamin Lamkin William J. Stautner, 206180, Phineas Austin Matthew Dominic Stoffolano, 206983,

Henry Smith Philip B. Strauss, 206986, Asa Burgess Robert Alvin Wallace, 206181, Nehemiah Wallace Robert Alvin Wallace Jr., 206182,

Nehemiah Wallace

Donald Scott Wallace, 206184, Nehemiah Wallace Michael Steven Wallace, 206183,

Nehemiah Wallace

Roger Earl Wallace, 206185, Nehemiah Wallace Steven F. Zapf, 206620, Nathan Gallup

North Carolina (41)

James Robert Ainsley, EdD, 206927, Peter Winn Anthony Robert Beauregard, 206680,

Obadiah Adams

John Grady Bunnell Jr., 206127, Titus Bunnell Graham Heinrich Burri, 207300, John Pruett Gregory Paul Cable, 206929, Abner Cable John Ashley Cole, 206445, Mathew Murray Pell Carlton Cooper, 206217, Marcum Cooper Roy Asberry Cooper III, 206218, Marcum Cooper Albert Nelson Dale III, 206125, Arthur Irwin Johnny Guy Davidson, 206128, Joseph Feamster

SPRING 2018 43 Carroll Donald Diegert Jr., 207100, Charles Parsons

Matthew Quentin Ezzell, 206678, John Shepard Linwood George Finch, 206222, Alexander Avery John Fin Finley Gold, 207021, Joel Chambliss Michael Scott Hamby Sr., 206684,

William Daniell

Luther Clayton Herring, 206679, Richard Herring William Freeman Howard III, 207301,

Jeremiah Monday

William Ross Howard, 207302, Jeremiah Monday Jack Hamilton Howard, 207303,

Jeremiah Monday

Albert Marion Kinker Jr., 206126,

Leonard Claiborne

Elgie Lee McGalliard Jr., 206219, George Wilfong Kim Hardy Palmer, 206928, Samuel Monteith Jacob Jefferson Pare, 206683, Joseph Josselyn Jr. Louis G. Pare, 206682, Joseph Josselyn Jr. Daniel G. Pare, 206681, Joseph Josselyn Jr. Richard Stephen Pressley, 206677, Richard Ledbetter

Richard Allen Pruett, 206802, John Pruett John Wesley Pugh Jr., 206220, Thomas Pugh Jr. Robert Marsh Ray Ill, 206931,

John Adam Treutlen

Edward Walter Reynolds, 206930,

Jonathan Dustin

Joseph John Ripley, 206223, Mordecai Balderston Kevin Douglass Sidney, 207191, Andrew Corsa Charles Norman Stedman, 206926,

Nathan Stedman

Duane Kay Stewart, 207101, Michael Gilbert Martin Jay Storie, 206444, Jonathan Banks Derrick Shawn Walker, 206221, John Church Brandon Robert Whelan, 206923,

Nathaniel Jordan Sr.

Matthew Thomas Whelan, 206924, Nathaniel Jordan Sr.

Mark Raymond Whelan, 206925, Nathaniel Jordan Sr.

Earl Daniel Wilcox, 207023,

Sarah Boone Wilcoxson

William Todd Wooten, 207022, Richard Caswell

Ohio (47)

Karl Cring Ayers, 206803, John Ayers Larry Barnett, 206134, Samuel Hocker John Thomas Bennett, 206565, George Roush James Richard Bissell, 206559, Ozias Bissell Jr. Joseph Anthony Bistransky, 206566,

Otto Van Tuyl

Stephen Anthony Brannen, 206553, Samuel Reed Anthony Stephen Brannen, 206554, Samuel Reed John England Catlin III, 207105, John Beard William Francis Conroy IV, 206555,

Abraham Brown

Mark Allen Cook, 206133, George Hottel Joseph Daniel Coyan, 206135, Edward Coyan James Timothy Crane, 206129, Moses Crane Thomas Emmett Ebenhack, 207106, George Hitler Michael Thomas Eberhart. 206563.

Elihu Underwood

Thomas Lynn Endemann, 207103, Peter Mower Earl William Fay, 206804, Solomon Freeman Dale Herbert Fellows, 206556, Obel/Obil Fellows Leonard Thomas Gates Jr., 206933,

Zephaniah Woolsey

Mark William Hardman, 206138, Jacob Argabrite Noah Rylee Hardman, 206139, Jacob Argabrite Dewey Wade Hildebrand, 206131,

Conrad Hildebrand

Jim Edward James, 206136, Christian Herr Sammy Taylor Malicote, 207192, William Cornett Tracy Scott McKee, 206552, James Clark Justin David McLemore, 206808,

John Zimmerman

Marcus Shawn McLemore, 206807, John Zimmerman

Larry Dean Miller, 207108, John Schenck
Paul Emery Mitchell, 207304, James Fulton
Arthur Junior Mizer, 206137, Adam Myser/Miser
William Bruce Neff, 207194, Conrad Neff
Richard Nord, 207104, Elizur Loveland
Logan Kent Pitcher, 206932, Jonathan Ford
Christian Matthew Raineri, 206130,

Arthur Arrington Jr.

Joseph William Sanders, 206561, Edward Gray Ronald Melvin Sanders, 206562, Edward Gray Peter Jon Schlosser, 207193, Joseph Bowen J. R. Smith, 206934, George Smith John I. Snouffer, 206809, Henry Bright Nathaniel Jenkins Spicer, 206558,

Nathan Spicer Sr.

Robert Matthew Spicer, 206557, Nathan Spicer Sr. Johnathan Case Stahl, 207102, Hezekiah Wells Mark Douglas Taracuk, 206560, John Compton John Thomas Vorhies, 206806, Ephraim Bates John Rolland Vorhies, 206805, Ephraim Bates Richard Sherman Weigle Jr., 206132, Jacob Walker Matthew Thomas Wendling, 207107,

William Shields

Roger Neal Williams, 206564, Wimbeck Boney

Oklahoma (5)

Robert Bruce Allen, 206935, Frances Berry Thomas Douglas Cole, 207196, William McMurry Luke Wayne Gregory, 207197, Edward Phelps Louis Christopher Pappas, 207195, Achilles Foster Donald Leonard Wilson, 206567, Thomas Mellen

Oregon (4)

Nicholas James Burrell, 206687, George Schwartz Robie Willard Greene, 206685, Thomas Robins Erich Michael Hoque, 206686, John Goode Robert Craig Simpson, 206224, John Gile

Pennsylvania (67)

Scott Curtis Arcury, 207025, Jacob Werner Alexander William Aulenbacher, 206937, Jacob Neevling

Fredric Grant Bender, 207305, Henry Arnold Shane Graham Blaney, 207027, George Graham Samuel Jacob Blaney, 207026, George Graham Timothy Alan Blessing, 206810, Michael Blessinger Kyle David Christopher, 206142, John Mossholder David Kyle Christopher, 206141, John Mossholder Eric Steven Christopher, 206143, John Mossholder Joshua Lee Daniel, 206574, Henry Daniel Steven Ray Daniel, 206572, Henry Daniel Jeremy Ray Daniel, 206573, Henry Daniel Scott Lewis Eddleman, 206568, Thomas White John Kent Folmar Jr., 207306, Jacob Fulmer Ronald Adam Garner, 206453, Stephen Krumrine Walter Philip Goodboy, 207307, John Corbly Ronald LeRoy Graffius, 207199, Hugh McGuire Tyler George Graham, 206147, Henry Thiell Thomas Brian Hassett, 206225, James Crawford David August Heitzenroder, 207024,

Henry Yessler

James Raoul Hicks, 206690, Jacob Giles Hicks David R. Hunsicker Jr., 207201,

Johannes Hunsicker

Chatham James Hunt, 206334, George Lang

Duane Edward Kline, 206227, George Goss Kristofer Edward Kline, 206229, George Goss Max Justin Kline, 206228, George Goss Mark Paul Lichtenwalner, 206569, John Lichtenwalner

David Graham Lloyd, 206452, James Graham Finnian Earle Lynagh, 206450, William Scott Aloysius Peter Lynagh, 206449, William Scott Grayson Michael Lynagh, 206451, William Scott Declan Peter Lynagh, 206448, William Scott Samuel Martin Lynagh, 206446, William Scott Jason James Malicki, 206811, Daniel Shaffer Jason Patrick Niemczyk, 206146,

William Walsworth

Christopher James Niemczyk, 206145,

William Walsworth

Clark Austin Patterson, 206936, James Patterson Cornelius Peet Poillon, 206140,

Cornelius George Adriance

Bryan Derrick Porten-Willson, 206326,

Thomas Smyth Sr.

Neil David Raybould, 206144, Herman Husband Cameron Cifers Reed, 206333, George Lang Kyle Alexander Reed, 206332, George Lang John Chamberlain Reed V, 206331, George Lang Brice William Reed, 206330, George Lang Corbin Chao Reed, 206335, George Lang Ryan Scott Reed, 206329, George Lang Lochlan Lang Reed, 206337, George Lang John Chamberlain Reed IV, 206328, George Lang John Chamberlain Reed III, 206327, George Lang Carter Chao Reed, 206336, George Lang Duncan Patrick Roth, 206447, William Scott Maxwell Charles Rydquist, 206691, Asa Kingsbury Sr.

Anthony Dwight Satterthwaite, 207202, John Claypoole

Shawn Ray Shroyer, 207198, Jacob Miner Steven Daniel Sims, 206323, Pendleton Isbell William Everett Sims, 206324, Pendleton Isbell David Carroll Smith, 206812, Charles Smith Ronald A. Swartzlander, 206575,

Conrad Schwartzlander

Matthew Alexander Talton, 206570, Frederick Pershing

Aaron Russell Talton, 206571, Frederick Pershing Eli Jacob Lombardi Thomas, 206689, Jacob Thomas

Brian Michael Thomas, 206688, Jacob Thomas Matthew Neil Thompson, 207200, David Lawyer Edwin Joseph Toth, 206226, Philip Hefflefinger Benjamin Clark Williams, 206693, Conrad Beaver Christopher James Williams, 206692,

Conrad Beaver

Scott Thomas Willson, 206325, Thomas Smyth Sr.

South Carolina (16)

Ralph Walter Best, 206457, John Best Luke Warrick Blandford, 206463, Henry Gee John Dimitri Caldwell Ill, 206261, Henry Moore Kevin Neal Downs, 206464, Frederick Gray James William Gier, 206458, William Cornett Steven James Gier, 206459, William Cornett Michael Brett Gunter, 206461, David Vance William Emmitt Jones, 206460, Thomas Morris William Kent Jones, 206466, Moses Hendricks Henry Dargan McMaster, 206361,

Edward Barnwell

Michael Charles Rock, 206455, James Goodson Ernest Randolph Shives Ill, 206462,

Hugh Wallace

Foster Fritzgerald Smith, 206456, John Huggins

Frederick Edward Sojourner, 206454, Henry Hutto Bryce Saylor Tyson, 206362, William Sellen Tyson Philip Matthew Wingard, 206465, Theunis Dey

Tennessee (51)

William Wayne Adams Jr., 207028, Richard Donaldson Cooke Harry Richard Ballou, 207212, Eleazer Albee James Rightman Blanks, 206817, William Watford Austin Kenneth Bush, 206260, Josiah Morton Kenneth Brian Bush, 206259, Josiah Morton Shane Wesley Clark, 207030, Moses Sweeney Malcolm Clissold, 206232, Dan Holt Philip Kent Cohen, 206576, William Davenport Richard Brockman Cohen, 206577,

William Davenport Joshua Ivan Daniels, 207217, Ezekiel Hampton John Cohen Daniels, 207218, Ezekiel Hampton Lane Gideon Daniels, 207219, Ezekiel Hampton Joel O. Dean, 206578, Jacob Swander Ethan Ennis Eadens, 207210, Joseph Taylor John Thomas Fisher Jr., 206149, Frederick Fisher Peter James Griffin, 207035, Philip Benner Stephen James Heisler, 206579, Dennis Fielder John Everitt Housley, 207216, Robert Head Michael Travis Hurdle, 207037, Hardy Hurdle Charles Glenn Johnston, 206234, Joseph Johnston Labonn W. Lawson, 207034, David Spence Carl Rowden Llewellyn, 207213, Mary Bacon Adam Wyatt Mayo, 207215, John Teasley Matthew Fort Mayo, 207214, John Teasley James Harris McCraw, 206816, George Waller David Edward McMahon, 207036, John Berry Nathanael Yoshiyah Mead, 206581, William Mead George Steven Melton, 207308, John Collier Willie Roscoe Morrison Jr., 206813, John Cates William Roscoe Morrison Ill, 206814, John Cates Anthony James Glenn Morrow, 206815,

Edmund Matthews

William Lex Pettis Jr., 207029, John Dinkins Ammie D. Powers Jr., 206150, Levi Carter David Charles Rands, 207209, James Tucker G. Madison Roberts V, 207211,

Benjamin Carpenter

Eian Conner Russell, 207033, Levi Harrod Lyle Spencer Russell, 207032, Levi Harrod Gregory Edward Seneff Sr., 207038, Joseph Fields David Doyle Smith, 206230, Jehu Stockley William Bradley Southern, 206233, Andrew Baker Dexter Lee Sullivan, 206148,

George Martin Shofner
Ryan Michael Wall, 207206, Nathaniel Wilson
Matthew Ryan Wall, 207204, Nathaniel Wilson
Parker Jameson Wall, 207205, Nathaniel Wilson
William Andrew Wall, 207203, Nathaniel Wilson
William Hutton Wall, 207207, Nathaniel Wilson
Martin Bronson Wall, 207208, Nathaniel Wilson
Geoffrey T. Ward, 206151, Isaac Garrison
Brian Reed Westbrook, 206231,

Rowland Ledbetter John Shields Wilson V, 207031, James Roney William Lynn Witt, 206580, Caleb Witt

Texas (131)

Bo Alexander Abdmoulaie, 206705, Alexander Kirkpatrick Abraham Abdmoulaie, 206704, Alexander Kirkpatrick Samuel Abdmoulaie, 206703, Alexander Kirkpatrick Rodney Harold Ashford, 206473, John Hart Alfred James Baker, 207226, Joseph Cottle Brody Paul Baker, 206154, Joseph Brimer Brett Warren Baker, 206153, Joseph Brimer Bryce Kenneth Baker, 206152, Joseph Brimer Frank Wesley Baldwin, 207112, William Fox Cary Wayne Barnett, 206235, Charles Duncan Garold Robert Base, 206348,

Alexander Breckenridge
George Alan Benoit, 207233,
Juan De Plascencia/Plaisance
Darren Edward Blair, 206819,
Benjamin Arendell/Arnold
Harold Dean Blair, 206820,

Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Eric Byron Blair, 206818,

Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Jerry Paul Boswell, 206239, Alexander Burns Richard G. Bradley, 207225, Philip Skelly Peyton Ray Brimer, 206155, Joseph Brimer Allen Stevenson Brown Jr., 207115,

William Stevenson

Matthew Aaron Brown, 206710, Rees Shelby Jack Frederick Buel, 207125, Sisson Cole Michael John Butchko Jr., 206476, Moses Romans David Arthur Byrd, 206246, Robert Young Sr. Wilburn Wade Chaney, 206353, Jacob Winfree Jeffrey Alan Cheadle, 206355,

Asa Chedal/Cheadle Roger Edward Cobb, 206471, Aaron Miller Robert Boone Coleman, 207117, Michael Holt Frank Robertson Dawson lll, 206952,

Orin/Orion Day

Timothy Wayne Durrett, 206343, William Durrett Kevin Michael Foley Jr., 207229, Michael Holt Ryan Aden Galaviz, 206700, Joseph Humphrey Joshua Aden Galaviz, 206701, Joseph Humphrey Rodger Leon Garrison, 207121, Jedediah Garrison David Paul Garza, 206583, Harvey Meserve Libby Greg Allan Gilliland, 206949.

Jacques Benigne Fontenette Michael Glenn Goode Sr., 206345, Charles Hutchins

Jason Hunter Green, 206339, John Green Douglas Preston Groat, 207120,

John Philip Klinger

Rollo R. Gurss III, 207221, Samuel Beeler Rollo R. Gurss II, 207220, Samuel Beeler Shane William Gust, 207223, George Rothrock Donald Eugene Gust, 207222, George Rothrock John Bolling Hall, 206472, Mary Marshall Tabb Leo Charles Hantz III, 206346, Andrew Ensley Timothy Ted Hawkins, 206342, John Hawkins Craig Allen Hollingshead, 207041,

Thomas Hollingshead Charles Jacob Hudson, 206467, Elisha Sellers John Arthur Hunt, 206585, John Coffeen Jerrel D. Inman, 206941, Morgan Cryer Kenneth Leroy Irons Jr., 207109,

Koertenius/Koert Schenck Christopher Lee Janak Jr., 206943, Joseph Conner John Morgan Janak, 206944, Joseph Conner Christopher Lee Janak, 206942, Joseph Conner John Lee Jansma, 207122, John Dunlap Kenneth Blake Johnson, 206696, William Wilson Kenneth Dale Johnson, 206694, Joseph Hardin Spencer Marcus Johnson, 206586,

Juan Athanacio Vasquez Jason Lance Johnson, 206695, Joseph Hardin Charles Fleming Jones, 206711, Charles Jones Luis Rudolph Juarez, 206475, James Dillard Paul Franklin Kaelin, 206351, Elisha Bradley Trace Christopher Kaelin, 207110, Joseph Crane Ernest Lee Kerr Ill, 206955, Robert Kerr David Alan Kinsey, 206468, Henry Kinsey Preston David Kinsey, 206469, Henry Kinsey Justin Noel Long, 207224, Thomas Atchley David Reginald Maedgen, 206946,

Michael Luther

Clarence Alvin Maedgen lll, 206945, Michael Luther

Nicholas Kenneth Mandich, 206341, Josiah Barnes Sonny Slade Mann, 207040,

Nathan Slawson/Slauson

Troy Lynn Marler, 206584, James Marler Jeffery Charles Marrs, 207235, Lawrence Swope Clarence Harold Matchett, 206243,

Edward Matchett

Bruce Alan Matchett, 206242, William Sly Kenneth Wayne McAnear, 206708, John Gorin William Thomas McBarnet, 206939, Daniel Tuttle Edward Benjamin McBarnet, 206354, Daniel Tuttle

Patrick Robert McCloskey, 206349, John Hamilton

Parker Philip McDivit, 206951, Noah Langdon Morris Cabell McKee, 207232,

Benjamin Allen Wash Jimmy Lance Metteauer, 206582, Moses Granberry Omer Carl Moats, 207113, Lorentz Beck Derrell Wayne Monday, 207114, Jesse Law Joseph Zachary Morrow, 206241, Stephen Peabody Mark Muntzel Jr., 206474, Charles Burton William Arie Muske, 206956, William Avery Mark Allyn Ols, 207119, John Fish Timothy Allyn Ols, 207118, John Fish David Adam Pembleton, 206699, James Wells Christopher Noel Petty, 206244, Tignal Jones Sr. James Mack Pharr Jr., 206950, Edward Pharr Daryl Anthony Pickett, 207111, Richard Head Bob Rondal Plunkett, 206344, Joseph Lemasters Truman Orville Powell, 206352, Joseph Norman David Alan Rankin, 206238, Thomas Wedding Jr. Rolland Clinton Reynolds Jr., 206954,

Elias Hasbrouck Cody Bryan Richardson, 206702, Thomas Jeffery Larry Albert Rickert, 207230,

Mathew Kuykendall

John Howard Rose, 206347, William Whitley Walter Thomas Russell Jr., 207231,

Absalom Hastin

Brian Gregory Scott, 206953, Martin Martin Blake Austin Shaeffer, 206947, James Roquemore William Henry Sherwood, 206245,

James Winchester Forrest S. Shields, 206236, John Gibbs Con Leroy Shuck, 207116, Philip Shuck Robert Christian Slaughter, 207227, Samuel Pruitt

Eric Gregory Sorenson, 206948, Jacob Miliron Gary Tod Spargo, 206470, Leonard Hise Charles Colhoun Stewart, 206340, Walker Baylor William Robinson Swope, 207234,

Lawrence Swope

Robert Frank Talley, 207042, John Cook Thomas Anthony Taroni, 206938,

Benjamin Hughes

James (Jim) Evan Thompson, 207228, George Adam Coiner/Koiner

Drake Michael Trujillo, 206697, Thomas Jeffery Oren Kirk Upton, 206940, Peter Sperry David Eric Villasenor, 206698, Samuel Phipps Fletcher Eugene Walker Jr., 207039,

Jeremiah Walker

Gary Wendell Ware, 206237, John Ware Sr.

Heath Andrew Watte, 206821, Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Joshua Alyn Watte, 206823, Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Nolan Adam Watte, 206824, Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Samuel Jacob Watte, 206822, Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Seth Thomas Watte, 206825, Benjamin Arendell/Arnold Dale Eugene Weaver, 206350, Benjamin Crow Sands Smith Weems III, 206338, Nathaniel Powell Thomas Eugene Wenzel, 207124, John Manning Paul Eugene Wenzel, 207123, John Manning Thomas Mark Wiggins, 206709, Groves Howard Reid Langham Williams, 206706, Job Spalding Michael Langham Williams, 206707, Job Spalding Rodney Wayne Young, 206240, John Young

Utah (4)

Matthew Ryan Marchant, 206588, John Miser Steven William Marquardt, 206587, Thomas Carr Paul David Nichols, 207127, John Ewing Dennis Jay Smith, 207126, Nathan Lamme

Vermont (14)

Brooks Henry Arcovitch, 206961, Richard Bratcher Mikel Ryan Arcovitch, 206957, Richard Bratcher Joseph Henry Arcovitch Jr., 206958,

Richard Bratcher

Mason Mikel Arcovitch, 206960, Richard Bratcher Walker Ashe Arcovitch, 206962, Richard Bratcher Joseph Henry Arcovitch Ill, 206959,

Richard Bratcher

Floyd James Ellis, 206963, Joshua Ellis Kenneth Herbert Fritjofson Jr., 206826, Josiah Goldsmith

William Walker Holderby, 207236,

Thomas Hudnall

Daniel Roy Martin, 206247, Comfort Chaffee Herbert Leon Miles Jr., 206158, William Miles Harrison Reynolds Picard, 207128,

Grindall Reynolds

Robert Allen Prong, 206156, Timothy Kellogg Robert William Prong, 206157, Timothy Kellogg

Virginia (59)

Clarence Coolidge Allen Jr., 206712, Valentine Huffman/Hoffman Richard Grant Ashby, 206251, John Ashby Jonathan Andrew Benya, 206356, Garrett Dungan Thomas Arthur Benya, 206357, Garrett Dungan Paul August Christensen, 207045, Peter Van Sickle Trevor Michael Cook, 206161, Ephraim Wemple Joshua Taylor Cook, 206162, Ephraim Wemple Michael David Cook, 206160, Ephraim Wemple Nicholas Eric Perroud Dunlap, 206715,

Joshua Dunlap

Eric Earl Dunlap, 206714, Joshua Dunlap Larry Burton French, 206258, Matthew French Thomas Alfred Gibson, 206164,

Daniel Hartwell

Anthony Stuart Grayson, 207047, John Grayson Nathan L. Gwaltney, 206256, Simon C. Groot Nathan D. Gwaltney, 206257, Simon C. Groot William Gregory Harris, 207130, Isaac Waters William Ransom Harris, 207131, Isaac Waters John Cameron Hollister, 206965,

Gideon Hollister

Douglass C. Horstman, 206829, Ebenezer Wright Jeffrey Robert Johnson, 206827, Moses Johnson Michael Eugene Johnson, 206828, Moses Johnson Stephen Hume Kelley, 206255, Zaccheus Hatch Dustin Lee Kelly, 206835, Cornelius Pease John Gilbert Koedel III, 207132, Lawrence Gross Foster Kramer Koedel, 207133, Lawrence Gross Taylor Lee Koedel, 207134, Lawrence Gross Gary Alan Lackey, 207048, William Turner Andrew Benjamin Laing, 206838,

Cornelius Pease Illiam Vincent Laino

William Vincent Laing, 206839, Cornelius Pease Andrew William Larsen, 206832, Cornelius Pease Matthew Daniel Larsen, 206833, Cornelius Pease Marc Owen Meadows, 207044, John Kincaid Daniel Kevin Michael, 207046, Peter Michael Aldred Nelson Neer, 206964, John Cunard Keith David Price, 207129, Adam Cooper Curtis Watson Robb, 206250, Daniel Dodge Gary Harlan Roseman Jr., 206248,

Martin Huffman Alexander Harlan Roseman, 206249,

Martin Huffman Michael Anthony Saxon Jr., 206591, Beniamin Carpenter

Benjamin Carpenter Adam Matthew Schiffman, 206252,

Nathaniel Mothershead Michael Hamilton Schoelwer, 206477, John Carpenter

Michael James Seibert, 206254, Jacob Stever

Theodore Daniel Studwell, 206966, Anthony Studwell

Mark Edward Thompson, 206713, David O'Roark

Brett Donald Thompson, 207238, Richard Marshall

Donald Lee Thompson, 207043, David O'Roark William Parker Vance, 206716,

Valentine Huffman/Hoffman

Robert Cory Vicars, 206592, Robert Vicars Edward Dishman Wagner, 206589,

Andrew Dennison

Edward William Wagner, 206590, Andrew Dennison

Kenneth Lee Webb, 206830, John Pulsipher Maury Allen Weeks Jr., 206159, Presley Dollins Benjamin Franklin Wiggs III, 206253,

George Ashby

Richard Glymph Wilcox, 207237, Martin Kennard Frank Walpole Wright, 206163, John Young William Curtis Yetman, 206837, Cornelius Pease William Raymond Yetman, 206831,

Cornelius Pease

Robert Wallace Yetman, 206836, Cornelius Pease Marvin Abijah Yetman, 206834, Cornelius Pease

Washington (30)

Jamie Edwin Bariekman, 206720,

Peter Barrickman

William Barnsdale Jr., 206478, Rufus Bassett James York Barrett, 206730, Isaac Barrett James Edward Barrett, 206729, Isaac Barrett Jack Martin Baskin, 206722, Benjamin Brown Jonathan Henry Blind, 206969, Isaac Butterfield Paul Daniel Bolton, 207243, Thomas Simonton Jerry Michael Bordelon, 206717, Antoine Bordelon Zachary Dean Bordelon, 206719,

Antoine Bordelon

Jean Paul Bordelon, 206718, Antoine Bordelon Reid J. Follansbee, 206358, Jesse Partridge Terry Dee Gobel, 206970, Matthias Goble Robert Eugene Korn Jr., 206728, Zebulon Cooper John Eric Kraft, 206840, Ephraim Terry Brian Joseph Langley, 206721, John Connelly Darron Elwood Nelson, 206841, Jacob Balch Edward James O'Neal, 206724, Peter O'Neal Steven Carl Quay, 207135, Henry Shipley William Harold Roof, 206480, Thomas Beerop Grayson Pierce Wade, 206727, James Head John Christopher Wade, 206725, James Head Reese Kai Wade, 206726, James Head Hugh Archie Walter Jr., 206967, Paul Walter Liam Seamus Walter, 206968, Paul Walter Paul Gregory Webster, 207242, John Webster Jeffrey Mark Wells, 207241, James Cordill Erik Matthew Wells, 207240, James Cordill James Ricky Wells, 207239, James Cordill John Gerald Whelton, 206479, John Parks James Anthony Young, 206723, Roswell Holmes

West Virginia (28)

Isaiah Brooks Allen, 207250, Samuel McWilliams Jeremiah Matthew Allen, 207251, Samuel McWilliams

Delbert R. Bailey Sr., 207244, John Cook William Paul Ballengee, 206484, Thomas Gadd Scott Anthony Burchett, 206844,

Burwell Burchett

Jerryd LaBron Clyburn, 206971, Augustine Comer Alan Wayne Comer, 207248, Augustine Comer Russell Lee Compton, 206731, Abraham Compton Mark R. DeLaneo, 207249, John Morehead Danny Edmunds, 206483, Isaac Nickell Robert Lohr Fisher, 206359, Jeremiah Willison John Thomas Hoffman, 206169, Patrick Board Cole Addison Theodore Hungate, 206733, William Hart

George E. Hunter, 206166, Matthew Farley Andrew Ellsworth Landis Jr., MD, 206842, John Powell

Henry Robert Leon, 207252, James Archer Richard Douglas McClure, 207245, Henry Hulse Sr.

Scott Everette McClure, 207246, Henry Hulse Sr. Daniel W. Moye, 206843, William Brooks Zachariah Taylor Phillips Ill, 206845, Samuel Ferguson

Wendell Logan Salyer, 206732, James Maynard Truman Lynch Sayre, 207049, David Sayre James Andrew Schmitt, 206481, Matthew Maddox Daniel Matthew Schmitt, 206482,

Matthew Maddox

Eli Ben Shleser, 206846, Zacquill Morgan Jonathan William Truax, 207247, John James Beckley

Dale Clinton Waters, 206485, Cornelius Atkinson Richard Charles Whitman, 206165, Joseph McMillion

Wisconsin (9)

Charles Raymond Claybaugh, 206167,
Benjamin Dungan
John James Elliott, 206594, John Abrams
Michael Rogers Harriage, 206486,
Thomas Hackett
C. Kenneth Israel, 206593, Andrew Holman
James Arthur Phelps, 206360, Paul Phelps
Billy Robert Rathsack, 206734, Mosby Childers
David Allen Rollins, 206972, Ichabod Rollins
Brandon Noel Stayner, 207253, Roger Stayner

James William Terman, 206735, Andrew Carnine

Wyoming (4)

Scott Jay Daily, 206487, Michael Hassler Toby Augustus Stanley, 206490, William Tidball Christopher Agustus Stanley, 206488, William Tidball

Tony Knox Stanley, 206489, William Tidball

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All Compatriots are invited to attend the functions listed below. Your state society or chapter may be included in four consecutive issues at \$6 per line (45 characters). Send copy and payment to The SAR Magazine, 809 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202; checks payable to Treasurer General, NSSAR.

ARIZONA

- ☆ Barry M. Goldwater Chapter of north Phoenix & Scottsdale meets every third Thursday beginning 6:30 p.m. at Deer Valley Airport Restaurant, Phoenix, Sept.-Nov. and Jan.-May. Contact: Robert Rearley, gramps4osu@cox.net.
- ☆ Palo Verde Chapter meets for breakfast in Mesa at 8:30, second Saturday except June-Aug. SARs, friends and family welcome. Call Art, (480) 966-9837.
- ☆ Prescott Chapter meets monthly for lunch, except July and August, at the Plaza Bonita Mexican Restaurant in Prescott on the third Saturday of the month at noon. A special luncheon with DAR is in October; business meeting is the 1st Saturday in December. Contact: waynekhood@gmail.com.
- ☆ Saguaro Chapter, 8:30 breakfast meeting at Golden Corral Restaurant, Surprise, fourth Saturday, Oct.-May. Call (623) 975-4805 for more information.
- ☆ Tucson Chapter, serving Tucson and southern Arizona. Meets last Sat. of month, Sept.-May. Visitors welcome. Contact John Bird at johnfbird@tds.net.

FLORID

- ☆ Caloosa Chapter, Fort Myers. Generally meets second Wednesday, Oct.-May at Marina at Edison Ford Pinchers for lunch, 11:30 a.m. For details, call (239) 542-0068, see www.caloosasar.org or email president@caloosasar.org.
- ☆ Clearwater Chapter, North Pinellas and West Pasco. Meets at noon on the third Wednesday, Sept.-May, at Dunedin Golf Club, 1050 Palm Blvd., Dunedin, FL. Call Dan Hooper, (727) 744-4996.
- ☆ Flagler Chapter, call (386) 447-0350 or visit www.flssar.org/flssar/flaglersar.
- ☆ Fort Lauderdale Chapter, 11:30 a.m. lunch, third Saturday except June-Aug. Guests welcome. Call (954) 441-8735.
- ☆ Jacksonville Chapter meets at the San Jose
 Country Club, third Thursday, Sept.-May. Dinner in
 Sept. and May; lunch for all others. Contact Scott
 Breckenridge, (904) 226-9420 or sbreck61@gmail.com.
- ☆ Lake-Sumter Chapter, luncheon meeting, 11 a.m., first Saturday, Oct.-June. Call (352) 589-5565.
- ☆ Miami Chapter, luncheon meetings at noon the 3rd Friday, South/Coral Gables Elks Lodge, 6304 S.W. 78th Street, South Miami. Special observances on Washington's birthday, 4th of July and Constitution Week. Visiting SARs and spouses welcome. Call Douglas H. Bridges, (305) 248-8996 or dougbridges@bellsouth.net.
- ☆ Naples Chapter meets at 11:30 the second Thursday Oct.-May at the Tiburon Golf Club, Airport-Pulling Road and Vanderbilt Beach Road. Guests and prospective members welcome. Call Tom Woodruff (239) 732-0602 or visit www.NaplesSAR.org.
- ☆ Saramana Chapter (Sarasota), 11:30 a.m. lunch meeting, second Friday, Oct.-May, except fourth Saturday in Feb. Visitors welcome, contact Ted at (941) 485-4481 or Ted1538@aol.com.
- ☆ Saint Augustine Chapter, lunch meeting, 11 a.m., third Saturday, Sept.-May. Call (904) 347-8293 or (904) 829-5268.
- ☆ St. Lucie River Chapter, 11:30 a.m. lunch, second Saturday, Oct.-May, Manero's Restaurant, 2851 S.W. High Meadows Ave., Palm City. Call (772) 336-0926.

GEORGIA

- ☆ Atlanta Chapter, noon, second Thursday at Petite Auberge Restaurant, 2935 N. Druid Hills Road (Jan., March-June, Sept.-Dec.), temanning@aol.com.
- ☆ Blue Ridge Mountains Chapter, Blairsville, Ga., meets at 5:30 p.m. third Tuesday of Jan., March, May, Sept. and Nov. at Brother's Restaurant, Young Harris, GA., cookd@asme.org
- ☆ Cherokee Chapter, Canton, meets every even month on the second Tuesday at the Rock Barn, 638 Marietta Hwy. Visit www.cherokeechapter.com.
- ☆ Capt. John Collins Chapter, Marietta, meets the third Tuesday of each month at the Cherokee Cattle Company, 2710 Canton Road. Dinner 6 p.m., meeting 7 p.m. Earl Cagle, (770) 579-2748, ecagle1@bellsouth.net.
- ☆ Piedmont Chapter, 8 a.m. breakfast meeting on the third Saturday at the Roswell Adult Recreation Center, 830 Grimes Bridge Road, Roswell. Call Bob Sapp, (770) 971-0189 or visit www.PiedmontChapter.org.

ILLINOIS

- ☆ Captain Zeally Moss Chapter of Peoria meets every fourth Wednesday evening, March-October, various locations. See website for details, www.captainzeallymoss.org.
- ☆ Chicago Fort Dearborn Chapter, luncheon meetings at noon, Union League Club, third Thursday, Jan., March, May, July, Sept. and Nov. Call (847) 943-7878.

KANSAS

☆ Col. John Seward Chapter, dinner meeting 6:30 p.m., third Tuesday Jan.-Nov., Liberal Inn, 603 East Pancake (US Hwy. 54), Liberal, Kan. Visitors welcome. Contact: rinehart.raydee@gmail.com or (620) 629-1699.

KENTUCKY

☆ Capt. John Metcalfe Chapter, dinner meeting at 6 p.m., first Thursday in March, June, Sept. and Nov., Country Cupboard, McCoy Ave., Madisonville.

NEBRASKA

☆ Omaha Chapter meets the second Tuesday of the month at 6 p.m. at Gorats Steak House, 4917 Center Street, Omaha. Guests and family members welcome. Contact the chapter secretary at tup44j@gmail.com.

NEW JERSEY

☆ Col. Richard Somers Chapter meets the second Thursday of every month at 6:30 p.m. at Fred & Ethel's on Route 9 in Historic Smithville, N.J., only 10 miles outside of Atlantic City. Cash bar, \$15-25 dinners, plus a good speaker or superb prerecorded lecture about the American Revolution. Call Norm Goos for more information, (609) 652-2238, or email at normangoos@comcast.net.

OHIC

- ☆ Marietta Chapter, luncheon meeting at noon the second Wednesay of Jan., Mar., May, July, Sept., Nov. at The Lafayette, 101 Front St., Marietta, OH 45750. For information, visit www.mariettasar.com or email sfrash_51@hotmail.com.
- ☆ The Western Reserve Society (Cleveland) welcomes all SAR members and their guests to all our functions, including luncheon and evening events throughout the year. Consult www.wrssar.org of www.facebook.com/wrssar for event information.

PENNSYLVANIA

- ☆ Erie Chapter, luncheon meetings at noon the third Saturday of Jan., March, May, July, Sept. and Nov. Youth Award Book Night, first Wednesday, 6 p.m. Dec. at Erie Maennerchor Club—SAR members and guests welcome. Contact Raynold L. Prusia Sr., (814) 807-1022 or prusia@reagan.com.
- ☆ Gen. Arthur St. Clair Chapter meets every third Saturday at 12:00, Hoss's Restaurant, Greensburg. For information, call (724) 527-5917.
- ☆ Philadelphia Continental Chapter, meetings, luncheons, dinners and functions monthly except July and August. Francis A. O'Donnell, 25 Fox Chase Circle, Newtown Square, PA, odonnell.frank9@gmail.com, www.passar.org/pcc.

TEXAS

- ☆ Arlington Chapter meets the second Saturday of each month at 8:30 a.m. at Southern Recipes Grill, 2715 N. Collins St., Arlington. All are welcome. Our website is www.txssar.org/arlington.
- ☆ Bernardo de Galvez Chapter #1 meets the third Saturday of each month at noon at Landry's Seafood Restaurant in Galveston. See our website, bdgsar.org.
- ☆ Bluebonnet Chapter meets at 11 a.m. at Marble Falls Library, 101 Main St., Marble Falls, TX, the second Tuesday, Jan.-May and Sept.-Nov. All are welcome. Contact Chapter President Charlie Bush, bushcharles7920@yahoo.com.
- ☆ Dallas Chapter meets the second Saturday of each month at 7:30 a.m. in the Main Dining Room at Presbyterian Village North Retirement Community, 8600 Skyline Dr., Dallas, 75243. Our website is www.SarDallas.org.
- ☆ East Fork-Trinity Chapter meets 6 p.m., second Thursday each month, 4881 Bass Pro Dr., Garland. Guests & family welcome. www.txssar.org/ EastForkTrinity/
- ☆ Plano Chapter meets monthly, first Tuesday at 6:45 p.m. at Outback Steakhouse, 1509 N. Central Expressway (northwest corner of 15th Street and State Hwy. 75, Plano, TX. Visit www.planosar.org or call (972) 608-0082.

VIRGINIA

- ☆ George Washington Chapter meets at 11:30 a.m. on the second Saturday of every month (except June-August) at the Belle Haven Country Club, Alexandria. Lunch is \$35. Details and future speakers can be found at www.gwsar.org or by emailing Dave Thomas, drthomas2@comcast.net.
- ☆ Williamsburg Chapter meets 11:30 a.m. on second Saturday of every month (except Dec.) at Colonial Heritage Country Club off Richmond Road in Williamsburg. Lunch is \$20 and purchased one week in advance. For more information, visit www.williamsburg.virginia-sar.org or email Jack Lee, valee@widowmaker.com.

WASHINGTON

- ☆ Cascade Centennial Chapter, breakfast meeting at 9 a.m., first Saturday, Oct.-June, Red Lion Inn, 11211 Main Street, Bellevue, craig@washingtongoldexchange.com.
- ☆ John Paul Jones Chapter breakfast meeting is at 9 a.m., fourth Saturday except July, Aug. and Dec. at Ambrosia Catering, 4954 State Hwy 303, East Bremerton. Compatriots, friends and visitors welcome. Email Doug at spccnelson@hotmail.com.

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